



**LABLINK** 

**MEDICAL LABORATORY** 

#### **EDITORIAL COMMITTEE**

#### **Advisors**

Dr. Muhammad Nazri Aziz

Dr. Norris Naim

Dr. Herni Talib

Dr. Roslina Suboh

Assoc Prof. Dr. Aletza Mohd Ismail

Person In Charge (Consultant Medical Microbiologist),

Lablink Medical Laboratory

Consultant Blood Transfusion Specialist cum Haematologist, Lablink Medical Laboratory Consultant Histopathologist, Lablink Medical

Laboratory

Consultant Histopathologist, Lablink Medical

Laboratory

Consultant Chemical Pathologist, Lablink Medical

Laboratory

#### **Members**

Cik Nur Jannah Lim Bee Eng Cik Kamna Khorana Ashok Kumar Pn. Nur Amalina Mohd Zaman

Cik Siti Fauziah Mohamed

Pn. Sreeambal Ramankutty

Pn. Norsyuhaini Sharin

Cik Nabila Ibrahim

Cik Revathy Muthusamy

Pn. Nurul Najwa Abdul Mokti

Cik Sarah Ailis Ahmad Rashdi

Pn. Rabiatul Adawiyah Zulkipli

Deputy General Manager, Lablink Central

Head of Reference Business Centre, Lablink Central

Head of Laboratory (Integrated Diagnostics),

Lablink Central

Head of Laboratory (Histopathology & Cytopathology),

Lablink Central

Head of Laboratory (Microbiology & Molecular),

Lablink Central

Senior Clinical Laboratory Scientist (Haematology),

Lablink Central

Senior Clinical Laboratory Scientist (Molecular

Diagnostics), Lablink Central

Clinical Laboratory Scientist (Cytopathology),

Lablink Central

Clinical Laboratory Scientist (Biochemistry),

Lablink Central

Senior Clinical Laboratory Scientist (Serology &

Immunology), Lablink Central Quality Executive, Lablink Central

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Lablink Medical Laboratory (Lablink (M) Sdn. Bhd.) 14(129) Jalan Pahang Barat,

Off Jalan Pahang, 53000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Phone: +603-4023 4588 Fax: +603-4023 4298

Email: <a href="mailto:enquiry@kpjlablink.com">enquiry@kpjlablink.com</a>
Website: <a href="mailto:http://www.kpjlablink.com">http://www.kpjlablink.com</a>

Approved by:

Dr. Muhammad Nazri Aziz Person in Charge

Date: 19th February 2024

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# **CORPORATE PROFILE**



# **Lablink Medical Laboratory**

Established in 1989, Lablink Medical Laboratory is the largest network of private hospital laboratories in Malaysia. In 1991, Lablink became a subsidiary of KPJ Healthcare Berhad (KPJHB) and started to manage all the hospital laboratories within the KPJHB Group since 1999. Lablink manages laboratories under KPJ's hospitals, some private hospitals, apart from its Heardquarters in Kuala Lumpur, and attends request from general practitioners' clinics and medical centres/ laboratories from private and government across Malaysia.

Lablink core concern is always about providing accurate and time efficient laboratory results to the clinicians, patients and customers in line with our slogan "Lab Tests Save Lives". With the value propostion of improving our patients' lives with reliable laboratory services by offering the right tests, for the right patient, at the right time, and delivering timely and accurate results which make positive impact on patients' lives, Lablink is committed to achieve it goals directed by its vision, mission, and quality policy.

At Lablink, the clinical, technical and administrative sections work closely as a team in pursuing and meeting quality standards in laboratory practice by taking into consideration of the organization context, the interest of our stakeholders and other relevant interested parties.

# **VISION**

"The trusted diagnostic lab in the reagion"

# **MISSION**

"Improving lives with Quality lab services"

# **CORE VALUES**

Ensuring SAFETY

Delivering service with COURTESY

Performing duties with INTEGRITY

Exercising PROFESSIONALISM

Striving for CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

# TAG LINE

Lab tests saves lives

# **CONSULTANT PATHOLOGISTS**



### Dr. Muhammad Nazri Bin Aziz

Person In-Charge / Consultant Medical Microbiologist M.D. (USM), MPath Medical Microbiology (UKM) NSR No.: 129390



## Dr. Norris Naim

Consultant Blood Transfusion Specialist cum Haematologist MBBCh (University of Wales, UK), MPath (Haematology), UKM Specialty: Hematopathology, **Transfusion Medicine** 

NSR No.: 130291



#### Dr. Herni Talib

Consultant Histopathologist MBBS, MPath University of Malaya Specialty: Histopathology

NSR No.: 130853



#### Dr. Roslina Suboh

Consultant Histopathologist M.D UKM, MPath UKM Specialty: Histopathology

NSR No.: 134343



### Dr. Norfadzilah Bt Mohd Yusof

Consultant Histopathologist MB, Bch (Univ. Ainshams), M.Path (UM) NSR No.: 135410



## Dr. Chau Yann Tyng

Consultant Histopathologist MPath (UM), FRCPath (UK) Specialty: General Pathology

NSR No.: 139805



# Assoc. Prof. Dr. Aletza Mohd Ismail

Consultant Chemical Pathologist MB BCh BAO (Belfast), MPath (UM) Specialty: Chemical Pathology

NSR No.: 132789

# INTRODUCTION

Lablink Medical Laboratory is one of the Clinical Support Services in the KPJ Group of hospitals. It provides medical laboratory diagnostic and consultation services to the KPJ Group of hospital and external healthcare facilities. The diagnostic services comprised of several disciplines in diagnostic pathology, concerned with the testing of biological samples obtained from patients.

This handbook is designed to be a comprehensive guideline on the requirement for laboratory services for medical practitioners and healthcare providers for the utilization of the laboratory services.

This handbook also provides special instructions about patient preparation before specimen collection, including the type or number of specimens that are needed to be sent to the laboratory. Guideline on the proper collection, packaging and transportation of specimens for testing are also included.

### **QUALITY POLICY**

Lablink (M) Sdn Bhd is dedicated to making a positive impact in our patients' lives through the delivery of reliable laboratory services. In the pursuit of our vision and mission, Lablink is committed to:

- Deliver comprehensive, reliable, top-tier medical laboratory tests, ensuring precise, accurate, and timely results tailored to meet and exceed our customers' needs and expectations.
- Emphasise ethical conduct by assuring confidentiality of sensitive information, effectively managing conflicts of interest, and maintaining a steadfast commitment to impartiality in all our professional activities.
- Establish, implement, and maintain an effective management system that aligns with the requirements of both *MS ISO 9001:2015* and *MS ISO 15189:2022 standards*.
- Ensure staff well-being and satisfaction, and foster a culture of continuous learning through the enhancement of staff's knowledge, skills, competencies, and career development.

# LOCATION, SCOPE OF SERVICES & OPERATION HOURS

# **Lablink Central (Headquarters)**

### Location:

Bangunan Lablink, 14(129) Jalan Pahang Barat, Off Jalan Pahang, 53000 Kuala Lumpur. Tel: 03 4023 4588 / 03 4023 3588 Fax: 03 4023 4298

## **Operation Hours:**

Monday – Friday 8.30 AM – 5.00 PM ( Lablink Care Centre starts at 8.00 am)

Saturday 8.30 AM – 12.30 PM ( Lablink Care Centre starts at 8.00 am)

> Sunday and Public Holidays Close

## **Contact Numbers:**

03-40234588, 03-40210791, 03-40210752, 03-40210751, 03-40210780, 03-40210820, 03-40233588, 03-40238892

Laboratory/Unit	Scope of Services	
Lablink Care Centre	Attending walk in customer for laboratory investigation. Consultation on laboratory investigation and laboratory results. Perform sample collection( venesection and other sample collection).	
Reference Business Centre (RBC)	Specimen reception, registration and distribution. Collection and dispatch of specimen. Collection and dispatch of laboratory reports Referral of tests	
Integrated Diagnostic Lab (IDL)	Chemistry Pathology  General chemistry for blood, urine and body fluids Tumor markers Hormones Quantitative immunology testing Special proteins/specific proteins Drugs of abuse testing Hematology a) Routine Hematology: Full blood count and differential count Peripheral blood film examination Reticulocyte count Erythrocyte sedimentation rate	

	b) Specialized Hematology:
	Full blood picture with clinical interpretation
	Haemoglobin analysis
	Bone marrow examination
	Flow cytometric examination
	Medical Microbiology
	TB Quantiferon Test
	Blood Film Malaria Parasites
	Detection of Viral Antigens
	Serological Testing
	Immunology Testing
	- Immunoglobulin assays
	- Specific Immunoglobulins assays
	- Complement assays
	- Autoantibodies assays
Microbiology Lab	Medical Microbiology:
	a) Bacteriology ( Culture & Sensitivity Testing)
	b) Mycobacteriology ( Culture & Sensitivity Testing, PCR testing )
	c) Mycology ( Culture & Sensitivity Testing )
	d) Parasitology ( Detection and Identification of parasites)
Molecular	Nucleic acid detection for :
Diagnostic Lab	Respiratory infections
(MDL)	Central Nervous System infections
,	Gastrointestinal Infections
	Hepatitis & HIV-1 Infections
	Sexually Transmitted Infections
	Tropical & Emerging Disease Infections
	Thopical & Emerging bisease infections     Thalassemia
	Malassenia
Cytopathology Lab	a) Gynaecology cytology
""	b) Non-gynaecology cytology
	c) Fine Needle aspiration
Histopathology Lab	a) Surgical histopathology – processing and reporting
	b) Frozen section – reporting
	c) Immunohistochemistry stains
	d) Histochemical stains

The list of tests and the turnaround time for tests offered by each of the laboratory is outlined in TEST CATALOGUE & REQUIREMENTS section.

## LAB DIRECTORY

SERVICES/LABORATORY/UNIT	POSITION	CONTACT NUMBER/EXT NUMBER
		03-40234588, 03-40210791,
Operator / Customer Service		03-40210752, 03-40210751,
		03-40210780, 03-40210820,
		03-40233588, 03-40238892
Lablink Care Centre ( Walk in )	Medical Officer	Ext 1024
	Staff	Ext 1031/1034/1030
Sample Collection	Dispatch Supervisor	Ext 3015
Reference Business Centre	Head of RBC	Ext 3020
	Staff	Ext 3016/3017
Integrated Diagnostic Lab	Chemical Pathologist/	
(Biochemistry, Immunology,	Immunologist	Ext 3021
Autoimmune Hematology)	Hematologist	Ext 3000
	Head of Lab	Ext 3021
	Hematology Staff	Ext 3010
	Chemical pathology/Serology/	
	Immunology Staff	Ext 3008/3009
Microbiology Lab	Clinical Microbiologist	Ext 2002
	Head of Lab	Ext 5002
	Staff	Ext 5006/5008
Molecular Diagnostic Lab	Clinical Microbiologist	Ext 2002
	Head of Lab	Ext 5002
	Staff	Ext 1010
Histopathology Lab	Pathologist (Head)	Ext 4011
	Head of Lab	Ext 4555
	Staff	Ext 4005/4006/4009
Cytopathology Lab	Pathologist (Head)	Ext 4001
-	Head of Lab	Ext 4555
	Staff	Ext 4004/4008

## **TEST ORDERING**

# **GPs/ Non KPJ customers**

Test can be requested using Lablink Test Request form as listed below:

- Intergrated Diagnostic (IDL) Request Form
- Microbiology Request Form
- Molecular Request Form
- Covid-19 Test Request Form
- Histopathology Request Form
- Frozen Section Request Form
- Cytology Request Form
- Quantiferon TB Gold Request Form
- Prenatal Risk Screen Form
- Immunology Request Form
- Allergy Test Request Form
- Steatotest@Liverfast Form

 Serum Protein Electrophoresis Request Form (Refer to Appendix 1)

The laboratory request forms shall be completed with the following information:

- ✓ Patient's identification information (Full name, Identity card or passport number, hospital / clinic registration number, age and gender)
- ✓ Relevant clinical history and diagnosis
- ✓ Drug history, where relevant
- ✓ Hospital or clinic official rubber stamp
- ✓ Name of test requested
- ✓ Type of specimen and anatomic site of origin, where appropriate
- ✓ Date of specimen collected, time of collection where appropriate
- √ Name of person collecting the specimen
- ✓ Doctor's signature and stamp

Incomplete form filling may delay the specimen processing and affect the turnaround time of the final report.

### **Walk in Customers**

Walk in customers may request for a test at our counter referring to the test catalogue in consultation by the Medical Officer. Customer may also bring a referral letter from their doctor for test to be performed at Lablink. The counter staff will assist in registration of patient information and test requested.

### **CONSUMABLES ORDERING**

Consumables items such as blood collection tubes, TB Quantiferon tubes, urine containers, laboratory request forms, specimen bag (Kangaroo bag), slide holders and other can be obtained by filling up the "Consumable request form" provided by Lablink. The form can be emailed to lablink.reports@gmail.com or hand over to the dispatch during sample collection.

### **URGENT TEST REQUEST**

### **GPs/ Non KPJ customers**

Request with appropriate justification will be accepted as "Urgent Test Request". Please contact 03-40234588 / 03-4027 2852 / 03-4027 2800, ext. 3016 / 3017 (sample collection)

#### Walk in Customers

For "Urgent Test Request" kindly inform the counter staff (LCC) so that the form can be stamped as URGENT and they can update the respective laboratory.

### REFERRED TEST

Where test cannot be performed or not available in house, it will be referred out to various referral laboratories from government and private sectors. The laboratories are selected based on criterias to ensure quality and reliability of results. Reference Business Centre will managed and handled the referral tests for Lablink.

## **RESULTS REPORTING AND TRACING**

### Result Reporting

i. KPJ Hospital Laboratories

All test results can be viewed and retrieved via the Laboratory Information System (WINLIS) of each respective laboratory. Referral test reports will be uploaded into the LIS as well.

ii. GP Clinics/Non- KPJ Hospital Labs/Walk in customer.

Results/reports will be emailed to the authorized receiver. Hard copy reports only will be provided upon request and will be sent by post or dispatch.

Referral test reports will also be provided in the same manner as above.

### **Result Tracing**

Kindly call the respective laboratory (refer to Lab Directory) for any inquiry regarding result OR preliminary report. Result tracing will only be entertained if the result has exceeded its turnaround time (TAT). Please refer to each tests' TAT in respective unit section.

## CRITICAL RESULT NOTIFICATION

- i. The patient authorized healthcare provider (doctor/nurse) is notified when specified diagnostic test result reached critical value or alert value as listed in below table.
- ii. In the event that the authorized healthcare provider cannot be reached, the next authorized healthcare provider is reached and the result is conveyed.
- iii. All critical results will be notified to the authorized healthcare provider within 30 minutes upon confirmation of results via phone. Tests result falls under alert range will be notified to the authorized healthcare provider within 2 hours upon confirmation of results via phone. Effective and timely communication (within 24 hours) is emphasized for anatomical pathology and cytology.
- iv. Critical test values obtained from referral laboratories will be communicated to the authorized healthcare provider once the referral laboratory notify Lablink.
- v. To verify the accuracy of patient information and test result communicated via the telephone, the consultant or authorized person for patient care is required to read-back the patient name, unique patient numeric identification (MRN)/ identity card number, and the critical test result(s) conveyed.

# **Critical Results Value**

# **Hematology**

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit	
_	APTT	80 secs or > 2X upper	
	7 11 11	reference range	
100 mg/dL	Fibrinogen	-	
70 mg/dL	Fibrinogen (Paeds)	-	
20%	Hematocrit	60%	
25%	Hematocrit (neonates)	70%	
20%	Hematocrit (Paeds)	40%	
8 g/dL	Hemoglobin	19 g/dL	
6.0 g/dL	Hemoglobin (dialysis	20 a/dl	
0.0 g/dL	cases)	20 g/dL	
10 g/dL	Hemoglobin (neonates) 22 g/dL		
9 g/dL	Hemoglobin (Paeds)	20 g/dL	
	INR (ratio)	4	
50 X 10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	Platelet count	800 x 10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	
-	PT	20 sec	
2.0 X10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	WBC 30 x10 <sup>3</sup> /uL		
2.0 X10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	WBC (Paeds) 45 x10 <sup>3</sup> /uL		
-	Morphology	Presence of blast	

# Serology/Immunology

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit
-	Free T4	45 pmol/L
	TCII (no anatas)	>25 mIU/mL
-	TSH (neonates)	(>25 for cord blood)

# **Clinical Chemistry**

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit
-	ALT/SGPT	400 U/L
-	Ammonia (Paeds)	100 umol/L
-	Amylase	250 U/L
-	AST/SGOT	400 U/L
10mmol/L	Bicarbonate	40mmol/L
-	Bilirubin Total (Adult)	102 umol/L
-	Bilirubin Total	Neonate 308 umol/L (18 mg/dL) Chlid 428 umol/L (25.0 mg/dL)
1.7 mmol/L	Calcium	3.0 mmol/L
1.7 mmol/L	Calcium (Paeds)	3.0 mmol/L
-	Creatinine	510 umol/L (Non dialysis)
-	Creatinine (Paeds)	330 umol/L
-	Creatinine Kinase	350 U/L

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit
1.6 mmol/L	CSF- Glucose (Paeds)	-
-	CSF-Protein (Paeds)	1.87 g/L
3.0 mmol/L	Glucose	20.0 mmol/L
-	Lactate	5.0 mmol/L
	Lactate (Paeds)	3.0 mmol/L
-	LDH	1000 U/L
0.41 mmol/L	Magnesium	2.0 mmol/L
0.5 mmol/L	Magnesium (Paeds)	1.8 mmol/L
0.32 mmol/L	Phosphate	2.87 mmol/L
0.4 mmol/L	Phosphate (Paeds)	2.80 mmol/L
2.8 mmol/L	Potassium	6.0 mmol/L
2.8 mmol/L	Potassium (Paeds)	6.0 mmol/L
120 mmol/L	Sodium	159 mmol/L
125 mmol/L	Sodium (Paeds)	155 mmol/L
-	Urea	30.0 mmol/L
-	Urea (Paeds)	19.0 mmol/L
-	Uric acid (Paeds)	500 umol/L
-	GGT	1000 U/L
-	Lithium	1.5 mmol/L
250 mmol/kg	Serum Osmolality	350 mmol/kg
250 mmol/kg	Serum Osmolality (Paeds)	310 mmol/kg
-	Troponin T	Positive( Qualitative) 0.05ng/mL ( Quantitative)

# **Microbiology**

Specimen/Test	Critical Result/Findings	
Blood Culture	Positive result from gram stain / culture	
CSF culture	Positive result from gram stain / culture	
CSF Antigen	Positive : for Cryptococcal and bacteria	
	Isolation of Bacteria: Burkholderia pseudomallei, Corynebacterium diphtheria, Bordetella pertussis, Francisella tularensis, Yersinia pestis.	
Any type culture	Isolation of Fungal: Blastomyces dermatitidis, Histoplasma capsulatum Coccidioides immitis, Paracoccidioides brasiliensis	

# **Therapeutic Drug /Toxicology Monitoring**

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit
	Acetaminophen	> 150 µg/ml ; 4 hours post ingestion >50 µg/ml ; 12 hours post ingestion
	Amikacin	Peak : >35ng/ml Trough : >10ng/ml

Lower Critical Limit	Analyte	Upper Critical Limit
	Digoxin	>2.5ng/ml
	Ethanol	>250 mg/dl
	Gentamicin	Peak:>12 µg/ml
	Contamion	Trough : > 2 μg/ml
	Vancomycin	Peak : >80 µg/ml
	vanooniyoni	Trough: >30 µg/ml
	Phenytoin( Dilantin)	>20 µg/ml
	Theophylline	>20 µg/ml
	Valproic Acid	>150 µg/ml
	Carbamazepine	>15 µg/ml
	(Tegretol)	У 10 <b>д</b> улн
	Cyclosporine	>400 ng/ml
	Tacrolimus	>25 ng/ml
	Salicylate	>500 µg/ml

# **Blood Bank**

Test/Event	Critical Findings	
Antibody Screen	Positive	
Crossmatch	Incompatible blood	
Blood Grouping	Different blood group identified from previous	
	blood bank record.	
Transfusion Reaction	Wrong transfusion	
	Haemolysis	
	Septic Transfusion ( positive bacterial	
	screen)	
Others	Product recall	
	Rare blood group ( eg : Bombay, RhD Neg)	

# **Anatomy Pathology and Cytopathology**

HISTOPATHOLOGY				
Category	Critical			
	Findings			
Unexpected or discrepant	Unexpected malignancy			
Findings	Wrong organ removed			
	Fat in endometrial curettage			
	Fat in colonic endoscopic polypectomy specimens			
	5. Significant disagreement in frozen section and final diagnosis.			
	6. Neoplasm causing paralysis			
	7. Malignancy in superior vena cava syndrome			

HISTOPATHOLOGY				
Category	Critical			
	Findings			
Reports on Infection	Bacteria in heart valve and bone marrow			
	2. Organism in an immune-compromised patient such as AFB, fungi,			
	viral , protozoa			
	3. Organism in CSF			
	4. Unusual organisms or organism in unusual sites (e.g.:			
	amoeba in the eye)			
B (	1. Crossopto in greater than EOV, of glomerylli in renal biopsy appairmen			
Reports on critically ill	Crescents in greater than 50% of glomeruli in renal biopsy specimen			
Patients requiring immediate	2. Transplant rejection			
therapy				

# CYTOPATHOLOGY

# **Critical Findings**

- 1. Unexpected/non -suspicious malignancy of the following:
  - High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion (HSIL)
  - Squamous cell carcinoma (SCC)
  - Adenocarcinoma
- 2. Malignancy in critical places that can cause spinal cord injury
- 3. Fungi in FNA specimen from an immune compromised patient
- 4. The finding of certain microorganisms in any patient.

# **COMPLAINT AND FEEDBACK**

Clinicians/customers/patients/users who wish to raise a complaint or provide a feedback Lablink pertaining the laboratory services may do so by scanning the QR code below and fill up the details:



# SPECIMEN COLLECTION GUIDELINES

# **IDENTIFICATION OF TUBES**

Various tubes are used in Lablink. It all depends on which test to be performed. Below are the examples of tubes coded by different colours. The coded colour on cap indicates the type of preservative contains. Each tube has its specificity thus, blood drawn into the tubes must be same as test requested (**Figure 1**).

VACUETTE® tube type	Colour-coding of cap	Additive	Intended purpose
Serum	0	Clot Activator	Determinations in serum for clinical chemistry, microbiological serology, immunology, TDM
Serum Gel		Clot Activator and gel	Determinations in serum for clinical chemistry, microbiological serology, immunology, TDM
Serum Beads		Clot Activator and Beads	Determinations in serum for clinical chemistry, microbiological serology, immunology
Serum Crossmatch	0[	Clot Activator	Determinations in serum for crossmatch testing
Plasma	0	Sodium Heparin	Determinations in heparinised plasma for dinical chemistry
Plasma	0	Lithium Heparin	Determinations in heparinised plasma for dinical chemistry
Plasma Gel		Lithium Heparin and gel	Determinations in heparinised plasma for clinical chemistry
EDTA	0	K2 EDTA K3 EDTA	Determinations in EDTA whole blood for haematology
EDTA Crossmatch	0[	K3 EDTA	Determinations in EDTA whole blood for crossmatch testing
EDTA Gel		K2 EDTA / gel	Determinations in EDTA plasma for molecular biological identification of viruses, parasites and bacteria
Coagulation	0	Citrate Solution (3.2%) Citrate Solution (3.8%)	Determinations in citrated plasma for coagulation testing
CTAD	<b>•</b>	CTAD (3.2%)	Determinations in citrated plasma for coagulation testing where the artificial entry of platelet factors into the plasma is avoided
Glucose	0	Anticoagulant Glycolysis inhibitor	Determinations in stabilised anticoagulated whole blood or plasma for glucose and lactate testing
Trace Elements	0	Clot Activator Sodium Heparin	Determinations in serum / heparinised plasma for trace elements testing
Blood Grouping	0[	ACD-A ACD-B CPDA	Determinations in ACD / CPDA whole blood for blood grouping

Figure 1: Tubes coded by different colours

## HAND HYGIENE

Keeping hands clean through improved hand hygiene is one of the most important steps we can take to avoid getting sick and spreading germs to others. Many diseases and conditions are spread by not washing hands with soap and clean, running water. If clean, running water is not accessible, as is common in many parts of the world, use soap and available water. If soap and water are unavailable, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol to clean hands. Below show the 7 steps of hand hygiene.

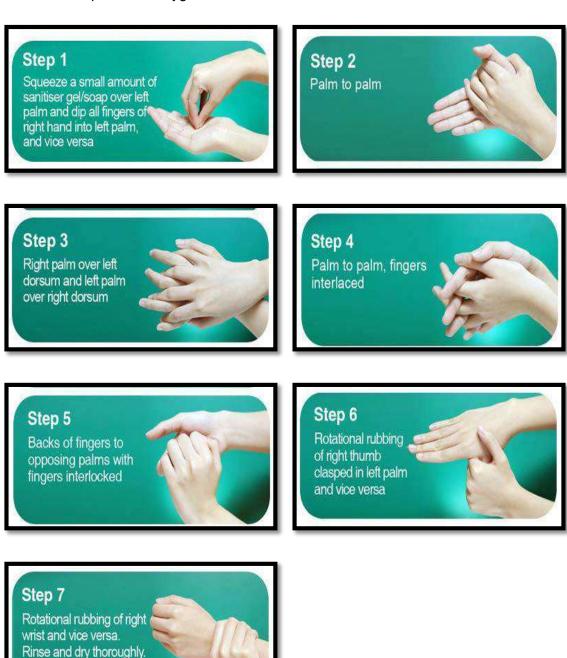


Figure 2: Seven steps of hand hygiene

# PHLEBOTOMY PROCEDURES

# Do and Don't During phlebotomy procedures

All the times, always follow the procedure in order to ensure the safety and accuracy of sample withdrawn from the patient. Below is the table show you should do and don't for phlebotomy procedure.

Do	Don't
DO carry out hand hygiene (use soap and water or alcohol rub), and wash carefully, including wrists and spaces between the fingers for at least 30 seconds	DO NOT forget to clean your hands
<b>DO</b> use one pair of non-sterile gloves per procedure or patient	<b>DO NOT</b> use the same pair of gloves for more than one patient
<b>DO</b> use a single-use device for blood sampling and drawing	<b>DO NOT</b> use a syringe, needle or lancet for more than one patient
DO disinfect the skin at the venepuncture site	DO NOT touch the puncture site after disinfecting it
DO discard the used device (a needle and syringe is a single unit) immediately into a robust sharps container	DO NOT leave an unprotected needle lying outside the sharps container
Where recapping of a needle is unavoidable, <b>DO</b> use the one-hand scoop technique	DO NOT recap a needle using both hands
DO seal the sharps container with a tamper-proof lid	DO NOT overfill or decant a sharps container
DO place laboratory sample tubes in a sturdy rack before injecting into the rubber stopper	DO NOT inject into a laboratory tube while holding it with the other hand

### PHLEBOTOMY PROCEDURE FOR ADULTS

### 1. Assemble equipment

Collect all the equipment needed for the procedure and place it within safe and easy reach on a tray or trolley, ensuring that all the items are clearly visible. The equipment required includes:

- laboratory sample collection tubes, which should be stored dry and upright in a rack;
   blood can be collected in
  - Sterile glass or plastic tubes with rubber caps
  - Vacuum-extraction blood tubes
  - Glass tubes with screw capswell-fitting, non-sterile gloves
- an assortment of blood-sampling devices
- a tourniquet
- alcohol hand rub
- 70% alcohol swabs for skin disinfection
- gauze or cotton-wool ball to be applied over puncture site
- laboratory specimen labels/barcode
- writing equipment
- laboratory forms
- leak-proof transportation bags and containers
- a puncture-resistant sharps container

Ensure that the rack containing the sample tubes is close to you, the health worker, but away from the patient, to avoid it being accidentally tipped over.

### 2. Identify and prepare the patient

Where the patient is adult and conscious follow the steps outlined below.

- Introduce yourself to the patient, and ask the patient to state their full name and identity card/passport number.
- Check that the laboratory form matches the patient's identity (2 patient identifiers; patient full name and IC No/Passport No are used to identify patient correctly).
- Ask whether the patent has allergies, phobias or has ever fainted during previous injections or blood draws.
- If the patient is anxious or afraid, reassure the person and ask what would make them more comfortable.
- Make the patient comfortable in a supine position (if possible).
- Discuss the test to be performed and obtain verbal consent. The patient has a right to refuse a test at any time before the blood sampling, so it is important to ensure that the patient has understood the procedure.

#### 3. Select the site

- Extend the patient's arm and inspect the antecubital fossa or forearm.
- Locate a vein of a good size that is visible, straight and clear. The median cubital vein lies between muscles and is usually the easiest to puncture. Under the basilica vein run an artery and a nerve, so puncturing here runs the risk of damaging the nerve or artery and is usually more painful. DO NOT inserts the needle where veins are diverting, because this increases the chance of a haematoma.
- The vein should be visible without applying the tourniquet. Locating the vein will help in determining the correct size of needle.
- Apply the tourniquet about 4–5 finger widths above the venepuncture site and reexamine the vein.

### 4. Perform hand hygiene and put on gloves

- Perform hand hygiene
  - Wash hands with soap and water, and dry with single-use towels
  - If hands are not visibly contaminated, clean with alcohol rub use 3 ml of alcohol rub on the palm of the hand, and rub it into fingertips, back of hands and all over the hands until dry.
- After performing hand hygiene, put on well-fitting, non-sterile gloves.

# 5. Disinfect the entry site

- Unless drawing blood cultures, or prepping for a blood collection, clean the site with a 70% alcohol swab for 30 seconds and allow to dry completely (30 seconds).
  - Note: alcohol is preferable to povidone iodine, because blood contaminated with povidone iodine may falsely increase levels of potassium, phosphorus or uric acid in laboratory test results.
- Apply firm but gentle pressure. Start from the centre of the venepuncture site and work downward and outwards to cover an area of 2 cm or more.
- Allow the area to dry. Failure to allow enough contact time increases the risk of contamination.
- **DO NOT** touches the cleaned site; in particular, **DO NOT** places a finger over the vein to guide the shaft of the exposed needle. It the site is touched, repeat the disinfection.

### 6. Take blood

Perform venepuncture as follows.

- Anchor the vein by holding the patient's arm and placing a thumb below the venepuncture site.
- Ask the patient to form a fist so the veins are more prominent.
- Enter the vein swiftly at a 30 degree angle or less, and continue to introduce the needle along the vein at the easiest angle of entry.
- Once sufficient blood has been collected, release the tourniquet before withdrawing the needle.
- Some guidelines suggest removing the tourniquet as soon as blood flow is established,

- and always before it has been in place for two minutes or more.
- Withdraw the needle gently and apply gentle pressure to the site with a clean gauze or dry cotton-wool ball. Ask the patient to hold the gauze or cotton wool in place, with the arm extended and raised. Ask the patient NOT to bend the arm, because doing so causes a haematoma.

### 7. Fill the laboratory sample tubes

- When obtaining multiple tubes of blood, use evacuated tubes with a needle and tube holder. This system allows the tubes to be filled directly. If this system is not available, use a syringe or winged needle set instead.
- Pierce the stopper on the tube with the needle directly above the tube using slow, steady
  pressure. DO NOT press the syringe plunger because additional pressure increases the
  risk of haemolysis.
- Where possible, keep the tubes in a rack and move the rack towards you. Inject
  downwards into the appropriate coloured stopper. DO NOT remove the stopper because
  it will release the vacuum.
- If the sample tube does not have a rubber stopper, inject extremely slowly into the tube as minimizing the pressure and velocity used to transfer the specimen reduces the risk of haemolysis. **DO NOT** recap and remove the needle.
- Before dispatch, invert the tubes containing additives for the required number of times.

# 8. Draw the samples in correct order as follows:

Order	Type of tube/usual	Additive	Mode of action	Uses
of use	colour			
1		Broth mixture	Preserves viability of	Microbiology – aerobes,
	(yellow-black striped tubes)		microorganisms	anaerobes, fungi
2	Non-additive tube	None	Centrifugation	Chemistries, immunology and serology
3	Coagulation tube	Sodium citrate	Forms calcium salts to	Coagulation tests
	(light blue top)		remove calcium	(prothrombin time), requires full draw
4	Clot activator (red	Clot activator	Blood clots, and the	Chemistries, immunology
	top)		serum is separated by	and serology, blood bank
			Centrifugation	(cross-match)
5	Serum separator tube	None	Contains a gel at	Chemistries, immunology
	(red-grey tiger top or		the bottom to separate	and serology
	gold)		blood from serum on	
			Centrifugation	
6	Sodium heparin (dark	Sodium heparin or	Inactivates thrombin	For lithium level use
	green top)	lithium heparin	and Thromboplastin	sodium heparin, for
				ammonia level use either
7	PST (light green top)	Lithium heparin	Anticoagulants	Chemistries
		anticoagulant and a	with lithium, separates	
		gel separator	plasma with PST gel at	
			bottom of tube	
8	EDTA (purple top)	EDTA	Forms calcium	Haematology, Blood
			salts to remove calcium	

Order of use	Type of tube/usual colour	Additive	Mode of action	Uses
				Bank (cross-match)
				requires full draw
	Blood tube (pale	Acid-citrate-	Complement	HLA tissue typing,
9	yellow top)	dextrose (ACD,	inactivation	paternity testing, DNA
		ACDA or ACDB)		studies
10	Oxalate/fluoride (light	Sodium fluoride and	Anti-glycolytic	Glucoses, requires full
	grey top)	potassium oxalate	agent preserves	draw (may cause
			glucose up to five days	haemolysis if short draw)

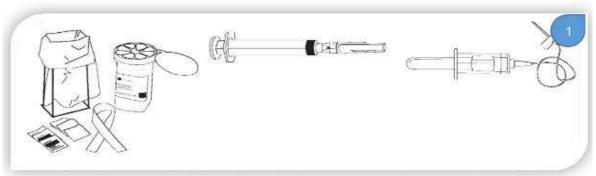
### 9. Sample labeling and complete patient procedure

- Discard the used needle and syringe or blood sampling device into a puncture-resistant sharps container.
- Label all blood tubes with patient's full name and IC number/passport number.
- Check the pre-printed label (barcoded lab number) and information on laboratory request form for accuracy. Both patient information on specimen tubes and request form SHALL NOT have any discrepancy.
- Paste the barcode onto the specimen tubes. Write the date and time of specimen collection on the tubes. The person performing specimen collection to be indicated on the form/specime collection tubes.
- Discard used items into the appropriate category of waste. Items used for phlebotomy that would not release a drop of blood if squeezed (e.g. gloves) may be discarded in the general waste, unless local regulations state otherwise.
- Perform hand hygiene again, as described above.
- Inform the patient when the procedure is over.
- Ask the patient how they are feeling. Check the insertion site to verify that it is not bleeding, then thank the patient and say something reassuring and encouraging before the person leaves.

## 10. Prepare sample for transportation (if need)

 Pack laboratory samples safely in a plastic leak-proof bag with an outside compartment for the laboratory request form. Placing the requisition on the outside helps avoid contamination. If there are multiple tubes, place them in a rack or padded holder to avoid breakage during transportation.

# DIAGRAM FOR ADULT BLOOD TAKING PROCEDURES



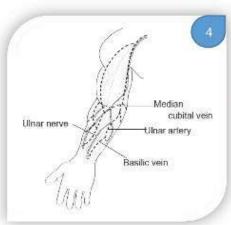
Assemble equipment and include needle and syringe or vacuum tube, depending on which is to be used.



Perform hand hygiene (if using soap and water, dry hands with single use towel).



Identify and prepare the patient,

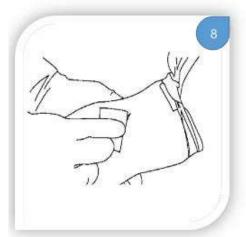


Select the site, preferably at the antecubital area (i.e. the bend of elbow). Warming the arm with a hot pack, or hanging the hand down may make it easier to see the veins. Palpate the area to locate the anatomic landmarks. Do not touch the site once alcohol or other antiseptic has been applied.

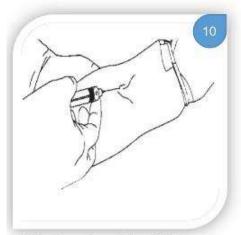
Apply a tourniquet, about 4-5 finger widths above the selected venepuncture site.



Ask the patient to form a fist so that the veins are more prominent.



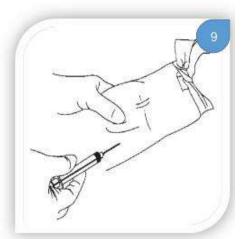
Disinfect site using 70 % isopropyl alcohol for 30 seconds and allow to dry completely (30 seconds).



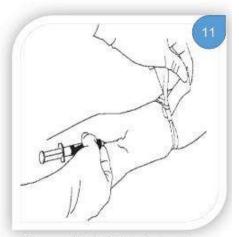
Enter the vein swiftly at 30 degree angle.



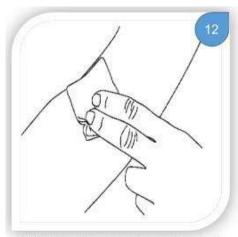
Put on well-fitting, non-sterile gloves.



Anchor the vein by holding the patient's arm and placing a thumb below the venepuncture site.



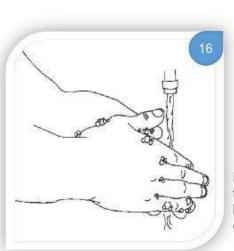
Once sufficient blood has been collected, release the tourniquet before withdrawing the needle.



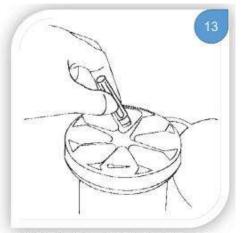
Withdraw the needle gently and then give patient a clean gauze or dry cotton –wool ball to apply to the site with gentle pressure.



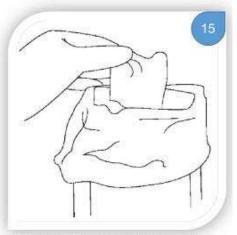
Check the label and forms for accuracy.



Remove gloves and place them in the general waste. Perform hand hygiene. If using soap and water, dry hands with single use towels.

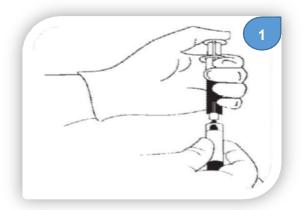


Discard the used needle and syringe or blood-sampling device into a puncture resistance container

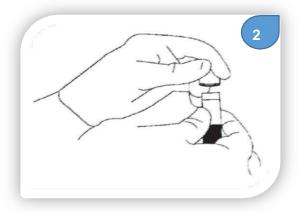


Discard sharp and broken glass into the sharps container. Place items that can drip blood or body fluids into the infectious waste.

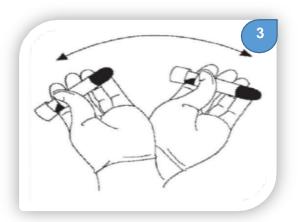
# **FILLING TUBES**



If the tubes does not have rubber stopper, press the plunger in slowly to reduce haemolysis (this is safer than removing the needle).



Place stopper in the tube.



Following laboratory instructions, invert the sample gently to mix the blood with the additives. Invert 8 to 10 times.

### PHLEBOTOMY FOR NEONATES AND PAEDIATRICS

### Choice of procedure and site

The choice of site and procedure (venous site, finger-prick or heel-prick – also referred to as "capillary sampling" or "skin puncture") will depend on the volume of blood needed for the procedure and the type of laboratory test to be done. Venepuncture is the method of choice for blood sampling in term neonates. However, it requires an experienced and trained phlebotomist. If a trained phlebotomist is not available, the physician may need to draw the specimen. The blood from a capillary specimen is similar to an arterial specimen in oxygen content, and is suitable for only a limited number of tests because of its higher likelihood of contamination with skin flora and smaller total volume.

## **Preparation**

Ask whether the parent would like to help by holding the child. If the parent wishes to help, provide full instructions on how and where to hold the child. If the parent prefers not to help, ask for assistance from another phlebotomist.

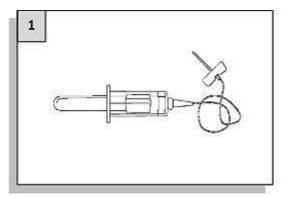
Immobilize the child as described below.

- Designate one phlebotomist as the technician, and another phlebotomist or a parent to immobilize the child.
- Ask the two adults to stand on opposite sides of an examination table.
- Ask the immobilizer to:
  - Stretch an arm across the table and place the child on its back, with its head on top of the outstretched arm.
  - o Pull the child close, as if the person were cradling the child.
  - o Grasp the child's elbow in the outstretched hand.
  - Use their other arm to reach across the child and grasp its wrist in a palm-up position (reaching across the child anchors the child's shoulder, and thus prevents twisting or rocking movements; also, a firm grasp on the wrist effectively provides the phlebotomist with a "tourniquet").
- If necessary, take the following steps to improve the ease of venepuncture.
  - Ask the parent to rhythmically tighten and release the child's wrist, to ensure that there
    is an adequate flow of blood.
  - Keep the child warm, which may increase the rate of blood flow by as much as sevenfold, by removing as few of the child's clothes as possible and, in the case of an infant, by:
    - Swaddling in a blanket.
    - Having the parent or caregiver hold the infant, leaving only the extremity of the site of venepuncture exposed.
    - Warm the area of puncture with warm cloths to help dilate the blood vessels.
    - Use a trans-illuminator or pocket pen light to display the dorsal hand veins and the veins of the antecubital fossa.

## **Drawing Blood**

- Follow the procedures given in Phlebotomy for Adult for:
  - Hand hygiene
  - Advance preparation
  - o Patient identification and positioning
  - o Skin antisepsis (but **DO NOT** use chlorhexidine on children under 2 months of age).
- Once the infant or child is immobilized, puncture the skin 3–5 mm distal to (i.e. away from) the vein this allows good access without pushing the vein away.
- If the needle enters alongside the vein rather than into it, withdraw the needle slightly without removing it completely, and angle it into the vessel.
- Draw blood slowly and steadily.

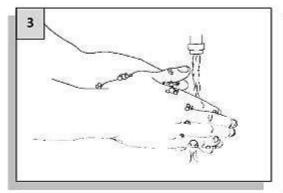
# DIAGRAM FOR PAEDIATRIC BLOOD TAKING PROCEDURES



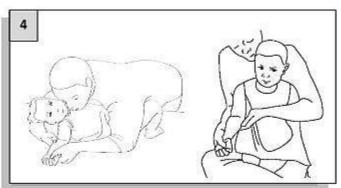
Use a winged steel needle, usually 23 or 25 gauge, with an extension tube (butterfly). Keep the tube and needle separate until the needle is in the vein.



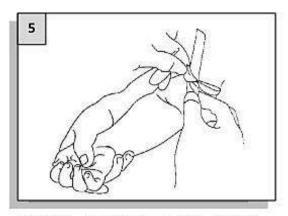
Collect supplies and equipment.



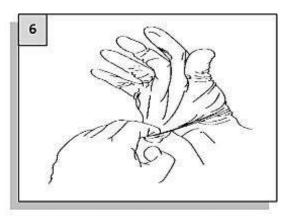
Perform hand hygiene (if using soap and water, dry hands with singleused towels).



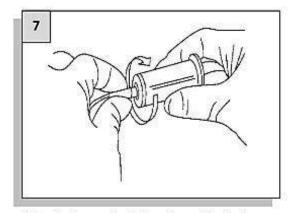
Immobilize the baby or child.



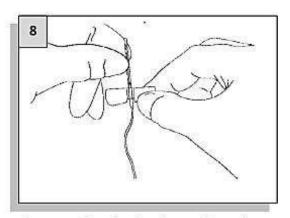
Put the tourniquet on the patient about two fingers widths above the venepuncture site.



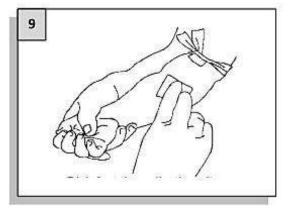
Put on well fitting, non-sterile gloves



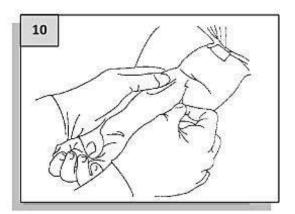
Attach the end of the winged infusion set to the end of the vacuum tube and insert the collection tube into the holder until the tube reaches the needle.



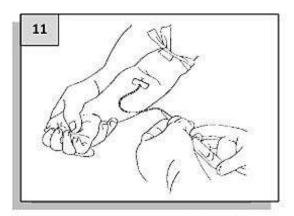
Remove the plastic sleeve from the end of the butterfly.



Disinfect the collection site and allow to dry.



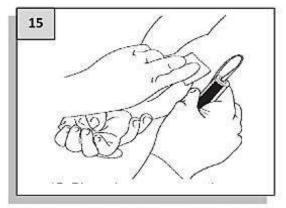
Use a thumb to draw the skin tight.



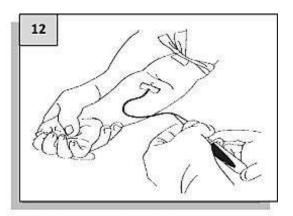
Push the vacuum tube completely onto the needle.



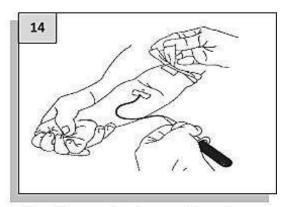
Fill the tube until it is full or until the vacuum is exhausted. If filling multiple tubes, carefully remove the full tube and replace with another tube, taking care not to move the needle in the vein.



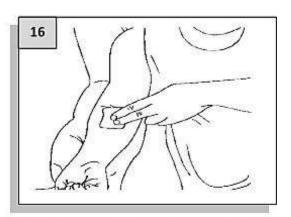
Place dry gauze over the venepuncture site and slowly withdraw the needle.



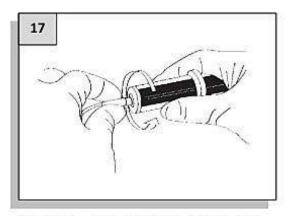
Blood should begin to flow into the tube.



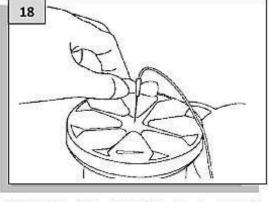
After the required amount has been collected, release the tourniquet.



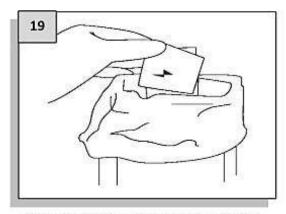
Ask the parent to continue applying mild pressure.



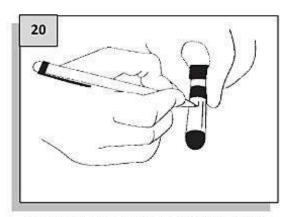
Remove the butterfly from the vacuum tube holder.



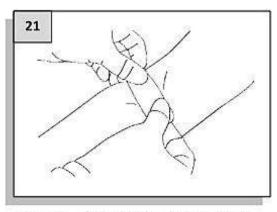
Dispose the butterfly in a sharp container.



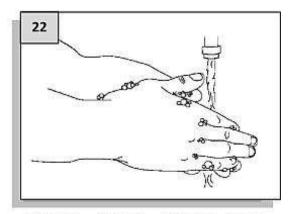
Properly dispose of all contaminated supplies.



Label the tube with patient's name and MRN/ DOB/ IC.



Put and adhesive bandage on the patient if necessary.



Remove gloves, dispose them appropriately and perform hand hygiene (if use soap and water, dry hands with single-used towel).

### **CAPILLARY SAMPLING**

#### Choice of site

### Adult patients

The finger is usually the preferred site for capillary testing in an adult patient. The sides of the heel are only used in paediatric and neonatal patients. Ear lobes are sometimes used in mass screening or research studies.

### Paediatric and neonatal patients

Selection of a site for capillary sampling in a paediatric patient is usually based on the age and weight of the patient. If the child is walking, the child's feet may have calluses that hinder adequate blood flow. Below show the conditions influencing the choice of heel or finger-prick.

Condition	Heel-prick	Finger-prick
Age	Birth to about 6 months	Over 6 months
Weight	From 3 – 10 kg, approximately	Greater than 10 kg
	On the medial or lateral plantar	On the side of the ball of the
Placement of lancet	surface	finger perpendicular to the lines of
		finger prints
		Second and third finger (i.e. middle
Recommended finger		and ring finger); avoid the thumb and
	Not applicable	index finger because of calluses,
_		and avoid the little finger because the
		tissue is thin

## Order of draw

With skin punctures, the haematology specimen is collected first, followed by the chemistry and blood bank specimens. This order of drawing is essential to minimize the effects of platelet clumping. The order used for skin punctures is the reverse of that used for venepuncture collection. If more than two specimens are needed, venepuncture may provide more accurate laboratory results.

#### **Procedure**

### Adult patient

- Prepare the skin
  - Apply alcohol to the entry site and allow to air dry.
  - Puncture the skin with one quick, continuous and deliberate stroke, to achieve a good flow of blood and to prevent the need to repeat the puncture.
  - Wipe away the first drop of blood because it may be contaminated with tissue fluid or debris (sloughing skin).
  - Avoid squeezing the finger or heel too tightly because this dilutes the specimen with

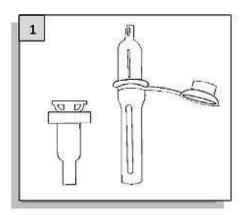
- tissue fluid (plasma) and increases the probability of haemolysis.
- When the blood collection procedure is complete, apply firm pressure to the site to stop the bleeding.
- Take laboratory samples in the correct order to minimize erroneous test results
  - With skin punctures, collect the specimens in the order below, starting with haematology specimens:
    - Haematology specimens
    - Chemistry specimens
    - Blood bank specimens

### Paedratic and neonatal patient

- Immobilize the child
  - First immobilize the child by asking the parent to:
    - Sit on the phlebotomy chair with the child on the parent's lap
    - immobilize the child's lower extremities by positioning their legs around the child's in a cross-leg pattern
    - Extend an arm across the child's chest, and secure the child's free arm by firmly tucking it under their own
    - Grasp the child's elbow (i.e. the skin puncture arm), and hold it securely;
    - Use his or her other arm to firmly grasp the child's wrist, holding it palm down
- Prepare the skin
  - o Prepare the skin as described above for adult patients.
  - DO NOT use povidone iodine for a capillary skin puncture in paediatric and neonatal patients; instead, use alcohol, as stated in the instructions for adults.
- Puncture the skin
  - Puncture the skin as described above for adult patients.
  - If necessary, take the following steps to improve the ease of obtaining blood by fingerprick in paediatric and neonatal patients:
    - Ask the parent to rhythmically tighten and release the child's wrist, to ensure that there is sufficient flow of blood
    - Keep the child warm by removing as few clothes as possible, swaddling an infant in a blanket, and having a mother or caregiver hold an infant, leaving only the extremity of the site of capillary sampling exposed.
  - Avoid excessive massaging or squeezing of fingers because this will cause haemolysis and impede blood flow.
- Take laboratory samples in the order that prevent cross-contamination of sample tube additives
  - As described above for adult patients, collect the capillary haematology specimen first, followed by the chemistry and blood bank specimens.
  - Clean up blood spills.
  - Collect all equipment used in the procedure, being careful to remove all items from the patient's bed or cot; to avoid accidents, do not leave anything behind.

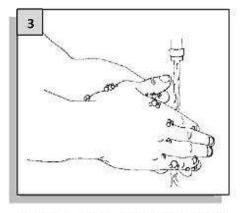
- Give follow up care
  - There are two separate steps to patient follow-up care data entry (i.e. completion of requisitions), and provision of comfort and reassurance.
- Unsuccessful attempts in paediatric patients
  - Adhere strictly to a limit on the number of times a paediatric patient may be stuck. If no satisfactory sample has been collected after two attempts, seek a second opinion to decide whether to make a further attempt, or cancel the tests.

# CAPILLARY BLOOD SAMPLING DIAGRAM

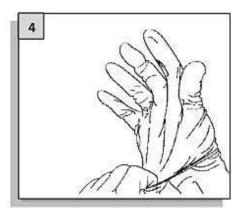


Lancet and collection tube



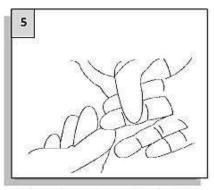


Perform hand hygiene (if using soap and water, dry hands with single-use towel)

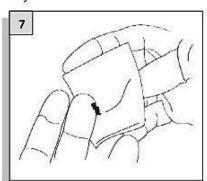


and

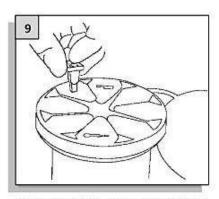
Put on well fitting, non-sterile gloves.



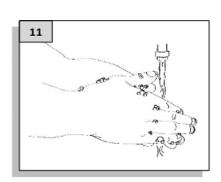
Select the site. Apply 70% isopropyl alcohol and allow to air dry.



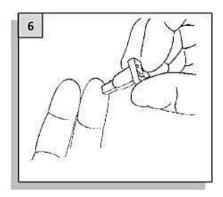
Wipe away the first drop of blood.



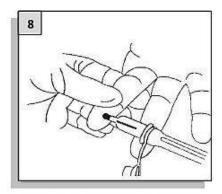
Dispose all sharps appropriately.



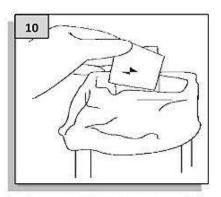
Remove gloves and place in general waste. Perform hand hygiene (if using soap and water, dry hands with single use towels)



Puncture the skin.



Avoid squeezing the finger too tightly



Dispose of waste materials appropriately.

# SPECIMEN REJECTION / ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

All test requests will be evaluated and checked at the common receiving area upon receipt before it is sent to the respective unit for analysis. In the respective unit, the test requests will be checked and evaluated again. Specimen/request will be rejected following the rejection criteria (as listed in section 2) are not fulfilled. All rejections will be notified to the requester for further action and rectification. While most rejection criteria are general, some are unit specific

#### 2. GENERAL

List of Specimen Rejection Criteria:

- i. Incorrect specimen
  - Specimen in wrong tubes/container
  - Wrong specimen sent
- ii. Insufficient volume for test
- iii. Spoilt specimen (Leak, Lyse, Broken)
- iv. Improper labellling of specimen
  - Wrong labeling
  - Incomplete information on labeling
- v. Specimen not properly transported
- vi. Delay in despatch of specimen
- vii. Incomplete information on request form
- viii. Incorrect collection procedure
- ix. Specimen sent without request form\*
- x. Specimen sent without worklist\*\*
- xi. No specimen received with request form
- xii. Test not done/available/test for external laboratories
- xiii. Duplicate request
- xiv. Wrong request form
- xv. Wrong laboratory
- xvi. Quantity specimen received is not tally with what written on forms\*
- xvii. Wrong FBC result sent with PBF slides/request\*\*
- xviii. Incomplete FBC result sent with PBF slides/request\*\*
- xix. Wrong test code\*\*\*
- xx. Did not sent order in the system\*\*\*
- xxi. Cancel test
- xxii. Incomplete information on specimen container
  - Nature of specimen
  - Date/time for specimen taken where applicable
- xxiii. Specimen sent without checklist\*\*
- xxiv. Wrong registration\*\*\*

#### Note:

- \* Only for test which required physical form.
- \*\* Only for internal referral test (interbranch) within Lablink Group
- \*\*\* For online request via interbranch.

# 3. CHEMICAL PATHOLOGY, SEROLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

Request which do not fulfill the laboratory requirements will be rejected. Below are among the common primary rejection criteria by Chemical Pathology, Serology and Immunology Services:

#### 3.1 Spoilt specimen

- a. Blood haemolysed.
- b. Lipaemic sample.
- c. Icteric sample.
- d. Sample out of stability.
- e. Sample under incubation / over incubation.
- f. Sample overfilled / under filled.
- g. Sample collected using unsuitable or inappropriate blood collection tube or container.

## 3.2 Wrong registration of patient information

- a. Wrong patient identification inclusive of name, age, birth date, and gender.
- b. Incomplete patient's particulars such as:
  - i. Identification Card (IC) number.
  - ii. Name of the patients.
  - iii. Sender information.

## 3.5 Improper labeling of specimen

- a. Name / IC number not tally with request form or sample
- b. Wrong sampling date on form or sample

#### 4. URINALYSIS

Request which do not fulfill the laboratory requirements will be rejected. Below are among the common primary rejection criteria by Urinalysis section:

#### 4.1 Spoilt specimen

- a. Sample out of stability:
  - i. Urine sample (for urinalysis) which has been left at room temperature (20 25°C) for more than 2 hours and also urine which has been kept in temperature ranged of 2 8 °C for more than 24 hours.
  - ii. The laboratory requisition must indicate the time of collection.
- b. Sample received other than in prescribed container.
- c. Contaminated specimen.
- d. Leaking specimen.
- e. Broken container.
- f. Non urine sample.

#### 4.2 Insufficient volume for testing

- Specimen received less than 10ml.
- 4.3 Incorrect timing of collection for specimens submitted for antibiotic levels.

#### 5. HAEMATOLOGY

Request which do not fulfill the laboratory requirements will be rejected. Below are among the common primary rejection criteria by Haematology Services:

#### 5.1 Wrong FBC results sent with PBF slides/request

#### 5.2 Incomplete FBC results sent with PBF slides/request

- a. No Full Blood Count (FBC) result attached.
- b. No clinical history provided.
- c. No quality control slide and complete form attached.
- d. No slide smear provided.

# 5.3 Spoilt specimen

- a. Blood smear such as blood smear is too narrow, made on greasy slide, too thick, long, wide and uneven thickness.
- b. Lipaemic sample Grossly lipaemic sample giving inaccurate result even after plasma replacement should be recollected.
- c. Haemolysed sample Grossly haemolysed sample giving inaccurate result or unreadable blood films should be rejected and a recollection performed.
- d. Aged Specimens General acceptability of EDTA sample is max 24 hours. Upon old samples received, shall there be significant morphological changes in the white cells and red cells, specimen will be rejected and recollected.
- e. Presence of clots in the vacutainers upon visual inspection.
- f. Flow Cytometry Sample refrigerated or exposed to cold temperature or exceeding 48 hours after collection.
- g. Blood Group Specimen must be whole blood EDTA / Plain.
- h. Sample leaking.

#### 5.4 Insufficient volume for test

- a. Lavender vacutainers for Hematology analysis with less than 1cc. in an EDTA tube.
- b. Blue vacutainers for Coagulation studies which are less than 2 cc.
- c. Pediatric sample collected using Microtainer collection devices, which is less than 1 line on the Microtainer.

## 6. MICROBIOLOGY

#### 6.1 Improper specimen source

- a. Swabs for AFB cultures(fluid or tissue required)
- b. Urine, sputum, routine genital or oral lesions submitted for anaerobic culture.
- c. Specimens contaminated with aerobic flora submitted for anaerobic culture.
- d. Pooled 24 hour sputum, urine, or feces for AFB cultures.

## 6.2 Improper specimen collection

- a. Uncapped or unsterile collection container or swab
- b. Dry swab, moisture ampule not crushed after collection.
- c. Barium present in stool specimens for Ova and Parasite analysis.
- d. Improper transport medium or environment for all microbiological specimens.
- e. Specimens for Neiserria gonorrheae which have been refrigerated.
- f. Duplicate specimens collected within a 24 hour time period, except for blood cultures.

6.3 Swabs submitted for culture not identified as to source.

# 6.4 Rejection of culture plate

- a. Broken culture plates.
- b. Expired culture plates.
- c. Sending culture plates which are not suitable to the specimen type.
- d. Culture plates that are overgrown or dried out.
- e. Sending anaerobe culture plates without GASPACK.
- f. Not sealed culture plates.
- g. Sending mix growth for bacteria identification.
- h. Plates not incubated at 35-37 degrees centigrade in CO2 condition and received <24 hrs after collection for suspected cases of Neisseria gonorrhea
- i. Culture plates incubation less than 18 hours.
- j. Culture plates send in cold chain.

### 6.5 Improper transport

- Urine specimens for culture left at room temperature for more than two hours or refrigerated for more than 24 hours.
- b. Anaerobic cultures not transported in an anaerobic environment.

#### 7. HISTOPATHOLOGY

All specimens in the Histopathology laboratory are irretrievable specimen, hence rejection in Histopathology by means as *rejected to process* the specimen and <u>not to</u> return or discard the specimen inappropriately. The rejected specimen will be kept in a non-conformance box until the rectification is done. The sender shall be notified by phone and followed by the issuance of the *Histopathology Rejection Form, LL.9-008* (Refer Appendix 1) and the request will be processed once rectification is done with appropriate documentation. However, in some circumstances e.g. no label on the specimen container and as requested by the sender, the specimen will be rejected/returned to the sender for further rectification. Lab turnaround time (LTAT) of specimen held in non-conformance box will be counted from the date rectification has been taken.

#### **Specimen Acceptance Criteria**

# a. The request form must be completed with:

- Patient details with at least two identifiers: Name AND MRN number <u>OR</u> Date of Birth (D.o.B) OR identification number
- ii. Nature and anatomical site of specimen
- iii. Doctors name and signature
- iv. Diagnosis and clinical history
- v. Specimen collection date and time
- vi. Itemized number of the specimen if multiple specimen containers.

#### b. The specimen container:

 Patient details with at least two identifiers: Name AND MRN number OR Date of Birth (D.o.B) OR identification number

- ii. Nature and anatomical site of specimen
- iii. Date of sampling/collection
- iv. Itemized number of multiple specimen containers.
- v. Proper fixatives; e.g 10% buffered formalin for routine histology H&E testing.

#### Note:

- i) All details on the request form and specimen container MUST be tallied.
- ii) When a compromised clinically critical or irreplaceable sample is accepted, after consideration of the risk to patient safety, the nature of the problem will be indicated in the final report if necessary, caution will be advised by the reporting pathologist when interpreting results that can be affected.

#### **Specimen Rejection Criteria**

- No or Incomplete details on request form; patient details, doctor's name & signature, nature of specimen, diagnosis and clinical history.
- ii. Incomplete details on specimen container e.g No type of specimen.
- iii. Improper or No preservatives
- iv. Discrepancies between specimen container and request form on patient details
- v. Discrepancies between specimen container and request form on specimen type or an anatomical site.
- vi. Discrepancies between details on specimen container & request form and the specimen received. E.g. stated on the request form and specimen container as 'Gallbladder' but macroscopic/gross examination received 'Appendix'.
- vii. Illegible handwriting
- viii. Formalin leaking and specimen spilled out from the container.
- ix. The number of specimens received does not match with the number of specimens stated on the request form
- x. Wrong specimen.
- xi. No specimen in the container

#### 8. CYTOPATHOLOGY

The following is a general listing of common situations in which a specimen may be rejected for processing. Each functional laboratory area has an additional listing of rejection protocol depending on the specific testing criteria. Specific transportation requirements need to be observed every time to ensure the sample's integrity. For each general category, a few examples are listed.

- Improperly labelled specimens
  - Specimens not labelled
  - Specimens labelled with incorrect patient identification.
  - Specimens that do not match the patient information on the laboratory requisition.
- Improper Collection
  - Specimens collected with improper preservative.
  - Quantity of specimen insufficient to perform testing.
  - Specimens that are obviously or subsequently prove to be contaminated.

- Specimens inappropriately transported to the laboratory
  - Specimens leaking or grossly contaminated on the exterior portion of the container
  - Broken slides beyond repair
- Inappropriate specimens
  - Tissue sample
  - Sample in formalin (fluid + formalin)
  - o Incorrect sample container
  - Specimen not complying with temperature, transportation or storage requirement.
- Improper Test Request
  - No specimen accompanied with request form
  - No request form accompanied with specimen
  - Patient details in request form are not tally with LIS system (for KPJ Hospital request)
- Specimens inappropriately transported to the laboratory
  - Specimens leaking or grossly contaminated on the exterior portion of the container.

#### Note:

- i) Most of the cytology sample is irretrievable specimens such as pap smear, Cerebral Spinal Fluid (CSF), neonatal specimens, fine needle aspirate or body fluids specimens will not be discarded until proper rectification process has been carried out. The responsible requestor will be notified accordingly and record in *Test Request Reject Analysis form*, *LL.22-5.006*. The samples will be appropriately stored in the non conformance box until the rectification process completed or upon approval from the reporting pathologist to proceed with the testing.
- ii) When a compromised clinically critical or irreplaceable sample is accepted, after consideration of the risk to patient safety, the nature of the problem will be indicated in the final report and if necessary caution will be advised by the reporting pathologist when interpreting results that can be affected.

#### 9. MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS

Rejection criteria are established to ensure that the quality of testing is not compromised. In Molecular Diagnostics Laboratory (MDL), all sample is treated with utmost importance, and all derived result shall be free from any form of ambiguity. A vital part in our pre-analytical process is governed by List of Specimen Rejection Criteria as stated initially in this section rejection is inevitable if specimen received attributes to it. The following further define conditions that would render a specimen unacceptable for processing in MDL:

- Incorrect specimen:
  - > Specimen (test-dependent) not placed in specified transport medium, for example:
    - PCRGI1 must use stool in Cary Blair liquid transport medium, not raw stool.

- Swabs must not be placed in gel transport medium, use UTM instead.
- Inappropriate specimen sent for test requested, for example:
  - PCRmpDF1 must use EDTA blood, not serum or plasma, as the malaria parasites multiply inside the red blood cells.

#### Insufficient volume for test:

- Initial specimen volume inadequate, for example:
  - Plasma for PCRhcvVLR received less than 1mL, cannot proceed for testing as it will fail the preliminary check of sample volume adequacy by instrument.
- > Specimen volume inadequate for number of tests requested, for example:
  - BAL for sharing between PCRtbRIFRp & AFB Culture received less than 0.5mL, cannot proceed for both using same specimen.

# Spoilt specimen:

- Improper storage of specimen before sending for molecular testing, for example:
  - If plasma for PCRhivVLR not retained at 2-8°C at clinic for more than 3 days, decrease in viral load result cannot be attributed to effectiveness of antiretroviral therapy prescribed.
- Specimen container got broken or has leaked in transit with few specimen being in the same bag as the leaked sample, cannot proceed for testing as they have gotten contaminated with each other.
- Haemolysed serum or plasma, as sensitivity of PCR will get reduced due to the presence of inhibitory factors, for example:
  - Heme, a component of hemoglobin, has been shown to inhibit PCR due to the release of iron ions, which affect the pH of the reaction & disrupt the polymerase activity, probe and primers. For this reason, heme is often regarded as a universal PCR inhibitor.
- Improper transportation of specimen:
  - ➤ Molecular specimen not transported in cold chain (2-8°C) manner.

**Note**: Details on rejection made shall be recorded in LL.22-5 Test Request Reject Analysis form. Requestor shall be notified on the rejection matters to ensure appropriate corrective action ensued. Till then, rejected specimen will be kept in a non-conformance container. Lab turnaround time (LTAT) of the non-conformity specimen will be counted from the date associated issue suitably rectified.

# SPECIMEN COLLECTION BASED ON SPECIMEN TYPE OR TEST REQUIREMENTS

#### 1. HAEMATOLOGY

#### **Specimen Collection and Containers**

#### General

Venous Blood specimens are preferred. To ensure consistent and accurate results follow strictly to the volume of blood required for the type of test as specified on the label or fill up to the mark on the label of the specimen tube.

Haematology tests are extremely sensitive to methods of collection and preservation. It is important that sample collection and processing instructions be followed to ensure accurate test results. Refer **Figure 4** for specific containers used for different tests.

#### To prevent haemolysis:

- Avoid vigorous mixing
- Remove needle from syringe before squirting the blood into containers.
- Send the specimen as soon as possible to the lab after collection.

#### Avoid clot formation by:

- Ensuring a smooth venipuncture and steady flow of blood into the syringe.
- Ensuring the anticoagulant in the specimen bottle not dry off.
- Introducing blood in the anticoagulant bottle as soon as blood is withdrawn.
- Immediately mix gently by inverting tube at least 6 10 times. Refer **Figure 5** for sample mixing for tube with anti-coagulant.

#### **Coagulation Tests**

#### Sample collection

- Specimen to be collected using 3.2% sodium citrate tubes.
- Avoid collectiong blood from indwelling lines (i.e Peripheral intravenous (IV) lines, catheters or cannulas) to avoid heparin contamination and haemodilution. If blood is to be drawn through a vascular access device (VAD), the line should be flushed with 5 mL of saline. The first 5 mL of blood or six dead space volumes of the VAD are to be discarded, then only proceed with blood collection using 3.2% sodium citrate tubes.
- Specimen must be adequately filled to the level indicated on the tube. Test will not be performed for underfilled, overfilled, haemolysed and clotted citrated samples.
- Specimen is thoroughly mixed with the anticoagulant by inverting the tube gently, following mixing frequency at Figure 4.
  - Option 1 Specimen collected directly into 3.2% sodium citrate tubes.
     Note: Specimens should arrive at testing laboratory within 4 hours of collection; strictly transport at room temperature.

 Option 2 – Platelet Free Plasma (PFP) shipped in dry ice. PFP is to be prepared within 4 hours after venipuncture.

#### PFP Double Centrifugation Procedure:

- 3.2% sodium citrate tubes centrifuged at 2000g for 15 minutes.
- Transfer plasma into a secondary tube.
- Plasma in a secondary tube centrifuged at 2500g for 15 minutes to obtain PFP.
- Aliquot PFP into a minimum of 3 separate plastic vials, each containing 1 mL of PFP.
- Freeze immediately at -20°C or below. Transport frozen PFP using dry ice.
- Specimen shall be transported to testing laboratory:
  - Option 1 Specimen in 3.2% sodium citrate.
     Strictly at room temperature within 3 hours of blood collection.
  - Option 2 Platelet Free Plasma (PFP) in plastic vial.
     Strictly transport in dry ice.
- Additional Information for reporting
  - Coagulation-related testing results from the referring laboratory, if any.
     Example: PT, APTT, Platelet Count, etc.
  - Please provide a reason for testing & clinical information.
     Example: Reason for testing i.e history of menorrhagia, family history of Von Willebrand Disease, etc.
  - Please provide coagulation-related medication or history of medication.
     Examples: Oral contraceptives, anticoagulants, and factor replacement therapy/DDAVP.
    - VKA-treated patients
       Note: Recommendation to perform test after 1 2 weeks upon discontinuation of the VKA, with consideration of LMWH bridging.
    - On treatment LMWH
       Note: At least 12 hours after the last dose, and as near as possible to the next dose, with anti-Xa activity levels checked alongside the LA test
    - On treatment DOAC
       Note: At least 48 hours after the last dose, or may be extended in patients with renal impairment, with DOAC level checked alongside the LA test.

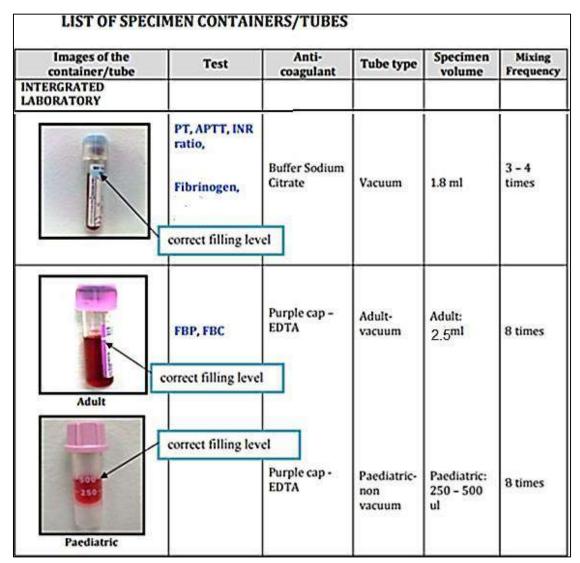
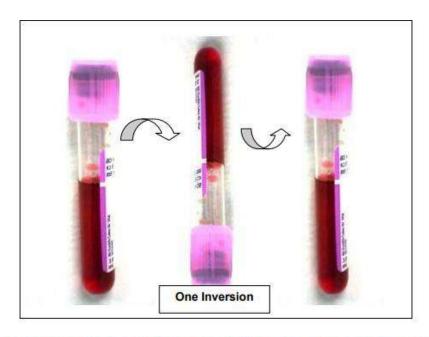


Figure 3: Specific containers used for different test.



MIX WELL BY INVERTING TUBE. DRAW VOLUME AND NUMBER OF INVERSIONS ARE OF CRITICAL IMPORTANCE AND CLINICALLY SIGNIFICANT!!

Figure 4: Proper sample mixing for tube with anti-coagulant.

# 2. MICROBIOLOGY

Specimen type /	Collection Instructions			
Abscess (aspirate or swab)  Blood Culture	<ol> <li>Remove surface exudate if present by wiping an open abscess with sterile saline or 70% alcohol.</li> <li>Sample the leading edge of an open abscess. Sample must be acquired using aseptic technique.</li> <li>A closed abscess should be aspirated with a needle and syringe after sterilizing skin with iodine, chlorhexidine preparation or isopropyl alcohol wipes.</li> <li>Sampling of skin surface area can introduce colonizing bacteria not involved in the infectious process.</li> <li>Disinfect rubber stopper on the culture bottle using 70% isopropyl alcohol, wait one minute.</li> <li>Disinfect palpated venipuncture site using 70% alcohol swab by using a back and forth friction rub to cleanse the skin, cleanse for 15 seconds over a 4 cm x 4 cm area.</li> <li>Allow to dry (DO NOT re-palpate vein).</li> <li>Collect blood using needle and syringe or safety butterfly.</li> </ol>			
Catheter (Intravenous or Intra-Arterial)	Note: Bottle adaptors must be used with butterfly collections.  1. Cleanse skin around site with 70% alcohol. 2. Aseptically remove catheter and clip the 5 cm distal tip of the catheter into a sterile screw capped transport container.			
Cervical Swab – Culture for N. gonorrhoeae	<ol> <li>Visualize the cervix using a speculum without lubricant.</li> <li>Remove mucus and secretions from the cervix with a sterile swab, discard the swab.</li> <li>Sample the endocervical canal with a newly obtained sterile swab.</li> </ol>			
Eye (Conjunctiva)	<ol> <li>Sample eye using swab pre-moistened with sterile saline.</li> <li>Roll swab over conjunctiva.</li> <li>Put in the transport medium.</li> </ol>			
Feces (Stool)	<ol> <li>Sample should be passed directly into a clean, sterile container. Avoid contaminating sample with urine.</li> <li>Transport the sample promptly to the laboratory (≤ 1 hour). If transport is delayed, transfer a portion of the sample to a swab transport system such as Alkaline Peptone Water and Selenite medium.</li> </ol>			
Sputum (Expectorated)	<ol> <li>Sample should be collected under the direct supervision of a nurse or physician.</li> <li>Have the patient rinse or gargle with water to remove superficial flora.</li> </ol>			

Specimen type /	Collection Instructions		
Test			
	<ul><li>3. Instruct patient to cough deeply to produce lower respiratory secretions.</li><li>4. Collect in sterile container.</li></ul>		
Sputum – Induced	<ol> <li>Have the patient rinse the mouth with water after brushing the gums and tongue.</li> <li>Using a nebulizer, have the patient inhale ≈ 25 mL of a 3-10% sterile saline solution.</li> <li>Collect induced specimen in a sterile container</li> </ol>		
Throat Swab	<ol> <li>Depress the tongue with a tongue depressor.</li> <li>Sample the posterior pharynx, tonsils and inflamed areas.</li> <li>Submit swab in transport medium for culture.</li> </ol>		
Urethral Swab (male)  - Culture for <i>N.</i> gonorrhoeae	<ol> <li>Insert urogenital swab 2-4 cm into the urethral lumen.</li> <li>Rotate the swab, leave in place for at least 2 seconds to facilitate absorption.</li> <li>Submit swab in transport medium.</li> </ol>		
Urine – Indwelling Catheter	<ol> <li>Disinfect the catheter collection port with 70% alcohol.</li> <li>Use a needle and syringe to aseptically collect 5-10 mL of urine.</li> <li>Transfer sample to sterile container.</li> </ol>		
Urine – Midstream	A. Female     1. While holding the labia apart, begin voiding.     2. After several milliliters have been passed, collect a midstream portion (without stopping the flow) into a sterile transport container.		
	<ol> <li>B. Male</li> <li>Retract the foreskin (if uncircumcised).</li> <li>Begin voiding.</li> <li>After several milliliters have been passed, collect a midstream portion (without stopping the flow) into a sterile transport container.</li> </ol>		

# 2.1 COLLECTION OF STOOL

Specimen type/test	Collection Instructions	Storage/Transport
Stool Culture	A single properly collected specimen is usually enough to identify the cause of acute bacterial diarrhea. To detect a carrier state, single specimens for three consecutive days are	<ul> <li>Specimens are acceptable for culture as long as the transport fluid has not</li> </ul>

Specimen	Collection Instructions	Storage/Transport
type/test	recommended. Only one specimen per patient per day will be accepted.  All stool specimens for culture should be submitted in a transport media. The transport media is designed to maintain pH levels because some pathogens are sensitive to the pH changes associated with normal bacterial metabolism. Currently, the transport vial for culture has an orange cap and contains a red-pink fluid. If the fluid is yellow, do not use the vial; or if the fluid turns yellow after the specimen has been added, it is not acceptable for culture and must be recollected.  Stool specimens should be collected in a clean, dry container. Stool specimens should not be contaminated with water, urine, barium, or mineral oil.  Tighten the cap and shake well to mix.  Alternative collection methods:  For children in diapers, scrape up the stool with the spork in the cap assembly of the transport vial, recap, shake well, and submit.  For children with a watery diarrhea that soaks into the diaper, place a pedi urine collection bag over the child's anal area. Monitor closely, so the bag can be removed ASAP after a bowel movement to preserve as much specimen as possible in the bag. Watery specimens will tend to leak out of the pedi bag. Cut a corner from the bottom of the bag and pour contents into a transport vial.  Rectal swabs are substituted for stool culture specimens only if absolutely necessary. Insert sterile culturette swab a short distance into the rectum. Hold in place for a minimum of 30 seconds to allow the swab	turned yellow.  Do not refrigerate.  Transport ASAP to the laboratory.

Specimen	Collection Instructions	Storage/Transport
Ova and Parasite Exam	to absorb specimen and withdraw. Remove cap and place swab in culturette sleeve. Squeeze sponge to moisten swab.  • Three specimens collected on three successive days are recommended for optimum parasite detection. Collect specimen in a clean, dry container. Stool swabs are unacceptable for ova and parasite exams.  • Interfering substances - Certain substances and medications interfere with parasite detection. These are listed below:  • Specimen should not contain water or urine.  • Contamination with mineral oil, barium, bismuth, antibiotics, anti- malarials, or non-absorbable anti- diarrheal agents can prevent parasite recovery for one to several weeks.  • Purging or bowel prep agents must be cleared before the specimen can be submitted	Transport to the laboratory as soon as possible.     Do not refrigerate     Fresh liquid stool must be transported immediately and rapidly to the lab and hand delivered to the technologist on duty with verbal instructions to look for amoebae.
	for ova and parasite exam, as they are crystalline in nature and obscure any parasitic elements that might be present.	
Occult blood	<ul> <li>There are no restrictions on the number of times an occult blood test may be ordered.</li> <li>If the initial negative test, additional specimens may be required. Since gastrointestinal lesions may bleed intermittently, the recommendation is a specimen from three consecutive bowel movements.         <ul> <li>For females, do not submit specimens during, or until three days after a menstrual period.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Transport to the laboratory as soon as possible. Do not refrigerate.

Specimen	Collection Instructions	Storage/Transport
type/test	<ul> <li>Do not submit specimens while the patient has bleeding hemorrhoids or blood in the urine.</li> <li>For 7 days prior to and during the collection period, avoid aspirin or other nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, anticoagulants, or any substance which could irritate the gastro- intestinal tract, including alcohol.</li> <li>For 72 hours prior to and during the collection period, avoid:         <ul> <li>Vitamin C, or iron supplements containing Vitamin C</li> <li>Red meat</li> <li>Artichokes, mushrooms, bean sprouts, apples, oranges, bananas, grapes.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

## 2.2 COLLECTION AND TRANSPORTATION OF SINGLE-COLLECTION URINE SPECIMENS

Procedural guidelines for the collection and transportation of urine specimens to the clinical laboratory are important, because diagnostic and therapeutic decisions may be based on the results of the urinalysis. Variables such as collection method, container, transportation, and storage are significant, because they affect the outcome of the analysis.

## 2.2.1 Types of Urine Specimens

# **Patient Collection**

The following types of urine specimens can be collected by cooperative patients after instruction and without direct supervision:

- Random
- First morning or eight-hour
- Timed specimen, including 24-hour.

#### **Supervised Collection**

Collecting the following types of specimens may require supervision by, or the participation of, trained personnel from the clinical laboratory staff:

- Midstream "clean catch" specimen
- Specimen for microbiological culture
- Medicolegal cases

#### **Assisted Collection**

Collecting the following types of specimens requires the active participation of trained personnel:

- Catheter specimens
- Suprapubic aspiration specimens
- Collections from infants

## 2.2.2 Patient Instruction

Many urine specimens can be collected by the cooperative patient after simple instruction from the clinical laboratory personnel responsible for the procedure.

The following steps should be taken:

- When instructing patients, emphasize hand washing and general cleanliness
- Give patients a properly labelled specimen container and ask them to verify their name on the label
- Give oral instructions, and give a written instruction sheet or card with illustrations to the patient or display it in the area of urine collection for more information. Give patients collection instructions in their native language
- Instruct patients to secure the lid of the specimen container to prevent leakage

# 2.2.3 Collecting the Specimen

### **Random Specimen**

The random specimen may be collected at any time, but the actual time of collection (voiding) should be recorded on the specimen container. Several hours of urinary continence before collection can be necessary to provide a specimen suitable for analysis.

# First Morning or Eight-Hour Specimen

The first morning or eight-hour specimen is normally collected immediately on the patient's arising from a night's sleep. This is also known as an "overnight" or "early morning" specimen. Other eight- hour periods may also be used to accommodate insomniacs and night-shift

workers, as well as certain pediatric situations. Specimens to verify orthostatic proteinuria are collected after an eight- hour period of lying down. The bladder is emptied immediately before lying down, and the specimen is collected on arising so that the urine collected is that which accumulated while the patient was in the recumbent position. Any urine voided during the night should be collected and pooled with the first morning, voided specimen.

#### **Timed Specimen**

The timed specimen is collected at a specified time in the 24-hour period (e.g., at 10 a.m. or at a specified time in relation to another activity, such as two hours after eating a meal or immediately after prostatic massage).

#### 24 Hour Urine Specimen

If it is necessary to measure the total amount of solutes excreted in a 24-hour period, a strictly timed 24-hour specimen is required, because many solutes exhibit diurnal variations. The lowest concentrations of catecholamines, 17-hydroxysteroids, and electrolytes occur in the early morning, whereas highest concentrations occur at noon or shortly thereafter.

## "Clean Catch" Specimen

#### Male

- Before beginning the procedure, the patient should wash his hands with soap or a cleansing towel.
- Instruct the uncircumcised patient to withdraw the foreskin to expose the urethral meatus.
- With a sterile cleansing towel or the equivalent, cleanse the glans, beginning at the urethra and working away from it.
- Have the patient begin urination, passing the first portion into the bedpan or toilet.
   Collect the mid-portion in the appropriate urine specimen container without contaminating the container ("clean catch"). Any excess urine can pass into the bedpan or toilet.
- Offer assistance if the patient is unable to carry out the recommended procedure.
   Sterile gloves should be worn by the assistant.

#### **Female**

- Before beginning the procedure, the patient should wash her hands with soap or a cleansing towelette.
- Instruct the patient to squat over the bedpan or toilet.
- With a sterile cleansing towelette or the equivalent, cleanse the urethral meatus and surrounding area.
- Have the patient begin urination, passing the first portion into the bedpan or toilet.
   The midportion should be collected in the appropriate container without contaminating the container ("clean catch"). Any excess urine can pass into the

bedpan or toilet.

Offer assistance if the patient is unable to carry out the recommended procedure.
 Sterile gloves should be worn by the assistant.

## **Catheter Specimen**

A catheter specimen is one collected after inserting a catheter into the bladder through the urethra, using sterile technique. Urine may be collected as a single specimen from the catheter outflow.

## **Suprapubic Specimen**

A suprapubic specimen is one collected by aspirating urine from the distended bladder through the abdominal wall, using sterile technique.

#### Microbiological Cultures

Any of the specimens presented above may be used for microbiological culture if special precautions are taken.

#### 2.2.4 Collecting Urine Specimens from Infants and Small Children

Use paediatric and newborn urine specimen collection bags with hypoallergenic skin adhesives for children who are too young to collect a urine specimen.

#### **Random Specimen Procedure**

To collect random specimens from children, clinical personnel should do the following:

- Separate the child's legs.
- Be sure pubic and perineal areas are clean, dry, and free of mucus. Do not apply powders, oils, or lotions to the skin.
- Using a pediatric urine collection device, remove the protective paper, exposing the hypoallergenic skin adhesive attached to the bag.
  - For girls, stretch the perineum to remove skin folds. Press the adhesive firmly to the skin all around the external genitals. Be sure to start at the bridge of the skin, separate the rectum from the vagina, and work forward, avoiding contamination from the rectal area.
  - For boys, fit the bag over the penis and press the flaps firmly to the perineum.
  - Make sure the entire adhesive coating is firmly attached to the skin with no puckering of the adhesive.
- Check the container periodically (e.g., every 15 minutes).
- Retrieve the collected specimen from the patient and label it.
- Without further contamination, pour or decant the specimen into a collection cup. Label the cup and transport it.

Some laboratories may prefer to collect specimens from very young babies with cotton-wool balls, rather than affixing adhesive tape to very delicate body areas. In such cases, it is critical that the sediment microscopic be aware of the potential for exogenous structures.

#### Procedure for Collecting a Urine Specimen for Microbiological Culture

To collect a microbiological culture specimen from children, clinical personnel should do the following:

- Before beginning the procedure, clinical personnel should wash their hands with soap or cleansing towel.
- Separate the child's legs.
- Cleanse the pubic and perianal areas with soap and water, and dry them so that
  these areas are clean, dry, and free of residual soap. Do not apply powders,
  oils, or lotions to the skin.
- Remove the protective paper, exposing the hypoallergenic skin adhesive attached to the bag.
  - For girls, stretch the perineum to remove skin folds. Press the adhesive firmly to the skin all around the external genitals. Be sure to start at the bridge of the skin, separate the rectum from the vagina, and work forward, carefully avoiding contamination from the rectal area.
  - o For boys, fit the bag over the penis and press the flaps firmly to the perineum.
  - Make sure the entire adhesive coating is firmly attached to the skin with no puckering of the adhesive.
- Check the container periodically (e.g., every 15 minutes).
- Retrieve the collected specimen and label it.
- Without further contamination, pour or decant the specimen into a collection cup and secure the plastic lid. Label the cup and transport it.

# 2.2.5 Collection Containers

## Composition

The primary collection container and transport container, if applicable, should be clean, leak-proof, particle-free, and preferably made of a clear, disposable material that is inert with regard to urinary constituents. The container and closure should be free of interfering substances, e.g., detergents. Most laboratories prefer to use sterile containers for all urine collection.

#### Reuse

Do not reuse specimen containers.

#### Capacity

The primary collection container should have a capacity of at least 50 mL with a round opening at least 4.0 cm in diameter. The container should have a wide base to avoid accidental spillage. Smaller, specialized containers are used for specimens collected from young children.

## **Transport and Storage**

The container used during transportation should have a secure closure to prevent leakage of the contents during transportation. The closure should be easily applied and removed. The laboratory should ensure the integrity of the specimen identification and condition from the time of specimen submission to analysis. For example, if the specimen is refrigerated, the laboratory should ensure that the refrigerator is properly maintained and that delays in specimen delivery do not compromise specimen integrity.

#### Sterile Container

When a urine specimen is submitted for microbiological studies, the sterile containers must have secure closures. The specimen should be submitted for microbiological studies before urinalysis, unless sterile technique is used to make aliquots from a portion of the specimen for urinalysis. Sterile containers are also suggested if more than two hours elapse between specimen collection and analysis.

#### Label

The container should be designed to accept a label that will adhere during refrigeration or freezing. The label should include sufficient space for the patient's full name; unique identification number; date and time of specimen collection; and the name of the preservative in the container, if applicable. Some laboratories might need a label to include other information or a barcode.

To ensure proper specimen identification, place labels on the container, not on the closure.

## 2.2.6 Transporting and Storing Urine Specimen

#### **Transport**

If the specimen is transported, the container should have a secure closure to prevent leakage of the contents. If appropriate, use a secondary container to ensure containment of possible spills. Rapidly transport urine specimens to the laboratory for prompt examination. Laboratories should ensure the integrity of specimens during transportation (e.g., pneumatic tube systems).

#### Refrigeration

If the specimen cannot be transported and analyzed immediately, it should be refrigerated (2 to 8 °C) after collection. (See Section 2.1.6 for more information).

#### **Microbiological Examination**

If a microbiological examination is requested and the specimen cannot be transported immediately to the laboratory, take the following steps:

- Specimens may be refrigerated at 2 to 8 °C for up to 24 hours and still yield valid culture information.
- An aliquot of urine may be transferred into a transport tube containing a
  bacteriostatic preservative, several of which are commonly available; consult with
  the laboratory to perform testing. Preserved specimens do not require refrigeration.

Alternatively, where there is a very long transport time, an agar film (attached to a plastic support) may be dipped into the urine and placed into an appropriate closed container. Both agar and urine are sent to the testing laboratory, where sub-culturing may be performed from the agar sampling.

#### 2.2.7 Collection and Preservation of 24-Hour Urine Specimens

If it is necessary to measure the total amount of solutes excreted in a 24-hour period, a strictly timed 24-hour specimen is required, because many solutes exhibit diurnal variations. The lowest concentrations of catecholamines, 17-hydroxysteroids, and electrolytes occur in the early morning, whereas the highest concentrations occur at noon or shortly thereafter.

## 2.2.8 Collecting 24-Hour Urine Specimens

#### Container

Collect the specimen in one or more disposable, wide-mouthed, clean, plastic container(s) (with a plastic lid) large enough to hold about 3 L. Keep the collection container in the refrigerator or on ice during the 24-hour period. Provide amber-colour containers for light-sensitive analytes. For non-ambulatory catheterized patients, store the bag on ice; if the patient is ambulatory, empty the bag periodically and refrigerate the contents.

#### Label

The label on the collection bottle should include the patient's identification; test required; preservative used; and the dates and the times of the start and finish of the collection period. If spillage of the preservative could harm the patient, add a suitable warning to the label and explain this to the patient verbally. Basic elements of material safety data sheet (or equivalent) information should be provided to the patient.

#### **Preservative**

For patient and healthcare worker safety, a goal should be to avoid preservatives when possible. If a special preservative is required, add it to the collection bottle before the urine collection begins. See the table following Section 9.2 for appropriate preservatives. When more than one preservative type is analytically acceptable, efforts should be made to select the least hazardous additive.

#### Collection

The 24-hour collection should begin by having the patient empty his or her bladder or catheter bag at a fixed time and discard the specimen. Note the date and time that the collection started. If the preservative is a biohazard, the patient should be advised to collect the urine in a separate clean container and then carefully transfer the urine to the collection container for the laboratory.

#### Instruction

Instruct the nurse or patient to collect all voided urine during the 24-hour collection period and add it to the collection container. Written instructions must be written in simple form and in a language comprehensible to the patient.

## Completion

The collection should end exactly 24 hours after it began by having the patient empty his or her bladder, or catheter bag, and adding this specimen to the collection container.

#### 2.3 FLUID SPECIMEN COLLECTIONS

#### **Cerebrospinal Fluid**

Cerebrospinal fluid is usually collected by lumbar puncture, but may also be obtained by lateral cervical or cisternal puncture. Sterile technique is mandatory to avoid introducing bacteria.

Manometric measurements may be done and are the responsibility of the clinical service rather than the laboratory.

Usually, fluid is collected into three or four tubes for chemical, microbiologic, and cellular analysis. The tubes should be labelled according to the sequence of collection. It is preferable to have the first tube analyzed for chemical and serologic studies. Subsequent tubes should be used for microbial and cellular analysis to obtain accurate cell counts and decrease the chance of bacterial contamination.

A sterile tube must be used for microbial studies. No anticoagulant is necessary, since spinal fluid does not clot except occasionally if the puncture is traumatic. Since the volume of CSF is relatively small, the total amount collected is limited and usually varies from 10 to 20 mL in adults. Up to 8 mL may be safely removed from the smallest infant. Complications of lumbar puncture include headache, infection, and brain herniation. Rarer complications may also occur.

Test	Anticoagulant	Volume (mL)	Comments
(e.g., protein, glucose, other special tests)	None	3-5	Tube #1  If traumatic tap is suspected, cell count should also be performed on Tube 1.
Gram stain and culture	None	3-5	Tube #2
Cell count and Differential	None	3-5	Tube #3 or #4
Other tests as required (e.g., cytology)	None	3-5	Tube #4

#### **Serous Fluid**

Serous fluids (e.g., pleural, peritoneal) from large volume collections may be aliquot into smaller volumes before transport to the laboratory or in the laboratory. Specimens should be gently agitated during collection, before aliquoting, and before testing for cell counts and differentials.

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) is the recommended anticoagulant for cell counts and differentials. Refrigerated storage is adequate for cell counts and differentials for up to 24 hours. Although testing can be done on small volumes of fluid, 5 to 8 mL is recommended in the event follow up studies are needed (e.g., flow cytometry). A sterile collection tube must be used for microbial studies.

For cytology specimens, a wide range of volumes may be sent to the laboratory. As little as 15 to greater than 100 mL may be sent for analysis. A 50-mL specimen is recommended. Sterility is not required and no anticoagulant is necessary.

However, heparin and EDTA are also used. If clumps of material are present, they can be processed as a cell block. Refer to Section 10.1.1 for collection of samples for cytological examination.

Tests	Anticoagulant	Volume (mL)
RBC, WBC, differential	EDTA	5-8
Total protein, LD, glucose Amylase	Heparin, none	8-10
Gram stain, bacterial culture	SPS*, none, or anticoagulant without bactericidal or bacteriostatic effect	8-10
AFB culture	SPS, none, or anticoagulant without bactericidal or bacteriostatic effect	15-50
PAP stain, cell block	None	As Collected (raw specimen or slide smear)

<sup>\*</sup>SPS = Sodium polyanetholsulfonate

#### Synovial Fluid

The amount of fluid removed depends on the size of the joint and effusion. A 3- to 5-mL sample is ideal for laboratory analysis. However, since this may not be possible in smaller joints, the physician should prioritize the requested tests and clearly communicate with the laboratory. Specimens should not be rejected because of small volumes, since even a drop may provide definitive diagnosis in crystalline joint disease and only small volumes are needed for cell count and differential. Infected fluids may also grow organisms even if the volume is compromised. Specimen requirements are listed in table.

The following precautions should be noted. The physician must be careful not to express synovial fluid into tubes using a needle on the collection tray, previously used to remove fluid from a medicinal vial. Fluid should be thoroughly mixed after collection and before analysis in the laboratory to obtain accurate cell counts.

Some texts indicate that lithium heparin and EDTA should not be used as anticoagulants because they produce crystalline material that can be confused with pathologic crystals.

However, others have used lithium heparin and EDTA without difficulty. Oxalate should not be used because of extensive formation of calcium oxalate crystals.

Test	Anticoagulant	Volume (mL)	Comments
Cell count,	Heparin, EDTA		Can be done on a few
differential, crystals,		3-5	drops of fluid. Mix
inclusions			thoroughly.
Glucose	Fluoride or none	3-5	8-hr fast preferred
Protein	None		
CH50	None		
C3, C4	None or EDTA	3-5	Requires 1 mL
	SPS, none, or		
Culture	anticoagulant without	3-5	Sterile tube required
	bactericidal or		

	bacteriostatic effect		
PAP stain,	None	As Collected	None
Crystal studies		(raw	
		specimen)	

# **Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL)**

A fiber-optic bronchoscope is wedged into a midsize segmental bronchus, and aliquots of sterile saline are instilled and aspirated into the alveolar spaces. In this manner, cells and organisms in the alveoli distant to the bronchoscope can be sampled. The instillation volume typically is approximately 100- to 300-mL sterile saline in 20- to 50-mL aliquots.

The first aliquot should be discarded. The other aliquots are pooled for further analysis. In diffuse lung disease, the middle or lingular lobe is used as a standard site for BAL.

If a definite segment has been lavaged, this should be recorded on the request form. Aspiration of the instilled solution should be carried out with as little trauma as possible. A typical recovery is in the range of 50 to 70%. A very low recovery of less than 25% of the applied volume may appear in cases of chronic obstructive lung diseases. Low-volume recovery should be recorded on the request form.

## 2.3.1 Fluid Specimen Handling and Transport

Specimens should be transported to the laboratory promptly. Cellular degeneration of CSF can begin within one hour of collection, so cell counts should be completed as soon as possible.

# Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)

Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) specimens should be transported at ambient temperature to the testing site as soon as possible following completion of the collection procedures. CSF for microbiology testing should never be refrigerated before or after transport; since some organisms are fastidious and temperature sensitive, they have the capability of becoming nonviable.

#### **Serous Fluids**

It is also recommended that pleural, pericardial, and peritoneal fluids be transported to the testing site at ambient temperature. To preserve the integrity of these specimens, however, the testing site should be in receipt of these specimens as soon as possible after the completion of the collection procedures.

Otherwise, cell lysis, cellular degradation, and bacterial growth could occur and possibly affect the test results specimen should be refrigerated at 4 °C without a fixative. Serous fluids have a high protein content, cellular detail with Papanicolaou (PAP), H & E, or other stains will be adequately preserved with refrigeration for several days.

# **Synovial Fluids**

Synovial fluid specimens may be transported and analyzed at room temperature.

## **BAL**

Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) samples should be kept at room temperature and transported to the laboratory immediately after collection. Analysis of cell number, viability, and differential count should be performed within three hours. Preliminary tests demonstrate a deterioration of cellular characteristics after approximately six hours.

Specimens that cannot be processed within 36 hours should be discarded. Samples are often filtered using 50- to 70-µ nylon filters before staining to remove phlegm and dust.

#### 3. CYTOPATHOLOGY

# 3.1 <u>Test offered</u>

- 1) Gynecological specimen. (Cervicovaginal specimen, i.e.: Pap Smear)
- 2) Non-Gynecological specimen.
  - i. Sputum.
  - ii. Body fluids. (Urine, CSF, Pleural and ascetic fluid).
  - iii. Nipple Discharge.
  - iv. Brushing. (e.g.: Bronchial, Gastric).
  - v. Washing (e.g.: Bronchial washing/ Peritoneal Washing).
  - vi. Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology.

#### 3.2 Requisition form

- 1) Fill in the cytology form accompanying the specimen, with full details (e.g.: patient's name, MRN, IC number or passport number) and the following required information:
  - i. Nature of specimen, anatomical site
  - ii. LMP; Last menstrual period
  - iii. Adequate history including relevant previous investigations, surgery and treatment. E.g.: previous radiotherapy, IUCD user, Post LEEP or TAHBSO.
  - iv. Any Hormonal/oral contraceptive (OCP)
  - v. And any previous histology and cytology references numbers.
- 2) For urgent request, please tick the request form as "URGENT".
- 3) Complete the form with the contactable doctor in charge.
- 4) Use different barcode number for specimen from different anatomical site e.g Left and Right Breast Cyst fluid from the same patient.

## 3.3 Special instructions

- 1) Please inform urgent cases to cytology laboratory staff or noted in the requisition form, as these will only be done prior arrangement.
- 2) If more than one investigation is to be done, (e.g.: Bronchial washing for cytology and Culture for AFB) Please submit separate containers (Where possible)
- 3) It is very important that slides are prepared by the clinician e.g.; pap smear or bronchial brushing are fixed promptly and correctly to optimize the diagnostic process.

# 3.4 Specimen container

- 1) All specimens for cytological examination should be put in clean universal leak-proof containers.
- 2) Slides (Pap smear, nipple discharge, FNA, sputum, etc.) should be placed in slide mailer before being dispatched to the laboratory.
- 3) All specimens should have the same identification as that written on the request form. Specimens from different anatomical sites should be sent in separate containers, properly labelled and must be clearly itemized in the request form.

# 3.5 Specimen Collection

# A. Gynecological specimen

## **Conventional Pap Smear**

- i. Take the smear before the bimanual examination.
- ii. Do not use a lubricant on the speculum.
- iii. Gently cleanse the cervix with cotton pledget if obscured with discharge or secretion.
- iv. Place spatula at the external os and rotate through 360 degrees, lightly scraping the squamocolumnar junction.
- v. Place the collected material near the frosted end of the glass slide and smear it thinly along the entire length of the slide.
- vi. Fix the sample immediately before the smear dries up:

Fixative Duration
95% ethyl alcohol 15-30 minutes
Spray fixatives (15-20cm away) 10 minutes

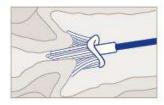
vii. Place inside the slide container and close the lid only after the fixative is dry.

# Liquid Based Cytology (LBC)

- Liquid based methods used in Lablink is a Surepath which is FDA approved.
- It requires the use of collection devices that have been endorsed by the FDA for use with the particular specimen preparation instrument.

Collect

 Collect the sample using broom like device with detachable heads



Drop

• Pull off the head of the broom by using the interior part of the vial.



Send

- Place the cap on the vial and tighten.
- Label with patient's name, IC number or MRN
- Send to the lab for processing



# B. Non-gynaecological / General cytology

## Respiratory sample

- Sputum
- Bronchial lavage
- Bronchial washing
- Tracheal aspirate
- Brushings



Figure 5: Sterile container

# **Sputum**

- 1) Early morning, deep cough specimen is preferred.
- 2) Sputum should be a deep cough specimen and contain no saliva. Collect the sputum in a sterile labeled container supplied.
- 3) Send the specimen together with a request form to the laboratory immediately. If delay, the specimen can be refrigerated 2 8 °C.

#### DO NOT FREEZE SPECIMENS

## **Brushing specimen**

- 1) The brush must be rotated gently, and immediately smeared onto a clean labeled glass slide.
- 2) Fix immediately with fixative spray or 95% alcohol.
- 3) Place inside the slide container and close the lid only after the fixative is dry.

# **Body fluids**

- Pleural
- Peritoneal
- Pericardial
- Hydrocoele
- CSF
- Synovial fluid
- Cyst fluid

- 1) Specimens are collected in clean labeled containers and dispatched immediately to the laboratory.
- 2) If a delay of more than 12 hours is anticipated, please refrigerate the specimen at 2-8 °C.

#### DO NOT FREEZE SPECIMENS

#### Urine

- 1) The requesting doctor must indicate the type of urine either voided or catheterized urine.
- 2) The first morning voided urine specimens should be avoided and do not send overnight urine sample as most of the cells in these samples have degenerated.
- 3) To help ensure the adequacy of the sample, a midstream (clean catch) specimen is recommended.
- 4) Send the urine sample to the laboratory immediately.
- 5) If the specimen cannot be transported to the laboratory immediately, the specimen should be refrigerated at 2 8 °C.

#### DO NOT FREEZE SPECIMENS

# Nipple discharge

- 1) Do imprint smear by placing the labeled slides onto the nipple. Prepare at least 2 smears.
- 2) Fix immediately the labelled slides with fixative spray or 95% alcohol.

## **Fine Needle Aspiration (FNA)**

- 1) FNAC procedure is conducted by appointment if necessary. If needed please contact the cytology department for an appointment.
- 2) Appointment requests for FNAC should be ordered only by the specialist the request forms should be filled legibly, complete with the clinical history and findings. Whenever there is more than one lump or swelling present, the clinician should indicate which lump/s or swelling/s to be aspirated. The clinician requesting the FNAC procedure should have his/her name written clearly on the request form so that they would be able to be contacted if there is any query.
- 3) Consent from the patient shall be taken by the requesting practitioner.
- 4) FNAC for superficial lesions can be performed either by clinicians or pathologists.
- 5) FNAC for deep-seated lesions and as clinically indicated is performed by the radiologist under radiological guidance or the respective specialized medical practitioner on an appointment basis.

#### FNA services provided by cytology department:

Superficial or palpable lesions.

- 1) For the location and hours of this service, please contact the cytology department for an appointment if necessary.
- 2) Fill in the cytology form with full details and the following details
  - Adequate history including relevant previous investigations and treatment.
  - ii. And any previous histology and cytology reference numbers.
- 3) If a booked FNA is cancelled, inform the cytology's staff in advance.
- 4) If you cannot refer the patient to the cytopathology department, see the technique of fine needle aspiration below.

#### **FNA Collection Procedure**

(Please note that this procedure is for palpable lesions and NOT for deepseated lesions, which should be conducted under radiological guidance)

a) Label all slides (on the frosted portion) by using a pencil with the patient's name or hospital number and site of aspiration if more than one site to be aspirate in one time. Itemized number of specimen on the request form if multiple slides collected.

Note: Do not label slides with barcodes. Put barcodes on slide container

- b) Palpate, localize and wipe aspiration site with antiseptic.
- c) Insert the needle and retract the piston to create suction in the needle.
- d) Under constant suction, move needle tip backward and forward. If possible, direct it toward different areas.
- e) Release suction before removing the needle from the lesion.
- f) Express the material/ aspirate onto the slide NEAR to the frosted end while holding the needle to prevent it from being disconnected from the syringe if the needle is blocked.
  - Refer Figure 7: Deliver material onto a slide.
- g) Place the second slide on the first, and gently but firmly allow the material to spread to the edges.
- h) Pull the 2 slides apart keeping them firmly but gently completely apposed.

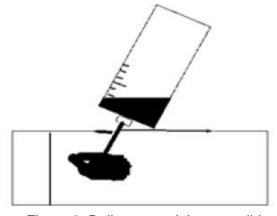
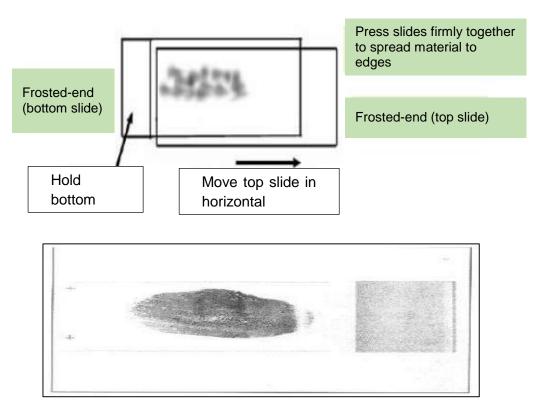


Figure 6: Deliver material onto a slide

- i) Repeat the procedure if needed.
- j) Fix slides immediately.
- k) Figure 8 shows the prepared FNA slide smear.
- Label all slides (on the frosted portion) in pencil with the patient's name or hospital number.

Note: Do not label slides with barcodes. Put barcodes on slide container.

- m) If TB is suspected clinically, rinse the needle and syringe in sterile saline and sent for mycobacterium culture.
- n) Put pressure on the aspiration site. Apply plaster.
- o) After the procedure, discard the needle into a sharps-container.
- p) Inform the patient where and when to get their results.
- q) Send the sample and the request form to the laboratory for processing and diagnosis.



(Stained smear showing the appearance of a properly smeared specimen with good distribution of material).

\*Specimen collected after office hours and which are unable to be sent to the laboratory shall be kept in the refrigerator at 2-8'C.

(Applicable for fluids)

#### 4. HISTOPATHOLOGY

# **Request of Test and Specimen Collection**

## 4.1 <u>List of services offered</u>

- A. General histopathological examination of tissue (routine HPE)
- B. Special histopathology diagnosis:
  - i. Renal biopsy with Immunofluorescence (IF) studies (Refer to Test Catalogue and Requirements for Histopathology for List of antibodies for IF)
- C. Frozen section
- D. Special stains.
- E. Immunohistochemistry (IHC) stains (Refer to Test Catalogue and Requirements for Histopathology for List of IHC antibodies)

**Note:** All histopathology specimen including frozen section specimen are sent to Histopathology laboratory on daily basis from 8.30 a.m to 5.30pm (Monday to Friday) and 8.30a.m to 12.30 p.m (Saturday) except on Sunday and Public Holiday.

There is no after hours or out-of-hours for Histopathology services at Lablink medical laboratory.

## 4.2 Requisition form

#### A. General Routine Histopathology Test

- 1. Fill in an appropriate Histopathology Requisition Form accompanying all specimen for histological examinations.
- 2. The request form must be completed with:
  - i. Patient details with at least two identifier: Name AND MRN number <u>OR</u> Date of birth OR Identification number
  - ii. Nature and anatomical site of specimen
  - iii. Diagnosis and clinical history
  - iv. Test requested (e.g. IHC, Immunofluorescence(IF) studies)
  - v. Previous history or lab number (if applicable)
  - vi. Doctors/referring clinician/surgeon's name and signature
  - vii. Specimen collection date and time
  - viii. Itemized number of specimen if multiple specimen container.
- Register and manage the specimen in the laboratory/clinic prior to sending it to the histopathology laboratory.
- 4. Use only one request form for multiple samples from a single patient undergone same surgery procedures. An appropriate information must be clearly labelled and differentiated on the respective request form.
- 5. Affix hospital barcode (if available) at the left hand side corner (or where applicable) on the request form. Do not affix any label on the information provided on the request form.
- 6. The referring clinician must ensure that high-risk samples are clearly identified on both the sample container and request form to reduce the risk of infection.
- 7. For urgent request, please mark 'URGENT' on the request form.

#### **B.** Frozen Section

- 1. Frozen section must be booked in advance with the histopathology laboratory at least 48 hours prior to the procedure via phone call followed by request form.
- 2. Frozen Section Form (please contact laboratory) must be clearly completed including the following essential information:
  - i. Patient's details; Name, NRIC or Passport no, Age and Sex
  - ii. Contact number of surgeon/consultant in charge of the case and operation theatre contact number.
  - iii. Indications for frozen section, including specimen type and purpose of frozen section procedure; e.g. margins of tumor or to confirm malignancy of tumor tissue.
  - iv. Previous HPE lab number (if applicable)
  - v. Date and time of procedure

**Note:** It is imperative that once a specimen has been sent, the operation theatre and consultants in charge telephone is kept free, so that the pathologist can communicate the result promptly.

- vi. Requestor details section
- 3. Contact histopathology services (03-40272806) to highlight its impending arrival.
- 4. If Frozen Section is cancelled or the time of expected arrival changes, ensure the histopathology services is notified.

# C. Request for Second opinion

The client (requesting doctor/clinician) can communicate directly with the pathologist specialized in the respective field for any consultation of the reports or histopathology services.

For referral or cases for second opinion, the requesting doctor/clinician is required to fill up the request form as routine cases accompanied with paraffin embedded block, stained or unstained slides and a copy of report (primary report) and submit to Histopathology laboratory via email at <a href="mailto:lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com">lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com</a> and <a href="mailto:lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com">lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com</a> and <a href="mailto:lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com">lablinkhistocyto@gmail.com</a>

The TAT of block retrieval: Same year: 3 Working days

Previous years:3 to 5 Working days

#### **Specimen Collection and Specimen Container**

- 1. In general, the specimen container must be completed with:
  - Patient details with at least two identifier: Name AND MRN number OR Date of birth OR Identification number
  - ii. Nature and anatomical site of specimen
  - iii. Date of collection
  - iv. Itemized number if multiple specimen container.
  - v. Proper fixatives; e.g. 10% buffered formalin for routine histology H&E testing.

2. Specimen for routine histological examination is to be fixed in 10% phosphate buffered formalin in adequately sized and suitable leak-proof container. The volume of formalin used more than sufficient to cover the specimen completely (at least 10 times the volume of specimen (10:1)) to be fixed. Large specimen must be entirely submerged in formalin to ensure proper fixation. The container must be labelled with an appropriate label indicating that it contains 10% buffered formalin.

**Note**: It is vital that specimens are adequately covered in 10% Neutral Buffered Formalin to ensure adequate fixation. Poor fixation can compromise the quality of the specimen and subsequent histological examination.

Specimens from different anatomical sites should be sent in separate containers and must be itemized and labeled in the same request form and the specimen container respectively.

**Note**: Write the patient's details, specimen type and anatomical site and date collection on each containers label. **DO NOT** label on the lid of container

- 4. Multiple small specimens such as gastrointestinal biopsies should ideally be mounted on a piece of filter paper and immediately put in formalin
- 5. If more than one specimen container is submitted for the same patient at the same operation/procedure, please use only one request form and clearly itemized in the request form and the specimen containers.
- 6. Do not put large specimen in a small container as this would prevent proper fixation of the tissue and also distort the specimen.
- 7. For specimen where orientation is important, mark or tag the specimen e.g., axillary tail of mastectomy specimen with important margins.
- 8. Specimen's container should have the same identifications as that written on the request forms.
- 9. Specimen for **Immunofluorescence studies** (Renal or Skin) is to be sent in Michel's transport medium or on filter paper moistened with phosphate buffered solution (PBS) to prevent specimen from drying.
- 10. For **Renal Biopsy studies**: Two specimens consist of formalin fixed tissue (light microscopy examination) and fresh tissue for immunofluorescent staining are recommended for each case for appropriate histological evaluation.

Specimen collection guideline for renal biopsy immunofluorescence:

- a. Take at least 3mm cores of fresh tissue.
- b. The specimen should be sent fresh in Michel's transport medium or on filter paper immersed in the container filled phosphate buffered solution (PBS).
- c. Transport in ice pack.

**Note**: Do not put fresh tissue specimen on gauze.

11. Specimen for **Frozen Section** are to be sent fresh WITHOUT fixative or any other preservative, in a clean container and should send <u>immediately</u> to the histopathology department.

**Safety Notes**: Don proper PPE and follow universal precaution when handling specimen. It is essential that all fresh tissue MUST be treated as though it is potentially infectious, regardless of the clinical history.

### SPECIMEN PACKAGING AND TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this guidance document is to aid and provide guidance for transporting patient specimens collected at laboratory site for diagnosis and investigational activities.

Patient specimens collected directly from human such as excreta, secretion, blood, tissue and tissue fluid swabs, culture plate and body parts that need to be transported safely, timely and efficiently to main laboratory where they will be analysed. Patient specimens should be packaged and transported safely in order to protect those involve in the transportation process from risk of infection regardless of the status of the specimens.

This guidance addresses the pre-analytical stage in handling of clinical specimens, i.e. after collecting the specimens from patients to reaching the laboratory, and includes both within hospital transport and local inter-hospital/laboratory transport of specimens.

#### PACKAGING OF SPECIMEN FOR TRANSPORT

- a. For clinics and hospitals each sample must be placed in one kangaroo bag provided with the request form
- b. Clinical specimens must be packaged to avoid leakage. In general the basic triple packaging system should be adopted.
- c. Triple packaging system
  - All specimens shall be collected in a primary container that is watertight and leak proof. The
    cap should be correctly and securely closed. As far as practicable, the primary containers
    should be kept in an upright position in a rack during transport.
  - The primary containers shall be put into a secondary container that is watertight. Several
    clinical specimens may be placed into one secondary container. Secondary containers have
    to be cleansed and disinfected if they are to be re-used.
  - Examples of secondary containers are:
    - Disposable, zip-lock plastic bags
    - Large centrifuge tubes (50 ml) with screw caps.
  - Do not stick the specimen on the request form. Specimen request forms should be put into a separate plastic bag. Alternatively, they can be put in the carrying pocket of the zip-lock plastic bag.

#### PROPER SPECIMEN HANDLING DURING TRANSPORT

- a. The outer container (transport box) must be handled gently with care. Throwing or dropping of the transport box is prohibited.
- b. Staff handling these transport boxes should maintain good personal hygiene. Hands should be washed after each session of work, when contaminated or soiled, or after removal of gloves.

- c. Staff must not touch mouth, eyes, nose and mucosal membranes prior to hand washing and definitely not with gloved hands.
- d. Specific PPE, except working uniforms, is not necessary if the packing and handling of transferred specimens and materials is properly followed.

#### **COLD CHAIN AND ROOM TEMPERATURE PACKAGING**

ROOM TEMPERATURE	COLD CHAIN (Temperature from 2°c to 8°c)
<ul> <li>Histopathology sample</li> <li>Culture Plates (Transport ≤2 hours after 18 - 24 hours of incubation at 35-37° C)</li> <li>LBC</li> <li>PAP smears</li> <li>FNAC slides</li> <li>Biopsy for Histopathology</li> <li>Hair specimen</li> <li>Nail clipping specimen</li> <li>Skin scrapping specimen</li> <li>Blood culture bottle</li> <li>PBF</li> <li>CSF (For bacterial &amp; fungal culture)</li> <li>Inoculated CMB (Cooked Meat Broth)</li> <li>Inoculated Alkaline Peptone water, Selenite Broth and Tryptone Soy Broth</li> <li>Specimen mainly for Neisseria culture</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Molecular specimen</li> <li>Plain tube</li> <li>EDTA tube</li> <li>Urine sample</li> <li>Stool sample</li> <li>Fluid *</li> <li>Biopsy for culture</li> <li>Sputum sample</li> <li>Tracheal aspirate</li> <li>Bronchial lavage</li> <li>Pleural fluid *</li> <li>Sterile body fluid *</li> <li>Genital swab (with gel)*</li> <li>Pus *</li> <li>Swabs (with gel) *</li> <li>Nasopharyngeal aspirate *</li> <li>Frozen Section</li> <li>Fresh tissue for</li> <li>Immunofluorescence studies</li> <li>Cytology fluid</li> <li>FNAC fluid</li> </ul> * > 24 hours

#### Handling of Specimen Leakage and Spillage

- a. Leaking specimens are hazardous to all staff involved in their handling. Such specimens could be rejected or discarded according to the laboratory practice.
- b. When leakage of fluid content to the outside of the outer container is encountered during transport within hospital / institution.
  - The spill should be decontaminated as soon as possible by using dedicated **Spillage Kit**.

## TEST CATALOGUE AND REQUIREMENTS

## PACKAGES / PROFILE: GENERAL LABORATORY SERVICES

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in hours and day.

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
CROOL		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP1	FULL BLOOD PICTURE / ANAEMIA PROFILE (GP1)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Reticulocyte count Platelet count White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Blood film morphology comment	2 mL EDTA blood 2 Slide Smear	1 working day	3 working days	
GP1A	FULL BLOOD COUNT (GP1A)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Reticulocyte count Platelet count White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count	2 mL EDTA blood	1 hour	4 hours	

GROUP		SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )	
OKOOI		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
GP1C	FULL BLOOD COUNT (GP1C)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Platelet count White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count ESR	2 mL EDTA blood	2 hour	4 hours
GP1Z	FULL BLOOD PICTURE / ANAEMIA PROFILE (GP1Z)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Red Cell Distribution Width (RDW) Platelet count Mean Platelet Volume (MPV) White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Reticulocyte count Blood film morphology comment by Haematologist	2.0 mL EDTA blood 2 Slide Smear	1 working day	3 working days
GP2	ANAEMIA BIOCHEMICAL PROFILE (GP2)  Serum iron Total iron binding capacity (TIBC) Serum folate Serum vitamin B12 Percentage iron saturation	6 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNARO	OUND TIME ( LTAT )	
OROOI	TROTIEE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP2A	ANAEMIA BIOCHEMICAL PROFILE (GP2A)  Serum folate Red blood cell folate folate Serum vitamin B12 Serum feritin Serum transferrin	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood	Contact Lab	3 working days	
GP4J	ANTENATAL PROFILE (GP4J)  Full blood Count (GP1C) Blood group (ABO & Rh) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Rubella IgG antibody Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
GP9	ANTENATAL PROFILE (GP9D)  Full blood Count (GP1C) Blood group (ABO & Rh) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Rubella IgG antibody Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood 20 mL fresh urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
GP10	ANTENATAL PROFILE (H) (GP10)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Blood group (ABO & Rh) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Rubella IgG antibody Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROU	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )		
CKOOI		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD		
GP11A	ARTHRITIS PROFILE (GP11A)  White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Anti-streptolysin O titre (ASOT) Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RF) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Anti-nuclear factor (ANF)	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood 8 mL heparin blood	2 working days ( Additional 2 working days for positive ANF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANF Screening)		
GP12	ARTHRITIS PROFILE (B) (GP12)  White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Uric acid Anti-streptolysin O titre (ASOT) Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RF) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre C-reactive protein (CRP) Anti-nuclear factor (ANF)	2 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANF Screening)		
GP12A	LUPUS ERYTHEMATOSUS STUDIES (GP12A)  Haemoglobin (Hb) White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Protein Albumin Globulin A/G ratio Urea Creatinine Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RF) Anti-nuclear factor (ANF)	2 mL EDTA blood 8 mL plain blood 20 mL (minimum) fresh urine	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANF Screening)		

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )		
		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
	Anti-DNA antibody Complement C3 Complement C4 Urine FEME				
GP13	AMENORRHOEA STUDIES (GP13)	7 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
	Free thyroxine (FT4) Prolactin Follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) Luteinising hormone (LH) Estradiol (E2)				
GP14	ANTENATAL ANTIBODIES STUDIES (GP14)	10 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
	Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) Toxoplasma IgG antibody Rubella IgG antibody Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IgG antibody Herpes simplex (HSV) type 1 & 2 IgG antibody Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre				
GP17	ANTIBODY STUDIES (GP17)	5 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
	Immunoglobulin G Immunoglobulin M Immunoglobulin A				
GP18	BONE METABOLISM STUDIES (GP18)	4 mL plain blood	4 hours	24 hours	
	Alkaline phosphatase Calcium Phosphorus				

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )	
OKOOI	TROTILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
GP19	CARDIAC ENZYMES (GP19)  Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Creatine Kinase (CK) Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH)	4 mL plain blood	4 hours	24 hours
GP24 GP24A	LIPID PROFILE (GP24)  Cholesterol Triglycerides HDL cholesterol Non HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio	FASTING SAMPLE 6 mL plain blood	4 hours	24 hours
GP25C	FEBRILE STUDIES (GP25C)  Haemoglobin White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Platelet count Widal test Weil felix test Monospot test Urine FEME	2 mL EDTA blood 5 mL (minimum) plain blood 20 mL fresh urine	1 working day	2 working days
GP31	HEPATITIS B SCREENING (GP31)  Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)	4 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )		
		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP31D	INFECTIOUS DISEASE PANEL (GP31D)	4 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
	Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) Hepatitis C antibodies Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre				
GP36 GP36A	LIVER FUNCTION TEST  Total protein Albumin Globulin A/G ratio Total bilirubin	6 mL plain blood	4 hours	24 hours	
	Direct bilirubin Indirect bilirubin SGOT / AST SGPT / ALT Alkaline phosphatase Gamma – GT				
GP40A	RENAL FUNCTION TEST (GP40A)  Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride	6 mL plain blood	4 hours	24 hours	

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNARO	UND TIME ( LTAT )
GROOF	PROFILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
GP40B	RENAL FUNCTION TEST (GP40B)  Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Urine FEME	6 mL (minimum) plain blood 20 mL fresh urine	4 hours	24 hours
GP43	THALASSEMIA STUDIES (GP43)  Haemoglobin (Hb) Reticulocyte count Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Blood film morphology comment Haemoglobin electrophoresis Iron Total iron binding capacity (TIBC) Percentage Iron saturation	4 mL EDTA blood 6 mL plain blood	10 working days	14 working days
GP45A	THYROID FUNCTION STUDIES (B) (GP45A)  Serum free thyroxine (FT4) Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)	4 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days
GP46A	THYROID PROFILE (A) (GP46A)  Serum free triiodothyronine (FT3) Serum free thyroxine (FT4) Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)	4 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )		
CICOI		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP51A	VENEREAL DISEASE ANTIBODIES PROFILE (GP51A)  Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre TPHA & titre Chlamydia trichomatis IgG antibody Herpes simplex virus type 1 IgG antibody Herpes simplex virus type 2 IgG antibody Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS)	6 mL plain blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	
GP61M	LABLINK EXECUTIVE PROFILE (GP61M)  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Calcium Phosphorus Cholesterol Triglyceride HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio Protein Albumin Globulin Albumin/globulin ratio Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Gamma GT Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days	

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )	
O.KOO.		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Blood group (ABO & Rh) Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RF) Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Red cell Distribution Width (RDW) Platelet count Mean platelet volume (MPV) White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Urine FEME Hepatitis B screen Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) Hepatitis A Virus Ab HAVAB AIDS screen Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS)			
<b>GP72H</b>	BRONZE EXECUTIVE HEALTH PROFILE (GP72H) – MALE & FEMALE  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Calcium Phosphorus Cholesterol Triglyceride HDL cholesterol	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE REQUIREMENT	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT )	
J. C. C.	1 101122 1201		URGENT	STANDARD
	LDL cholesterol			
	Cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio			
	Protein			
	Albumin			
	Globulin			
	Albumin/globulin ratio			
	Bilirubin			
	Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST)			
	Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)			
	Gamma GT			
	Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre			
	Blood group (ABO & Rh)			
	Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RA)			
	Haemoglobin (Hb)			
	Red cell count (RBC)			
	Packed cell volume (PCV)			
	Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC)			
	Red cell Distribution Width (RDW)			
	Platelet count			
	Mean platelet volume (MPV)			
	White blood cell count (WBC)			
	Differential count			
	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)			
	Blood film morphology comment			
	Urine FEME			
	Appearance, urine			
	Specific gravity, urine			
	pH, urine			
	Protein, urine			
	Glucose, urine Ketone, urine			
	Blood, urine			
	WBC, urine			
	RBC, urine			
	Epithelial cell, urine			

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND	UND TIME ( LTAT )
CROOL	TROTILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Cast, urine Crystal, urine Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) HAVAB Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) HbA1c MBG HCVAb			
GP72K	PLATINUM EXECUTIVE HEALTH PROFILE (GP72K) – MALE  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Calcium Phosphorus Cholesterol Triglyceride HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio Protein Albumin Globulin Albumin/globulin ratio Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Gamma GT Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROU	ND TIME ( LTAT )
		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Blood group (ABO & Rh)			
	Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RA)			
	Haemoglobin (Hb)			
	Red cell count (RBC)			
	Packed cell volume (PCV)			
	Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Red cell Distribution Width (RDW)			
	Platelet count			
	Mean platelet volume (MPV)			
	White blood cell count (WBC)			
	Differential count			
	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)			
	Blood film morphology comment			
	Appearance, urine			
	Specific gravity, urine			
	pH, urine			
	Protein, urine			
	Glucose, urine			
	Ketone, urine			
	Blood, urine			
	WBC, urine			
	RBC, urine			
	Epithelial cell, urine			
	Cast, urine			
	Crystal, urine			
	Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag)			
	Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)			
	HAVAB			
	Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) HbA1c			
	MBG			
	MBG HCVAb			
	EBV VCA IgA			
	CEA			
	AFP			
	PSA			

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND URGENT  1 - 2 working days 3 w	UND TIME ( LTAT )
	PROFILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	CA199 H pylori Ab CRP			
GP72L	PLATINUM EXECUTIVE HEALTH PROFILE (GP72L) – FEMALE  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Calcium Phosphorus Cholesterol Triglyceride HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol HDL cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio Protein Albumin Globulin Albumin/globulin ratio Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Gamma GT Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Blood group (ABO & Rh) Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RA) Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND	ND TIME ( LTAT )
O. CO.		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC)  Red call Distribution Width (DDM)			
	Red cell Distribution Width (RDW) Platelet count			
	Mean platelet volume (MPV)			
	White blood cell count (WBC)			
	Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)			
	Blood film morphology comment			
	Appearance, urine			
	Specific gravity, urine			
	pH, urine Protein, urine			
	Glucose, urine			
	Ketone, urine			
	Blood, urine WBC, urine			
	RBC, urine			
	Epithelial cell, urine			
	Cast, urine			
	Crystal, urine Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag)			
	Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab)			
	HAVAB			
	Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) HbA1c			
	MBG			
	HCVAb			
	EBV VCA IgA			
	AFP CEA			
	CA125			
	CA199			
	CA153			
	H pylori Ab CRP			
	<del></del>			

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE		UND TIME ( LTAT )
	TROTILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
GP72M	GOLD EXECUTIVE HEALTH PROFILE (GP72M) – MALE  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium Potassium Chloride Calcium Phosphorus Cholesterol Triglyceride HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Endit (Specific HDL) Cholesterol HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Albumin Globulin Albumin Globulin Albumin/globulin ratio Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Gamma GT Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre Blood group (ABO & Rh) Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RA) Haemoglobin (Hb) Red cell count (RBC) Packed cell volume (PCV) Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH) Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC) Red cell Distribution Width (RDW) Platelet count	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND URGENT	JND TIME ( LTAT )
OKOOI	TROTIEE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Mean platelet volume (MPV) White blood cell count (WBC) Differential count Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) Blood film morphology comment Appearance, urine Specific gravity, urine pH, urine Protein, urine Glucose, urine Ketone, urine Blood, urine WBC, urine RBC, urine Cast, urine Crystal, urine Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) HAVAB Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) HbA1c MBG HCVAb CRP CEA AFP PSA CA199			
GP72N	GOLD EXECUTIVE HEALTH PROFILE (GP72N) – FEMALE  Glucose TSH Uric acid Creatinine Urea Sodium	2 ml EDTA blood 10 mL plain blood 1 ml fluoride blood 20 ml (minimum) urine	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE		ND TIME ( LTAT )
O.KOO!	T KOTILL TEST	REQUIREMENT	STANDARD	
	Potassium			
	Chloride			
	Calcium			
	Phosphorus			
	Cholesterol			
	Triglyceride			
	HDL cholesterol			
	LDL cholesterol			
	Cholesterol/HDL cholesterol ratio			
	Protein			
	Albumin			
	Globulin			
	Albumin/globulin ratio			
	Bilirubin			
	Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT)			
	Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)			
	Gamma GT			
	Venereal disease research laboratory (VDRL) & titre			
	Blood group (ABO & Rh)			
	Rheumatoid arthritis factor test (RA)			
	Haemoglobin (Hb)			
	Red cell count (RBC)			
	Packed cell volume (PCV)			
	Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb (MCH)			
	Mean corpuscular Hb conc (MCHC)			
	Red cell Distribution Width (RDW)			
	Platelet count			
	Mean platelet volume (MPV)			
	White blood cell count (WBC)			
	Differential count			
	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)			
	Blood film morphology comment			
	Appearance, urine			
	Specific gravity, urine			
	pH, urine			
	Protein, urine			

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROU	IND TIME ( LTAT )
		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Glucose, urine Ketone, urine Blood, urine WBC, urine RBC, urine Epithelial cell, urine Cast, urine Crystal, urine Hepatitis B surface antigen (Hbs Ag) Hepatitis B surface antibody (Hbs Ab) HAVAB Antibody to HIV1/HIV2 (AIDS) HbA1c MBG HCVAb hs CRP CEA AFP CA125 CA199 CA153			
LiverFASt	LiverFASt SCREENING (LiverFASt)  Glucose Cholesterol Triglyceride Apolipoprotein A-1 Gamma GT Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Haptoglobin: Alpha-2 Macroglobulin Fibrosis score, Liver Activity score, Liver Steatosis score, Liver	5 mL plain blood 2 ml fluoride blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNARO	JND TIME ( LTAT )
GROOP	PROFILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
SteatoT	STEATOTEST SCREENING (SteatoT)  Glucose Cholesterol Triglyceride Apolipoprotein A-1 Gamma GT Bilirubin Alanine transaminase (SGPT/ALT) Aspartate transaminase (SGOT/AST) Haptoglobin Alpha-2 Macroglobulin Steatosis score, Liver	5 mL plain blood 2 mL fluoride blood	1 - 2 working days	3 working days
GP1R	CD4/CD8 ABSOLUTE COUNT (GP1R)  White blood cell count Lymphocyte count Total CD3 (Mature T cells) count % CD3 (Mature T cells) Total CD4 (Helper T cells) count % CD4 (Helper T cells) Total CD8 (Suppressor T cells) count % CD8 (Suppressor T cells) CD4/CD8 ratio  Note: - Specimen must be properly packaged and labelled as a biohazards Send immediately at room temperature (20°C-25°C) Specimen kept for more than 48 hours are not suitable for analysis.	4 mL fresh EDTA blood	Contact lab	1 working day Cut off: 11.00am
SPE	SERUM PROTEIN ELECTROPHORESIS  Protein & Albumin Quantitation: Total protein Albumin Globulin	5 mL plain blood	Contact lab	1 week

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE		ND TIME ( LTAT )
CKOOI	TROTILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
	Immunoglobulin Quantitation: Immunoglobulin A (Ig A) Immunoglobulin G (Ig G) Immunoglobulin M (Ig M)  Protein Fractions Quantitation: Alpha-1 globulin Alpha-2 globulin Beta globulin Beta-1 globulin Beta-2 globulin Beta-2 globulin Gamma globulin Monoclonal protein (M-protein)			
SPEP	SERUM PROTEIN ELECTROPHORESIS PLUS  Protein & Albumin Quantitation: Total protein Albumin Globulin A/G ratio  Immunoglobulin Quantitation: Immunoglobulin A (Ig A) Immunoglobulin G (Ig G) Immunoglobulin M (Ig M)  Protein Fractions Quantitation: Alpha-1 globulin Alpha-2 globulin Beta globulin Beta-1 globulin Beta-1 globulin Beta-2 globulin Gamma globulin Gamma globulin Monoclonal protein (M-protein)	5 mL plain blood	Contact lab	1 week

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROU URGENT	JND TIME ( LTAT )	
	TROTILE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
	Kappa/Lambda Free Light Chains Assay: Kappa free light chains Lambda free light chains Free Kappa/Lambda ratio				
Carlipin	Cardiolipin Antibodies Profile Cardiolipin IgA Cardiolipin IgM Cardiolipin IgG	5 mL plain blood	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AB2GP	<ul> <li>β-2 Glycoprotein 1 Antibodies Profile</li> <li>β-2 Glycoprotein 1 IgA</li> <li>β-2 Glycoprotein 1 IgM</li> <li>β-2 Glycoprotein 1 IgG</li> </ul>	5 mL plain blood	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
VariZosAb	Varicella-Zoster (Chicken Pox) Serology Profile Varicella-Zoster IgM Varicella-Zoster IgG	5 mL plain blood	Contact Lab	1 week	
MumpAb	Mumps Virus Serology Profile  Mumps IgM  Mumps IgG	5 mL plain blood	Contact Lab	1 week	
MeaslesAb	Measles (Rubeola) Antibody Profile Measles IgM Measles IgG	5 mL plain blood	Contact Lab	1 week	
GP29E	Anti-Phospholipid Syndrome Profile (GP29E)  aPTT-LA dRVVT (with reflex testing)	5 mL plain blood, with:  Minimum 3 tubes of 2mL 3.2% sodium citrate Or	5 days	1 week Additional 1 week if prolong aPTT-LA	
	Phospholipid Antibodies: Anti-cardiolipin IgG Anti-cardiolipin IgM	Minimum 3ml in 3 plastic vials each containing 1 mL of Platelet Free Plasma			

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	5 days 1 week Additional 1 week	OUND TIME ( LTAT )
O. COO.		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD
GP29V	Anti-Phospholipid Syndrome Comprehensive Profile (GP29V)  aPTT-LA dRVVT (with reflex testing)  Phospholipid Antibodies: Anticardiolipin IgG Anticardiolipin IgM Anticardiolipin IgA	5 mL plain blood, with:  Minimum 3 tubes of 2mL 3.2% sodium citrate  Or	5 days	1 week Additional 1 week if prolong aPTT-LA
	Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgG Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgM Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgA  Routine coagulation test: PT, INR, aPTT, Thrombin Time, Fibrinogen	Minimum 3ml in 3 plastic vials each containing 1 mL of Platelet Free Plasma	-	
GP29W	Anti-Phospholipid Syndrome Profile (GP29W)  Lupus Anticoagulant: aPTT-LA dRVVT (with reflex testing)  Phospholipid Antibodies: Anticardiolipin IgG Anticardiolipin IgM Anticardiolipin IgA Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgG Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgM Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgM Anti β2 Glycoprotein IgM	5 mL plain blood, with:  Minimum 3 tubes of 2mL 3.2% sodium citrate  Or  Minimum 3ml in 3 plastic vials each containing 1 mL of Platelet Free Plasma	5 days	1 week Additional 1 week if prolong aPTT-LA

# PACKAGES / PROFILE: ALLERGY SERVICES

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day.

op our	DD OF U.S. TEOT	OAMBLE DECLUBERED	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP94A	ALLERGY PANEL (FOOD)  IgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Cow's milk, Wheat, Peanut, Cashew nut, Cocoa, Rice, Cheddar cheese, Tuna, Anchovy, Crab, Shrimp, Clam, Chicken, Beef, Lemon, Orange, Banana, Pineapple	10 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94B	ALLERGY PANEL (INHALANT)  IgE, , D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, House dust (Greer Lab), Dog, Cat, Cockroach, Bermuda grass, Johnson grass, A. fumigatus, A. alternata, Mould Mix, Latex	10 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94C	MALAYSIAN ALLERGY PANEL 1 (FOOD & INHALANT)  IgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Cow's milk, Wheat, Peanut, Soy bean, Squid, Crab, Anchovy, Chicken, Dog dander, Cat dander, Cockroach, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, B. tropicalis	10 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94D	DOMESTIC ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, B. tropicalis, House dust (Greer Lab), Cockroach	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94E	SEAFOOD PANEL  IgE, Squid, Crab, Shrimp, Clam, Anchovy	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	

			LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
GP94F	PEDIATRIC FOOD ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Cow's milk, Wheat, Peanut, Soy bean, Anchovy, Chicken	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94G	MALAYSIAN ALLERGY PANEL 2 (FOOD, INHALANT, SEAFOOD, MOULD)  IgE, Banana, Beef, Chicken, Orange, Cow's milk, Crab, Egg white, Egg Yolk, Peanut, Shrimp, Soy bean, Tuna, Anchovy, Clam, Wheat, A. alternata, A. fumigatus, Bermuda Grass, C. albicans, Cat, C. herbarum, Cockroach, Dog, House Dust (Greer Lab), Johnson Grass, Latex, D. farinae, D. pteronyssinus, M. racemosus, P. notatum	10 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94H	ATOPY ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Bermuda grass, Timothy grass, Grass mix 5 (sweet vernal-, Bermuda-, Timothy grass and cultivated rye), Acacia, Australian Pine, Oil palm, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, D. microceras, T. putrescentiae, G. domesticus B. tropicalis, Kapok, Feather mix 1 (chicken-, duck-, goose down feathers), Bovine serum albumin (BSA), Horse, Dog, Cat, C. albicans, Mould mix 1 (P. notatum, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternata), Honey bee venom, Cockroach (German), Wheat flour, Gluten, Egg white, Cow's milk, α-lactalbumin, β-lactoglobulin, Casein, Chocolate, Peanut, Soybean, Hazelnut, Almond, Baker's yeast, Glutamate, Codfish, Tuna, Salmon, Crab, Prawn, Lobster, Duck meat, Beef (cooked), Pork (cooked), Chicken, Lamb meat, Cheddar cheese, Tomato, Garlic, Strawberry, Kiwi, Shellfish mix 1 (spiny lobster, oyster, clam), Coffee, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	
GP94J	FOOD ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Egg white, Egg yolk, Cow's milk, Wheat flour, Rice, Sesame, Soybean, Peanut, Hazelnut, Beef (cooked), Pork (cooked), Chicken, Shellfish mix 1 (spiny lobster, oyster, clam), Fish mix 1 (codfish, herring, mackerel, and plaice), Crab, Shrimp/Prawn, Lobster, Blue crab, Chocolate, Glutamate, Cross- reactive carbohydrate determinants	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am	

o D o U D			LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)			
GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD		
GP94K	Paediatric Allergy Panel (Food & Inhalant)  IgE, Grass mix 2 (Timothy grass, cultivated rye), Birch, Mugwort, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, Horse, Dog, Cat, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternata, Egg white, Egg yolk, Cow's milk, Codfish, α-lactalbumin, β-lactoglobulin, Casein, Bovine serum albumin (BSA), Wheat flour, Rice, Peanut, Soybean, Hazelnut, Carrot, Potato, Apple, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants		3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am		
GP94L	INHALATION ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Tree mix 1 (melaleuca, Australian pine, acacia, eucalyptus and willow), Australian Pine, Acacia, Grass mix 1 (sweet vernal-, Bermuda-, Timothy grass and cultivated rye), Oil palm, House dust mite mix 1 (D. pteronyssinus and D. farinae), Cockroach (German), Kapok, Dog, Cat, Cage bird mix 2 (budgerigar-, canary-, parrot-, lorebird-, and finch feathers), Guinea pig, Mouse, Rabbit, Hamster, Mould mix 1 (P. notatum, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternata), Mould mix 2 (P. notatum, P. brevicompactum and P. roqueforti), C. albicans, A. pullulans, C. spicifera, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	5 mL plain blood	3 working days	7 working days *Wednesday Cut-Off 10.00 am		

Please refer Appendix 2 - Allergy Profile Catalogue

## PACKAGES / PROFILE: AUTOIMMUNE SERVICES

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day.

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE REQUIREMENT	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
AiCTDp1	CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1	1 mL of separated serum	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	
AiCTDp4	CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)		
AiCTDp5	CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES / EXTRACTABLE NUCLEAR ANTIGENS PROFILE 5	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiSScp1	SYSTEMIC SCLEROSIS NUCLEOLI AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
Carlipin	CARDIOLIPIN ANTIBODIES PROFILE	2 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AB2GP	B-2-GLYCOPROTEIN 1 ANTIBODIES PROFILE	2 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiVasP1	VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1	2 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiVasP2	VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2	2 mL of separated serum	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)			
S.K.O.	1 No. 122 1201	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD		
AiVasP3	VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3	1 mL of separated serum	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)		
AiVasP4	VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4	2 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days		
AiVasP5	NEPHRITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5	2 mL of separated serum	2 mL of separated serum 2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening) 3			
AiNeuroP1	ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1	1 mL of separated serum	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)		
AiNeuroP2	ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2	1 mL of separated serum and 1 mL of CSF				
AiNeuroP3	P3 ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 1 mL of separated serum		2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)		
AiNeuroP4	NeuroP4 ENCEPHALITIS RECEPTORS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 1 mL of		1 – 2 working days	3 working days		

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
Citooi	THORIE TEST	REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
AiNeuroP5	ENCEPHALITIS RECEPTORS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5	1 mL of CSF	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiNeuroP6	PARANEOPLASTIC ANTIGEN AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 6	1 mL of separated serum or CSF	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiNeuroP7	ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 7	1 mL of separated serum and 1 mL of CSF; or 1 mL (minimum) of separated serum only	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive ANAIF Screening)	
AiNeuroP8	GANGLIOSIDE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 8	1 mL of separated serum or 2 mL of CSF	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiNeuroP9	NEUROMYELITIS OPTICA AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 9	1 ml of separated serum or 1 ml of CSF	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiMGP1	MYASTHENIA GRAVIS (MG) AUTOIMMUNITY PROFILE	1 ml of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiDMp1	DIABETES MELLITUS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1	2 mL of separated serum	2 working days	3 working days	
AiThyP1	THYROID AUTOANTIBODY SCREEN PROFILE	2 mL of separated serum 1 – 2 working days		3 working days	
AiGasP1	LIVER AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	

GROUP	PROFILE TEST	SAMPLE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
5115 51		REQUIREMENT	URGENT	STANDARD	
AiGasP2	LIVER AUTOIMMUNE IMMUNOFLUORESCENCE ASSAY 2	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiGasP3	LIVER AUTOIMMUNE SPECIFIC AUTOANTIBODY PROFILE 3	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiMyoP1	MYOSITIS PANEL/AUTOIMMUNE INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHY PROFILE 1	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	
AiMyoP2	MYOSITIS PANEL/AUTOIMMUNE INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHY PROFILE 2	1 mL of separated serum	1 – 2 working days	3 working days	

Please refer Appendix 3 - Autoimmune Profile and Individual Catalogue

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in hours.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		RNAROUND (LTAT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
1	Albumin [Alb]	Serum	Plain	Bromocresol Green	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
2	ALP [Alp]	Serum	Plain	Roche AMP Buffer IFCC	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
3	ALT [SGPT]	Serum	Plain	IFCC Modified (with pyridoxal phosphate)	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
4	Amylase [Amy]	Serum	Plain	IFCC Based - EPS	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
5	Calcium [Ca]	Serum	Plain	5-nitro-5'- methyl- BAPTA	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
6	Alpha-1-Antitrypsin [AAT]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
7	AST [SGOT]	Serum	Plain	IFCC Modified (with pyridoxal phosphate)	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
8	Direct Bilirubin [Dbili]	Serum	Plain	Diazonium salt	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
9	Total Bilirubin [Tbili]	Serum	Plain	Diazonium salt	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
10	Complement C3 [C3]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
11	Complement C4 [C4]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
12	Total Cholesterol [Chol]	Serum	Plain	Cholesterol Oxidase	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)	
	1-01	or zonnent o			INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
13	Creatine Kinase [CK]	Serum	Plain	CK-NAC IFCC	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
14	Creatinine [Crea]	Serum	Plain	Enzymatic	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
15	C-Reactive Protein [CRP]	Serum	Plain	Particle enhanced immuno- turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
16	Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase [GGT]	Serum	Plain	Enzymatic colorimetric assay	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
17	Glucose [Glu]	Plasma	Fluoride	Hexokinase	Fasting/Non Fasting (fasting : at least 8 hours)	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
18	High-Density Lipoprotein - Cholesterol [HDL]	Serum	Plain	Direct HDL, Roche 4 <sup>th</sup> Generation	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
19	IgA [IgA]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
20	IgM [IgM]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
21	IgG [IgG]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
22	Iron [Iron]	Serum	Plain	FerroZine	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
23	Lactate Dehydrogenase [LDH]	Serum	Plain	L to P, IFCC Modified	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
24	Urea [Urea]	Serum	Plain	Urease, Kinetic	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
25	Magnesium [Mg]	Serum	Plain	Xylidyl Blue	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		RNAROUND (LTAT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
26	Phosphate [Phos]	Serum	Plain	Phosphomoly bdate UV	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
27	Rheumatoid Factor [RF]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
28	Fructosamine [Fructo]	Serum	Plain	Nitrotetrazoliu Blue Colorimetric Assay	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
29	Total Protein [Prot]	Serum	Plain	Biuret Reaction	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
30	Triglyceride [Trig]	Serum	Plain	Lipase / GPO-PAP	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
31	Uric Acid [UA]	Serum	Plain	Uricase Peroxidase	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
32	UIBC [UIBC]	Serum	Plain	Direct Determinatio n with FerroZine	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
33	Ceruloplasmin [Cerulo]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
34	Sodium [Na]	Serum	Plain	ISE, indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
35	Potassium[K]	Serum	Plain	ISE,indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
36	Chloride [CI]	Serum	Plain	ISE, indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
37	Anti-Streptolysin O [ASOT]	Serum	Plain	Immunoturbid imetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
38	HbA1c [HbA1c]	Whole Blood	EDTA	Turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		RNAROUND (LTAT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
39	Urine Amylase [uAMY]	Urine	Sterile Container	IFCC Based - EPS		2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
40	Urine Creatinine [uCrea]	Urine	Sterile Container	Enzymatic	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
41	Urine Phosphate [uPhos]	Urine (24 hours)	Sterile Container	Phospho- molybdate UV	24 hours urine collection with no additive	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
42	Urine Uric Acid [uUA]	Urine	Sterile Container	Uricase Peroxidase	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
43	Urine Urea [uUrea]	Urine	Sterile Container	Urease, Kinetic	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
44	Urine Microalbumin [uMalb]	Urine	Sterile Container	Immunoturbidi metric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
45	Urine Magnesium [uMg]	Urine	Sterile Container	Xylidyl Blue	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
46	Urine Na [uNa]	Urine	Sterile Container	ISE, indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
47	Urine K [uK]	Urine	Sterile Container	ISE,indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
48	Urine CI [uCl]	Urine	Sterile Container	ISE, indirect	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
49	Urine Cannabinoids (THC) [uCan]	Urine	Sterile Container	Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in A Solution	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
50	Urine Amphetamines [uAmphe]	Urine	Sterile Container	Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in A Solution	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
51	Urine Opiates (Morphine) [uOpi]	Urine	Sterile Container	Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in A Solution	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		RNAROUND (LTAT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
52	Urine Meth- amphetamines [uMethamph]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
53	Urine Ketamine [uKetamine]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
54	Urine Cocaine [uCocaine]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
55	Urine Barbiturates [uBarbi]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
56	Urine Phencyclidine [uPCP]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
57	Urine Benzodiazepine [uBenzodi]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
58	Urine Propoxyphene (PPX) [uPropoxy]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
59	Urine Methadone [uMethadone]	Urine	Sterile Container	Rapid Test	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
60	Stone Analysis [StoneAn]	Kidney Stone	Sterile Container	Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy	Specialized Test	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
61	Apolipoprotein A-1 [ApoA1]	Serum	Plain	Immuno- turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
62	Haptoglobin [Hapto]	Serum	Plain	Immuno- turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
63	Alpha-2 Macroglobulin	Serum	Plain	Immuno- turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
64	Creatinine Clearance Test	Serum & 24 hours urine	Plain	Enzymatic	24 hours urine collection with no preservative. Information of patient's body	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	R METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)	
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
					weight and height are required.				
65	Bilirubin, Indirect	Serum	Plain	Calculation	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
66	Globulin	Serum	Plain	Calculation	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
67	LDL-Cholesterol	Serum	Plain	Calculation	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
68	TIBC	Serum	Plain	Calculation	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
69	Urine Total Protein [uProtMg/L]	Urine	Sterile Container	Turbidimetric	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
70	Urea Breath Test (UBT)	Breath	UBT collection bag	Liquid scintillation counting (LSC)	Fasting at least 4 hours	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH	2 hours	4 hours
71	СКМВ	Serum	Plain	lmmuno- turbidity	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

# **HAEMATOLOGY**

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in hours and day.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINE R	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTION S	TRANSPORTATIO N REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	TII	NAROUND ME 'AT)
								URGENT	STANDAR D
1	Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (APTT)	Blood	Citrate Tube	Electromag netic mechanical clot detection system	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH.	2 hours	4 hours
2	Bone Marrow Aspirate by Haematologist	Bone Marrow (minimum 6 slides)	Slide casing	Leishman and hematogno st stains	FBC Result 2 PBF slides Request form	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 working day	3 working days
3	Bone Marrow biopsy	Bone Marrow	Container with 10% buffered formalin	Haematoxyl in and eosin stains	Send in 10% buffered formalin in the container	Room temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH.	2 working days	3 working days
4	Blood Group & Rhesus typing	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Tile Method	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 hour	2 hours
5	Coomb's Test (Direct & Indirect)	2 ml EDTA blood, 5 ml plain blood	EDTA, Plain	Manual method	-	2- 8 ℃	Daily except Sunday & PH.	4 hours	24 hours
6	Differential count (DC)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 hour	2 hours
7	Erythrocytes sendimentation rates (ESR)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Infrared Barrier	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	2 hours	3 hours
8	G6PD	Blood spot	EDTA Tube	Immuno- flourecent	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	4 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINE R	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTION	TRANSPORTATIO N	TEST SCHEDULE		NAROUND ME
					S	REQUIREMENT			AT)
								URGENT	STANDAR D
9	Haemoglobin (Hb)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2-8℃	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
10	Haemoglobin electrophoresis	Whole Blood (4ml)	EDTA Tube, Slide smear	Capillary method	2 tubes of 2ml EDTA, FBC Result 2 PBF Slides	2-8 °C (EDTA only)	Twice a week (Monday & Thursday only, schedule may be changed due to PH)	10 working days	14 working days
11	Malarial Parasites (Blood Film for Malaria Parasite, BFMP)	Whole Blood (2ml) with or without slides	EDTA Tube/ slide casing	Microscopic method. Giemsa stains	Thick and thin smear for slides	2- 8 °C for EDTA, Room Temperature for slides	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
12	Mean corpuscular haemoglobin (MCH)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
13	Mean corpuscular haemoglobin concentrate (MCHC)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
14	Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
15	Packed cell volume (PCV)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
16	Peripheral blood film (PBF)	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Leishman stain	FBC result if pbf slide is	2- 8 °C for EDTA, Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday &	1 working day	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINE R	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTION S	TRANSPORTATIO N REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	TII (LT	NAROUND ME AT)
								URGENT	STANDAR D
		2 PBF Slides	Slide casing		sent	for slides	PH		
17	Platelet count	Whole Blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
18	Prothrombin time (PT/INR)	Whole Blood (2ml)	Citrate Tube	Electromag netic mechanical clot detection system	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH	2 hours	4 hours
19	Reticulocytes count	Whole blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
20	Total red blood cells (TRBC)	Whole blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	Not applicable	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
21	Total white blood cells (TWBC)	Whole blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Fluorescen ce Flow Cytometry	Not applicable	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
22	Peripheral blood film (PBF) by Haematologist	Whole blood (2ml)	EDTA Tube	Leishman stain	2 PBF slides FBC Result	-	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	3 working days
23	Lupus Anticoagulant - aPTT-LA - dRVVT (with reflex testing)	Whole blood (2ml)	Citrate	Viscosity based detection	Minimum 3 tubes of 3.2% sodium citrate	Room temperature within 4 hours of blood collection for 3.2% sodium citrate.	Wednesday *Cut-off	5 days	1 week Additional 1 week if
		Platelet Free Plasma (PFP)	Tube	method (VBDS)	Minimum 3ml in 3 plastic vials each containing 1 mL of PFP	Dry ice for PFP	10.30 am	o dayo	prolong aPTT-LA

# SEROLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in hours and day.

					SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
1	Anti-HAV [HAVAB]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
2	Anti-HAV IgM [HAVM]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
3	Anti-HCV [HCVAb]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
4	Alpha-Feto Protein [AFP]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
5	Anti-HBs [HbsAb]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
6	CA125 [CA125]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
7	CA153 [CA153]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
8	CA199 [CA199]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
9	CEA [CEA]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
10	C-Peptide [Cpeptid]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
11	DHEAS [DHEAS]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
		G. 202		2	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
12	Estrogen (E2) [E2estra]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
13	Ferritin [Ferr]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
14	Free PSA [FPSA]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
15	FSH [FSH]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
16	FT3 [FT3]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
17	FT4 [FT4]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
18	HBsAg [HbsAg]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
19	B-HCG[BHCG]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
20	HIV [HIV]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
21	HSV-1 IgG [HSV1G]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
22	HSV-2 IgG [HSV2G]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
23	IgE [IgE]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
24	Insulin [Insulin]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
NO	IESI	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	WIETHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
25	LH [LH]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
26	Total PSA [PSA]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
27	Prolactin [Prol]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
28	Progesterone [Prog]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
29	Parathyroid Hormone [PTH]	Serum Plasma	Plain EDTA	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
30	Thyroid Stimulating Hormone [TSH]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
31	Testosterone [Testo]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
32	Thyroglobulin [Thyroglo]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
33	Toxoplasma IgM [ToxoM]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
34	Neuron-Specific Enolase (NSE)	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Thursday	1-2 working days	3 working days
35	Rubella IgM [RubM]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
36	Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH)	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Thursday	1-2 working days	3 working days
37	Vitamin D [VitD]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
140	1201	OI LOIMLIN	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
38	Anti-CCP [CCPAb]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
39	Anti-HBc Total [HbcAb]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
40	Anti-HBc IgM [HbcM]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
41	Anti-HBe [HbeAb]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
42	Anti-Thyroglobulin [ATG]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
43	Anti-Thyroid Peroxidase (Anti-TPO) / Anti-Microsomal Antibody (AMC)	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
44	Vitamin B12 [B12]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
45	CMV IgG [CMVG]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
46	Cortisol [Cortisol]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
47	Folate [Folate]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
48	Folate RBC [FolateRC]	Whole Blood	EDTA	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Tuesday & Thursday *Cut-off 10.00 am	2 working days	3-5 working days
49	HbeAg [HbeAg]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
50	Homocysteine [Homocys]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days

					SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME
NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
51	Toxoplasma IgG [ToxoG]	Serum	Plain	CMIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
52	Growth Hormone [GH]	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent Immunometric	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
53	CMV IgM [CMVM]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
54	Insulin-like Growth Factor (IGF) [IGF1]	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent Immunometric	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
55	Estradiol (E2)	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
56	Estriol (E3) [E3estri]	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent enzyme immunoassay	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
57	Rubella IgG [RubG]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
58	Dengue IgG/IgM DenAb]	Serum / Whole Blood	Plain / EDTA	Rapid Test	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
59	Dengue NS1 Antigen [DenNS1Ag]	Serum / Whole Blood	Plain / EDTA	Rapid Test	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
60	Chikungunya IgM [ChikunM]	Serum / Whole Blood	Plain / EDTA	Rapid Test	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
61	ТРНА [ТРНА]	Serum	Plain	Particle Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days
62	Widal Weil Felix (WWF) [WWF1/WWF2]	Serum	Plain	Particle Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
63	Monospot [Mspot]	Serum	Plain	Latex Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days
64	Brucella Antibody [Bruc]	Serum	Plain	Particle Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days
65	TB-Gold Quantiferon [TBqftG]	Plasma	TB-Gold Kit	ELISA	To consult Serology Services	2 to 8 °C	Every Friday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
66	VDRL/RPR [VDRL]	Serum	Plain	Particle Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days
67	HIVPA [HIVAbPA]	Serum	Plain	Particle Agglutination	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 working day	2 working days
68	Anti-Nuclear Factor [ANF] / Anti-Nuclear Antibody [ANAIF]	Serum	Plain	Immunofluores cence	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	2 working days (Additional 2 working days for positive screening)	3 working days (Additional 3 working days for positive screening)
69	DsDNA [DNAAb]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
70	H. Pylori IgG Antibody [HPAbqn]	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent Immunometric	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
71	Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) IgA [EBVvcaA]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Monday Wednesday Friday only *Cut-off: 10.00 am	1-2 working days	3 working days
72	HSV-1 IgM [HSV1M]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Thursday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
.,,	1201	Or LONILLY	OOMTAINER	III LITTOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
73	HSV-2 IgM [HSV2M]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Thursday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
74	Chlamydia IgG [ChlaG/ChlaTraG]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Thursday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
75	CA 242 [CA242]	Serum	Plain	ELISA	-	2 to 8 °C	Thursday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
76	HIV Western Blot [HIVCfm]	Serum	Plain	Line Immunoassay	-	2 to 8 °C	Friday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
77	HCV Western Blot [HCVAbCfm]	Serum	Plain	Line Immunoassay	-	2 to 8 °C	Friday *Cut-off 10.00 am	3 working days	7 working days
78	Anti-TSH Receptor Antibody [TSHRepAB]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
79	Sex Hormone Binding Globulin [SHBG]	Serum	Plain	ECLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
80	Cyclosporine level (monoclonal)	2 ml EDTA blood	EDTA	Electro- chemilumines cence immunoassay ACLIA	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
81	Acetaminophen (PCM level)	Serum	Plain	Homogeneous enzyme immunoassay	-	2- 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST		ROUND TIME (AT)
					INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
82	Muscle-Specific Tyrosine Kinase (MuSK) Antibody	Serum	Plain	Immunofluores cence	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
83	Cardiolipin IgA	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
84	Cardiolipin IgM	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
85	Cardiolipin IgG	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	•	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
86	β-2 Glycoprotein 1 lgA	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
87	β-2 Glycoprotein 1 lgM	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
88	β-2 Glycoprotein 1 lgG	Serum	Plain	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days
89	Varicella-Zoster IgM	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME AT)
		00			INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
90	Varicella-Zoster IgG	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week
91	Mumps IgM	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week
92	Mumps IgG	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week
93	Measles IgM	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week
94	Measles IgG	Serum	Plain	CLIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Every Tuesday *Cut-off 10.30 am	Contact Lab	1 week
MAT	ERNAL SCREENING								
1	First Trimester Prenatal Screening (FirstTrim2)	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent Immunometric	Specialized Test	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	3 working days	7 working days
2	Second Trimester Prenatal Screening, Double Test (DownSnD2)	Serum	Plain	Chemiluminesc ent Immunometric	Specialized Test	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	3 working days	7 working days
FRE	E LIGHT CHAIN								
1	Free Light Chain (Kappa & Lambda) (FreeLC)	Serum	Plain	Turbidimetry	-	2 to 8 °C	Daily except Sunday & PH	1-2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST SPECIMEN	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER METHOD	METHOD	1)	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)	
		0. 202			INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
AUT	AUTOIMMUNE								
Pleas	se refer Appendix 3 – Au	utoimmune Profile	and Individual	Catalogue					

# URINALYSIS AND FLUIDS

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in hours and day.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURI TIME (	
NO	1231	3F LOIWILIN	CONTAINER	WILTHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
1	Urine FEME Urine Appearance (uApp), Specific Gravity (uSG), urine pH (upH), Urine Protein (uProt), Urine Glucose (uGlu), Urine Ketone (uKet), Urine Urobilinogen (uUrobilgen), Urine Bilirubin (uBili), Urine erythrocytes (UBlood), Urine white blood cells (uWBCul), Urine Red Blood Cells (uRBCul), Urine Epithelium (uEpi), Urine Cast (uCast), Urine Crystal (uCrys), Urine Bacteria (uBact), Urine Yeast (uYeast), Urine other (uOther).	Urine ( min 20ml)	Sterilize Urine container	3-wavelength- reflectance photometer	Preferably mid- stream urine.  Urine Stability: -Room Temperature: < 2 hours 2 -8°C: 24 hours.  Urine that is not meet acceptance criteria, will be rejected.	Room Temperature or 2 to 8°C refer to stability.	Daily except Sunday & PH basis	1 hour	2 hours
2	Urine Pregnancy test	Urine (min 20ml)	Urine container		Preferably fresh morning urine.  Urine Stability: -Room Temperature: < 2 hours 2 -8°C: 24 hours. Urine that is not meet acceptance criteria, will be rejected.	Room Temperature or 2 to 8°C refer to stability.	Daily except Sunday & PH basis	1 hour	2 hours

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	EN CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
NO	IESI	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
3	Urine Cannabinoids (Qualitative)	20 mL urine	Urine container	Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in A Solution	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH	4 hours	24 hours
4	Urine Glucose (Qualitative)	20 mL fresh urine	Urine container	3- wavelengthrefle ctance photometer	-	Room Temperature or 2 to 8°C.	Daily except Sunday & PH basis	1 hour	2 hours
5	Urine Morphine & derivatives (Opiates)	Urine ( min 20 mL)	Urine container	Kinetic Interaction of Microparticles in A Solution	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH basis	4 hours	24 hours
6	Urine Protein (Qualitative) –random	20 mL fresh urine	Urine Container	3- wavelengthrefle ctance photometer	-	Room Temperature or 2 to 8°C .	Daily except Sunday & PH	1 hour	2 hours
7	Urine Vanyl Mandelic Acid (VMA)	24 hrs urine with preservative acid HCL	Urine container	HPLC-EC	Patient shall not takes banana, coffee, tea, chocolate, ice cream/cake or any food which contains vanilla, and to discontinue aspirin, disulfiram, levopoda, reserpine, or pyridoxine two weeks prior to specimen collection.	2 to 8°C .	Daily except Sunday & PH	-	12 Days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
NO	1231	3F LOIWILIN			INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD	
8	CSF FEME  CSF appearance Cells counts Protein Glucose Chloride Microscopic Gram stain AFB stain Indian ink for Cryptococcus	CSF	Sterile Container	Microscopy	Specimen should be delivered to the lab promptly after aspiration.	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 working day	1 working day	
9	Routine FEME for other body fluid  • Fluid appearance  • Related chemical analysis	Pleural fluid/synovial fluid/aspirates	Sterile Container	Microscopy	-	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 working day	2 working days	

# **ALLERGY**

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)	
NO	1231	3F LOIWILN	CONTAINER	WETHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
			MIX INDIVIDU	AL ALLERGEN	S (ELISA-FEIA: QU	ANTITATIVE)			
1	Phadiatop Inhalant Screen [s]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
2	House Dust Mix [hx2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
3	Mould Spore Mix [mx2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
4	Pet Dander Mix [ex2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
5	Feather Mix [ex71]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
6	Occupational Chemical Mix [pax6]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
7	Common Food Mix [fx5E]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
8	Nuts Mix [fx1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
9	Seafood Mix [fx2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	WETHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
10	Cereal Mix [fx3]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
11	Spice Mix [fx72]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
			PR	OFILE (ELISA F	EIA: QUANTITATIV	/E)			
1	Allergy Panel (Food) [GP94A]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
2	Allergy Panel (Inhalant) [GP94B]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
3	Malaysian Allergy Panel 1 (Food & Inhalant) [GP94C]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
4	Domestic Allergy Panel [GP94D]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
5	Seafood Allergy Panel [GP94E]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
6	Pediatric Food Allergy Panel [GP94F]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
7	Malaysian Allergy Panel 2 (Food, Inhalant, Seafood, Mould) [GP94G]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
			PROFIL	E (IMMUNOBLO	OT: SEMI-QUANTIT	ATIVE)			
1	Atopy Allergy Panel [GP94H]	Serum	Plain tube	Immunoblot	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
140	1231	3F LOIWILIN	CONTAINER	WETTOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
2	Food Allergy Panel [GP94J]	Serum	Plain tube	Immunoblot	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
3	Paediatric Allergy Panel (Food & Inhalant) [GP94K]	Serum	Plain tube	Immunoblot	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
4	Inhalation Allergy Panel [GP94L]	Serum	Plain tube	Immunoblot	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
			INDI	VIDUAL (ELISA	FEIA: QUANTITAT	IVE)			
1	Oil Palm Pollen [p]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
2	Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus [d1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
3	Dermatophagoides farinae [d2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
4	Blomia tropicalis [Rd201]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
5	Cat Dander [e1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
6	Dog Dander [e5]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
7	Cockroach [i6]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
8	Egg White [f1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNAROUND TIME (LTAT)		
110	1231	OI LOIMEIT	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD	
9	Egg [f245]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
10	Egg Yolk [f75]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
11	Cow's Milk [f2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
12	Fish Cod [f3]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
13	Wheat [f4]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
14	Peanuts [f13]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
15	Soybean [f14]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
16	Rice [f9]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
17	Chicken [f83]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
18	Beef [f27]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
19	Cocoa [f93]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	
20	Cheese [f81]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days	

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
140	1231	OI EGIMEIY	CONTAINER	WETHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
21	Mutton [f88]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
22	Cashew Nuts [f202]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
23	Mushroom [Rf212]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
24	Curry [Rf281]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
25	Goat's Milk [Rf300]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
26	Crab [f23]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
27	Shrimp [f24]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
28	Tuna [f40]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
29	Sardine/Philchard [f61]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
30	Pacific Squid/Sotong [f58]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
31	Lobster [f80]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
32	Oyster [f290]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
	1231	OI LOIMEIT	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
33	Ikan Bilis [f313]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
34	Orange [f33]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
35	Banana [f92]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
36	Pineapple [f210]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
37	Lemon [f208]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
38	Papaya [Rf293]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
39	Latex [k82]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
40	Bermuda Grass [g2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
41	Johnson Grass [g10]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
42	Penicillium chrysogenum [m1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
43	Cladosporium herbarum [m2]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
44	Aspergillus fumigatus [m3]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		NAROUND (LTAT)
NO	1231	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	WETHOD	INSTRUCTIONS	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
45	Mucor racemosus [m4]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
46	Candida albicans [m5]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
47	Alternaria alternata [m6]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
48	Clam [f207]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days
49	Greer Labs [H1]	Serum	Plain tube	ELISA-FEIA	-	2 to 8 °C	Wednesday *Cut-off at 11.00am	3 working days	7 working days

### MICROBIOLOGY

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day and week.

Note: Preliminary result will be released within 24 hours for culture & sensitivity.

Preliminary result will be released within 1 week for fungal culture.

Preliminary result will be released within 1 week for Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
1	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Abscess or pus aspirate	Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB) or Swab with gel or in sterile container (for fungal culture)	Culture and Sensitivity	Do not send sample in needle and syringe. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*  CMB: Incubated at 35- 37°Cfor 24 hours before transportation.	Raw sample: <24 hours, hold at room temperature. If delay in transportation, keep at 2-8°C  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 24 hours before transportation.	Daily	Negative: 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
2	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Abscess or pus aspirate	Sterile, Screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Do not send sample in needle and syringe.	Keep at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	Negative : 8 weeks Positive : within 8 weeks
3	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Swab (Abscess, pus, Wound)	Swab with gel	Culture and Sensitivity	If request more than one test on a swab i.e. bacterial culture aerobes, anaerobes and fungus culture, please ensure that a separate swab sample is submitted for each test requested. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Raw sample: <24 hours, hold at room temperature. If delay in transportation, keep at 2-8°C	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 24 hours before transportation  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
4	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Bartholin Cyst Fluid	Sterile, Screw capped specimen container.  OR Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB).  OR Swab with gel.	Culture and Sensitivity	Do not send sample in needle and syringe. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Raw sample <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation, keep at 2-8°C  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 24 hours before transportation	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
5	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Bite Wound	Swab with gel. OR Sterile, screw capped specimen container. OR Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB).	Culture and Sensitivity	Do not culture animal bite wounds <12 hours old as agents are usually not recovered unless bites are on the face or hand or there is evidence of infection. Indicate type of bite wound, i.e. human or animal, on the ordering requisition.  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Swab, tissue or aspirated fluid – <24 hours at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 24 hours before transportation	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
6	Blood culture and sensitivity	Blood	Volumes :  Adult: 20 mL (10ml in aerobic and 10ml in anaerobic  Pediatric: 1mL- 3mL.	Culture and Sensitivity	*Do not incubate blood culture prior to submitting to lab.* *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, hold at room temperature. Do not refrigerate the bottle.	Daily	Positive: 2-3 days (fast growing bacteria) detection by automated blood culture system. 3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		(anaerobic & fastidious bacteria) detection by blood culture system.  Negative: 5 days
7	Culture and Sensitivity	Bone Marrow	0.5-2 mL into a pediatric blood culture bottle. OR sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.	<24 hours, hold at room temperature.	Daily	3-5 days (Sterile container). 5 days (blood culture bottle).
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar(Mac),Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC& CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate).	Daily	3-6 days.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
8	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture & Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Bronchial Washing Bronchial Brushing Broncho- Alveolar Lavage (BAL)	Sterile screw capped container. (Minimum volume at >1 mL for Bronchial Washing) OR Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB)	Culture and Sensitivity	As much sample as possible. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, Keep at 2-8°C.  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation	Bacterial and Fungal Culture & Sensitivity:  Daily  Mycobacte rium spp: Daily except Sunday & PH	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)	Culture and sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks  Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: 8 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
9	9 Culture and Sensitivity	Specimen Burn (tissue or exudate swab)	Tissue: Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB)  Exudate swab: Swab with gel	Culture and Sensitivity	Surface cultures of burn wounds may be misleading.  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Raw sample <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation, keep at 2-8°C  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation	Daily	Negative: 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler agar (Sch)		Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18- 24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		
					BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.			
10	Fungal Culture	Specimen Burn (tissue or exudate swab)	Tissue: Sterile screw capped container. Exudate swab: Swab with gel	Fungal Culture	-	<24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation, keep at 2-8°C	Daily	Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
11	Culture and Sensitivity	Catheter (intravenous or intra- arterial)	Sterile screw capped container	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, in sterile saline to prevent drying	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac),Chocolate Agar (CA)		BA, Mac & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		
12	Culture and Sensitivity	Cerebrospina I Fluid (CSF)	Bacteria: >1 mL Sterile screw capped container. OR Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth (CMB)	Culture and Sensitivity	Avoid the use of larger capacity sterile containers. Do not submit samples for microbiologic investigation on ice *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours at room temperature. Do not refrigerate the sample.  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature. If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac), Chocolate Agar (CA) & Schaedler Agar (Sch)		Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18- 24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
13	Fungal Culture	Cerebrospina I Fluid (CSF) ( >1ml)	Sterile screw capped container	Culture	Avoid the use of larger capacity sterile containers.	<24 hours at room temperature. Do not refrigerate the sample.	Daily	Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
14	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Cerebrospina I Fluid (CSF) ( >2ml)	Sterile Screw capped container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Avoid the use of larger capacity sterile containers.	<24 hours at room temperature.	Daily except Sunday & PH.	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
15	Culture and Sensitivity for N. gonorrhoeae	Cervical Swab	Swab with gel	Culture and Sensitivity	Do not use calcium alginate swab or cotton swabs as they may be inhibitory to N. gonorrhoeae.  Transport as soon as possible to the lab. Viability of N. gonorrhoeae held in transport medium decreases substantially after prolonged storage. Direct inoculation of patient sample to appropriate bacteriologic media at the bedside (if available) has been shown to increase the sensitivity of culture.  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours at room temperature.	Daily	3-5 days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), Chocolate Agar (CA) or Modified Thayer Martin Agar (MTM)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, MAC, CA or MTM incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		
16	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal culture	Corneal Scrapings	Direct culture at bedside using Blood Agar, MacConkey Agar, Chocolate Agar and Sabouraud Dextrose Agar + Gen + CHL for fungal culture. Slides of sample should also be prepared.	Culture and Sensitivity	Anesthetics may be inhibitory to some etiologic agents, a conjunctival sample may be collected prior to collecting corneal scrapings. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.  SDA: incubated at 28°C for 18-24 hours, If delay in transportation.	Local: Transport fungal culture plates as soon as possible, store plates at room temperature.  ≤ 2 hours at room Temperature (Do not refrigerate).	Daily	Bacteria: 3-5 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
17	Culture and Sensitivity	Ulcer Biopsy	Sterile screw capped container with sterile saline or in Cooked Meat Broth (CMB)	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, store at room temperature.  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature. If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation (Do not refrigerate)	Daily	Negative: 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
18	Culture and Sensitivity	Device Culture (orthopedic hardware, heart valve,etc)	Sterile screw capped specimen container with sterile saline.	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<2 hours at room temperature, <24 hours at 2-8°C.	Daily	3-5 days
19	Bacterial Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal culture	Ear (inner and outer)	Fluid sample: Send in sterile screw capped container as much sample as possible. Swab: send in transport medium (with gel).	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Fluid or swab - transport as soon as possible (<2 hours), store at room temperature.  Fluid or swab - <24 hours, store fluid at 2-8°C	Daily	Bacteria: 3-5 days Fungal Negative: 2 weeks Fungal
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac), Chocolate Agar (CA)		BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		Positive: 2-3 weeks
20	Bacterial Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal culture	Eye (conjunctiva)	Swab in transport medium (with gel).	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, hold at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C	Daily	Bacteria: 3-5 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac), Chocolate agar (CA)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
21	Culture and Sensitivity and	Faeces (stool)	Sterile screw capped container, > 5 gm (> 5 mL).	Culture and Sensitivity	Avoid contaminating sample with urine. Transport the sample promptly to the laboratory (< 1 hour). If transport is delayed, transfer a portion of the sample to an enteric pathogen transport medium such as Cary Blair. Rectal swabs for routine pathogens are not recommended except in infants.	Transport, unpreserved sample: <1 hour at room temperature, <24 hours at 4°C.  Transport, sample in transport medium: <48 hours at 4°C or room temperature.	Daily	3-5 days
		Stool in enrichment Broth	Alkaline peptone water, Selenite F broth & Tryptone Soy Broth (TSB)	Culture and Sensitivity	Peptone water: Incubated at 35-37 °C, 6-8 hours before transportation.  Selenite F Broth: Incubated at 35-37 °C, 12-18 hours before transportation.  Tryptone Soy Broth: Incubated at 35-37 °C, 18-24 hours before transportation.	Enrichment Broth ≤ 2 hours at room temperature prior incubation OR ≤ 1 hour at room temperature if not incubated.		
22	Clostridium difficile Toxin Assay	Faeces (stool): >5mls	Sterile screw capped container, volume:	Immuno- enzymatic (Rapid test)	Formed stool will not be tested unless there is an indication that the patient has	<1 hour at room temperature,	Daily	1 day

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
					toxic megacolon. Samples on infants (<1 year of age) will not be tested. Formed stool (no diagnosis of toxin megacolon) will not be processed - stool sample must be liquid, i.e. take the shape of the container.	<3 days at 2- 8°C.		
23	Stool microscopy (Ova & Parasites)	Faeces (stool) : >5 gm	Sterile screw capped container.	Microscopy	-	<24 hours, hold at room temperature.	Daily	1 day
24	Stool Occult Blood	Faeces (stool) : >5 gm	Sterile screw Capped container.	Immuno- chemical chromatogr aphic	-	Transport to the laboratory as soon as possible. Do not refrigerate.	Daily	1 day
25	Culture and Sensitivity, Fungal culture, Mycobacterium culture & sensitivity.	Fluids (Includes all aseptically obtained fluids such as: abdominal, amniotic, ascites, bile, joint, paracentesis, pericardial, peritoneal, synovial, continuous	Sterile screw capped transport container. Volume as follows: Bacterial Culture >1 mL or transport using Cooked Meat Broth. Fungal Culture: >10ml	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation (Do not refrigerate)	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive Anaerobic: 4-6 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
		ambulatory peritoneal. OR Blood culture bottle aerobic and anaerobic for routine bacterial culture)	AFB (Mycobacteria Culture): >10 mL					Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks  Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac),Chocolate Agar (CA) & Schaedler Agar (Sch)	Culture & Sensitivity	Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18- 24 hours before transportation.  BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		spp positive: Within 8 weeks
26	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Gastric Wash or Lavage	Sterile screw capped transport container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Collect first thing in the morning before patient eats. If delay is more than 4 hours add 100 mg of sodium carbonate to neutralize acidity.	<24 hours at room temperature.	Daily	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
27	Fungal Culture	Hair	Sterile screw capped specimen container.	Culture	Minimum of 10 hairs.	<24 hours, at room temperature	Daily	Fungal Negative: 2 weeks Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
28	Fungal Culture	Nail	Sterile screw capped specimen container.	Culture	-	<24 hours, at room temperature	Daily	Fungal Negative: 2 weeks Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
29	Culture and Sensitivity	Nasal Swab	Swab in transport medium (Swab with gel).	Culture and Sensitivity	-	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA) and MacConkey Agar (Mac)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, Mac & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		
30	Culture and Sensitivity	Nasopharyn- geal Aspirate	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac) & Chocolate Agar (CA)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, Mac & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		
31	Fungal Culture	Skin Scraping	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture	-	<24 hours, at room temperature	Daily	Fungal Negative: 2 weeks Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
32	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Sputum – Expectorated / Induced	Sterile, screw capped specimen container, no preservatives.	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	Local: <24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C.	Daily	3-5 days  Fungal  Negative: 2 weeks
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac) & Chocolate Agar (CA)	Culture & Sensitivity	BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)	Daily	Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
33	Mycobacteriu m culture and sensitivity	Sputum – Expectorate d/ Induced	Sterile, screw capped specimen container, no preservatives.	Culture and Sensitivity	Optimal volume is 5- 10 mL, minimum volume at 3 mL.	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C.	Daily (Exclude weekend and public holiday)	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
34	Culture and Sensitivity	Throat Swab	Swab in transport medium for culture (Swab with gel).	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C.	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (MAC) & Chocolate Agar (CA)		BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
35	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Tissue	Sterile, screw capped specimen container, with 1 mL saline.  OR Anaerobic transport media: Cooked Meat Broth	Culture and Sensitivity	Always sent as much tissue as possible.  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, store at room temperature.  CMB: <24 hours at room temperature If delay in transportation Incubate at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation (Do not refrigerate)	Daily	Negative 3-4 days  Positive Aerobic: 3-5 days  Positive (Anaerobic): 4-6 days  Fungal Negative:
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA),MacConkey Agar (MAC), Chocolate agar (CA) & Schaedler Agar (Sch)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, MAC & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.  Schaedler agar Incubated at 35-37°C with anaerobic gas pack for 18-24 hours before transportation.	Schadler agar: Anaerobic container with gas pack.  Culture plates ≤ 2 hours at Room temperature (Do not refrigerate)		2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
36	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Tissue	Sterile, screw capped specimen container, with 1 mL saline.	Culture and Sensitivity	Always submit as much tissue as possible.	<24 hours, Keep at 2-8°C.	Daily (Exclude weekend and public holiday)	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
37	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Tracheal Secretion	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Increased volume of sample facilitates the isolation of fungi.  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C	Daily	3-5 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac) & Chocolate Agar (CA)	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, Mac & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
38	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Tracheal Secretion	Sterile, Screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Increased volume of sample facilitates the isolation of mycobacteria.	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C.	Daily except Sunday & PH.	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
39	Culture and Sensitivity (For Neisseria gonorrhoeae)	Urethral Swab (male)	Swab in transport Medium (Swab with gel)	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours at room temperature.	Daily	3-5 days
40	Culture and Sensitivity	Urine (Indwelling Catheter)	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Minimum volume >1 mL  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<2 hours at room temperature, <24 hours at 2- 8°C.	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), or CNA Blood Agar (CNA) and MacConkey Agar (Mac)	Culture and sensitivity	BA, MAC & CNA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		
41	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Urine – Midstream	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Minimum volume >1 mL	<2 hours at room temperature, <24 hours at 2- 8°C.	Daily	3-5 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), or CNA Blood Agar (CNA) and MacConkey Agar (Mac)	Culture and sensitivity	BA, MAC & CNA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks
42	Mycobacterium culture and sensitivity	Urine – Midstream	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Sample volume of at least 40 mL.	<2 hours at room temperature, <24 hours at 2- 8°C.	Daily except Sunday & PH.	Mycobacterium spp Negative: 8 weeks  Mycobacterium spp positive: Within 8 weeks
43	Culture and Sensitivity	Urine - Straight Catheter	Sterile, screw capped specimen container.	Culture and Sensitivity	Minimum volume >1 mL  *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<2 hours at room temperature, <24 hours at 2- 8°C.	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), or CNA Blood Agar (CNA) and MacConkey Agar (MAC).	Culture and sensitivity	BA, MAC & CNA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		
44	Culture and Sensitivity	High Vaginal Swab and Cervical Swab	Swab in transport medium. (Swab in gel).	Culture and Sensitivity	*Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours, store at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C.	Daily	3-5 days
		Bacteria culture plates	Cultured on: Blood Agar (BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac), Chocolate Agar (CA) or MTM Agar	Culture and Sensitivity	BA, MAC, CA or MTM agar incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate).		

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	TEST SCHEDULE	LAB TURNAROUND TIME ( LTAT)
45	Culture and Sensitivity & Fungal Culture	Wound Swab	Swab in transport medium.(Swab with Gel)	Culture and Sensitivity	If requests more than one test on a swab taken from a specific site, i.e. bacterial culture aerobes, bacterial culture anaerobes and fungus culture, please ensure that a separate swab sample is submitted for each test requested. *Indicate empirical therapy on ordering requisition.*	<24 hours at room temperature. If delay in transportation keep at 2-8°C (For fungal culture only)	Daily	3-5 days  Fungal Negative: 2 weeks  Fungal Positive: 2-3 weeks.
		Bacteria Cultured on: Blood Culture Plates  Cultured on: Blood Agar(BA), MacConkey Agar (Mac) & Chocolate Agar (CA)  Culture and Sensitivity	BA, Mac & CA incubated at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours before transportation.	≤ 2 hours at room temperature (Do not refrigerate)				

## HISTOPATHOLOGY

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day (except for frozen section).

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME (AT)
	1201	OI LOIMLIN	OOMANIER	III.ZTTIOD	INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
1	HPE (Histopathological Examination)	Human tissue/body parts	Appropriate saiz of clean container, suitable with specimen saiz in 10% neutral buffered formalin (NBF).  Volume of Formalin: at least 10 times the volume of specimen (10:1) Large specimen must be entirely submerged in formalin to ensure Proper fixation.  Note:  Do not put large specimen in small containers as this would prevent proper fixation and distort the specimen.	Microscopic examination of FFPE (formalin fixed paraffin embedded) tissue sections  Hematoxylin and Eosin (H&E) staining	Immediately put tissue specimen in 10% neutral buffered formalin (NBF) after surgical removal and keep at room temperature.  Write the patient's details, specimen type and anatomical site on each container label. Do not label on the lid of container.  Specimen from different anatomical sites should be sent in separate containers and must be itemized in the same request form.  For specimen where orientation is important, mark or tag the specimen e.g., axillary tail of mastectomy specimen with important margins.	Room Temperature.  Tissue specimen in 10% neutral buffered formalin (NBF) with proper fasten container lid.  Container is placed in biohazard plastic/ specimen plastic bag to contain leakages.	Daily except Sunday and PH.	Small to Medium specimen:  1-2 working days.  Large to Complex specimen:  3 working days.  The LTAT may be extended subject to any additional investigation/ test required and will be informed to clinician by pathologist.	Small to Medium specimen 1 – 4 working days  Large to Complex specimen: 4 – 7 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		ROUND TIME (AT)
NO	1231	OI LOIMLIN	CONTAINER	METHOD	INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
2	Frozen Section (FS)	tissue/body parts	Appropriate saiz of clean container, suitable with specimen saiz WITHOUT formalin/other preservatives.	Microscopic examination	Multiple small specimens such as gastrointestinal biopsies should ideally be mounted on a piece of filter paper and immediately put in formalin.  If more than one specimen container is submitted for the same patient at the same operation/ procedure, please use only one request form and clearly itemized in the request form.  Contact Histopathology Laboratory at least 24 hours (03 4027 2806) in advance to confirm scheduling.  Record time of collection/removal from operation theatre on the request form.	Frozen specimens must be transported immediately after collection in a clean container surrounded by an ample amount of ice pack (cold chain) to keep the specimen fresh until it reaches the laboratory.	By appointment/ special arrangement with lab.	20 minutes to 45 minutes upon specimen received by pathologist. ( verbal report)	Complete H&E report: 3 to 5 working days
3	Immuno- histochemical (IHC) stain studies	Tissue block	N/A	Microscopic examination of FFPE (formalin fixed	N/A	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday and PH.	-	2 – 3 working days upon request and completion

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		AROUND TIME TAT)
	1201	OI LOIMLIN			INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
	Refer Table 1 below			paraffin embedded) tissue sections					of HPE reporting
4	Second opinion	H&E stained or unstained slides Tissue blocks	N/A	Microscopic examination of FFPE (formalin fixed paraffin embedded) tissue sections.	Provide primary HPE report together with the second opinion request.	Room Temperature	Daily except Sunday and PH.	NA	3 – 5 working days

#### Note:

- The LTAT (Laboratory Turnaround Time) might be extended for the case needs additional procedures such as decalcification (bone specimen), special stains, immunohistochemistry, discussion or second opinion depending on the complexity of the cases.
- ii.
- Hence, the diagnostic accuracy should not be compromised for the sake of speed.

  Safety Notes: It is essential that all fresh tissue MUST be treated as though it is potentially infectious, regardless of the clinical history. iii.

	Table 1: LIST OF ANTIBODY FOR IHC STAINING										
1. ALK-1	11. CD 10	21. CD 79a	31. CK 7	41. GFAP	51. p63						
Alphafetoprotein (AFP)	12. CD 15	22. Mum-1	32. CK 20	42. HMB45 (melanosome)	52. PLAP						
3. AMACR (p504s)	13. CD 20 (B-Cell)	23. CD 117 (c-kit)	33. Cyclin D1	43. HMWCK (anti-CK)	53.Progesterone Receptor (PR)						
4. Bcl-2	14. CD 21	24. CD 138	34. Desmin	44. Pax8	54. PSA						
5. Bcl 6	15. CD 23	25. CDX-2	35. Pax5	45. Ki 67	55. S100						
6. C-Myc	16. CD 30	26. CEA	36. EMA	46. Mammaglobin	56. SMA						
7. Calretenin	17. CD 34	27. Cerb2 (Her2/neu)	37. Estrogen Receptor (ER)	47. Vimentin	57. Synaptophysin						
8. Gata-3	18. CD 45 (LCA)	28. Chromogranin A	38. E- Cadherin	48. Napsin A	58. Tdt						
9. CD 3 (T-Cell)	19. CD 56	29.Pan,CK(AE1/AE3)	39. EP-CAM (Ber Ep4)	49. p16							
10.CD 5	20. CD 68	30. CK 5/6	40. TTF-1	50. p53							

## CYTOPATHOLOGY

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST	LAB TURNA	ROUND TIME (AT)
					INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
1	Conventional Pap (ps5)	Fixed smear	Slide casing	Pap stain	Fix slide immediately with 95% alcohol or fixative spray	Slide in slide casing at Room Temperature.	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
2	Liquid Based Cytology (cylc3)	Surepath Vial (Commercial)	Surepath vial	Pap stain	Tip off the brush into the vial for optimum result	Tighten cap and dispatch to lab	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
3	Body Fluids Cytology (cy1)	Peritoneal; Pericardial; Pleural	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Send immediately, if delay more than 12 hours, refrigerate at 2- 8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
4	Urine Cytology (cy1)	Urine	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Send immediately, if delay more than 12 hours, refrigerate at 2- 8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
5	CSF Cytology (cy1)	CSF	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH. (treat as URGENT)	1 to 2 working days	1 to 2 working days
6	Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology (FNA1)	FNA Slides (eg: Thyroid, Lymph Node, Breast, Salivary gland, any body lumps)	Slide casing	Pap stain	Fix slide immediately with 95% alcohol or fixative spray	Insert slide into slide casing	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		AROUND TIME TAT)
	1201	OI ZOMIZIV	OOM TAINER		INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
7	Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology (FNA1)	FNA Fluids (eg: Thyroid, Lymph Node, Breast, Salivary gland, any body lumps)	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
8	Bronchial Brushing Cytology (cy1)	Fixed smear	Slide casing	Pap stain	Fix slide immediately with 95% alcohol or fixative spray	Insert slide into slide casing	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
9	Bronchial washing Cytology (cy1)	Bronchial washing	Sterile container	Pap Stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
10	Bronchial alveolar lavage Cytology (cy1)	Bronchial alveolar lavage	Sterile container	Pap Stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday and PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
11	Cyst Fluid Cytology (cy1)	Cyst fluid	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL	TRANSPORTATION	TEST		AROUND TIME TAT)
					INSTRUCTION	REQUIREMENT	SCHEDULE	URGENT	STANDARD
12	Eye fluids/ Eye Washing Cytology (cy1)	Eye fluids/ Eye washing	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
13	Oesophageal washing Cytology (cy1)	Oesophageal washing	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
14	Oesophageal brushing cytology (cy1)	Fixed smear	Slide casing	Pap stain	Fix slide immediately with 95% alcohol or fixative spray	Insert slide into slide casing	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
15	Sputum cytology (cy1)	Sputum	Sterile container	Pap stain	Tighten the cap and separate sample if sharing with other tests	Sent immediately, if delay anticipated, refrigerate at 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days
16	Nipple discharge (cy1)	Fixed smear	Slide casing	Pap stain	Fix slide immediately with 95% alcohol or fixative spray	Insert slide into slide casing	Daily except Sunday & PH.	1 to 2 working days	3 working days

## MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS

The turnaround time is defined as laboratory turnaround time, LTAT (time from specimen is registered by lab until result reporting). The LTAT is defined in day.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
1	PCR FOR COVID-19, SARS-CoV-2 RNA DETECTION Test code: PCRcovid19	Nasopharyngeal Aspirate/ Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL)/ Sputum/ Saliva Nasopharyngeal Swab/ Oropharyngeal (Throat) Swab/ Combo (Nasal + Oral) Swab	Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 1mL) Universal Transport Medium (UTM)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Use triple layer packaging.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
2	PCR FOR RESPIRATORY PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCR33rpp2	Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL)/ Sputum Nasopharyngeal Swab/ Throat Swab/ Nasal Swab	Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 1mL) Universal Transport Medium (UTM)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 21 viral targets, 11 bacterial targets & 1 fungal target.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
3	PCR FOR RESPIRATORY BACTERIAL PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCRRB1	Nasopharyngeal Aspirate/ Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL)/ Sputum Nasopharyngeal Swab	Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 1mL) Universal Transport Medium (UTM)	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 7 bacterial targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
4	PCR FOR MENINGITIS VIRAL PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCRmeni2	Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)	Bijou Bottle/ Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 1mL)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 12 viral targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
5	PCR FOR MENINGITIS BACTERIAL PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCRmeni3	Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)	Bijou Bottle/ Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 1mL)	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 6 bacterial targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
6	RAPID PCR FOR MENINGITIS/ ENCEPHALITIS PANEL  Test code: PCRmeniR1	Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)	Bijou Bottle/ Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 0.5mL)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 7 viral targets, 6 bacterial targets & 1 fungal target.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
7	PCR FOR GASTROINTESTINAL VIRAL PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCRGI2	Raw Stool  Transport Media Preserved Stool	Sterile Container/ Stool Container (media/ preservative-free) (Min. Volume: 1mL) Cary Blair Transport Medium (liquid-based)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 6 viral targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
8	PCR FOR GASTROINTESTINAL BACTERIAL PATHOGEN PANEL  Test code: PCRGI3	Raw Stool  Transport Media Preserved Stool	Sterile Container/ Stool Container (media/ preservative-free) (Min. Volume: 1mL)  Cary Blair Transport Medium (liquid-based)	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 7 bacterial targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
9	RAPID PCR FOR GASTROINTESTINAL PANEL Test code: PCRGI1	Transport Media Preserved Stool	Cary Blair Transport Medium (liquid-based)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 5 viral targets, 13 bacterial targets & 4 parasitic targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
10	RAPID PCR FOR HCV VIRAL LOAD Test code: PCRhcvVLR	Plasma Serum	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 3mL) Plain Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 3mL)	Quantitative Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
11	RAPID PCR FOR HBV VIRAL LOAD Test code: PCRhbvQR	Plasma Serum	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 2mL) Plain Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 2mL)	Quantitative Real-Time PCR	Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
12	RAPID PCR FOR HIV-1 VIRAL LOAD Test code: PCRhivVLR	Plasma	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 3mL)	Quantitative Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
13	RAPID PCR FOR HIV-1 QUALITATIVE Test code: PCRhivQLR	EDTA Whole Blood	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 0.5mL)	Qualitative Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
14	PCR FOR STI ESSENTIAL SCREENING PANEL  Test code: PCRsti1	Genital Swab/ Oropharyngeal (Throat) Swab/ Anorectal Swab Urine (first void)/ Semen Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC)	Universal Transport Medium (UTM)  Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 3mL)  LBC Medium	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 6 bacterial targets & 1 parasitic target.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C (Room Temperature for LBC)	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
15	PCR FOR STI GENITAL ULCER PANEL  Test code: PCRsti4	Genital Swab  Urine (first void)  Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC)	Universal Transport Medium (UTM) Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 3mL) LBC Medium	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 4 viral targets & 3 bacterial targets.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C (Room Temperature for LBC)	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
16	PCR FOR HPV GENOTYPING Test code: PCRhpv1	Cervical Swab Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC)	Universal Transport Medium (UTM) LBC Medium	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Detection of 19 high-risk genotypes & 9 low-risk genotypes.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C (Room Temperature for LBC)	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
17	PCR FOR HPV GENOTYPING WITH LBC REPORT  Test code: PCRhpvLC1	Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC)	LBC Medium	Multiplex Real-Time PCR & Pap Stain	Detection of 19 high-risk genotypes & 9 low-risk genotypes, with LBC report.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C (Room Temperature for LBC)	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	3-4 working days after cut-off time.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
18	PCR FOR TROPICAL FEVER PATHOGEN PANEL Test code: PCRfv1	EDTA Whole Blood  Urine (first void)	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL) Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 3mL)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Detection of 3 viral targets, 3 bacterial targets & 1 parasitic target.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
19	PCR FOR LEPTOSPIRA DNA DETECTION  Test code: PCRIepto	EDTA Whole Blood  Urine (first void)	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL) Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 3mL)	Real-Time PCR	If patient already subjected to antibiotic therapy or duration of febrile illness >7 days, then URINE is the preferred specimen.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
20	PCR FOR DENGUE DIFFERENTIATION PANEL  Test code: PCRdenDF1	Plasma Serum	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL) Plain Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL)	Multiplex Real-Time Reverse Transcription PCR	Kindly provide info on day of fever onset & serology (NS1, IgM, IgG) results.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.
21	PCR FOR PLASMODIUM (MALARIA) DIFFERENTIATION PANEL  Test code: PCRmpDF1	EDTA Whole Blood	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL)	Multiplex Real-Time PCR	Kindly provide BFMP result.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 12pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.

NO	TEST	SPECIMEN	CONTAINER	METHOD	SPECIAL NOTE	TEST SCHEDULE	LTAT
22	PCR FOR ALPHA- THALASSEMIA DNA DETECTION  Test code: PCRaThal	EDTA Whole Blood	EDTA Blood Tube (Min. Volume: 1mL)	Multiplex PCR & Flow- Through Hybridization	Detection of 7 deletions & 8 mutations.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Every Tuesday Cut-off time: 12pm	3-7 working days after cut-off time.
23	Rapid PCR for Mycobacteria Tuberculosis/ Rifampicin Resistance Mutation Test code: PCRtbRIFRp	Sputum/ Lymph Node Aspirate/ Pleural Fluid/ Urine/ Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF)/ Bronchoalveolar Lavage (BAL)/ Gastric Aspirate/ Muscoskeletal TB (Joint Fluid)  Lymph Node Tissue/ Pleural Tissue/ Muscoskeletal TB (Bone/ Tissue)	Sterile Container (Min. Volume: 3mL)  Sterile Container with Saline	Real-Time PCR	Use triple layer packaging.  Transportation requirement: 2-8°C	Daily except Sunday & PH Cut-off time: 4pm	1-2 working days after cut-off time.

# **APPENDICES**

## LL.23-001 - Integrated Diagnostics Laboratory (IDL) Request Form

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		DIAGNOSTICS	LABOR	(E1-4536-1616)		<u> </u>	
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## LL.7-005 - Quantiferon TB Gold Request Form

LAB USE ONLY	MEDICAL LAI	BORATORY 14 (Official State of	link (M) Sdn. Bhd. 129) Jalan Pahang Barat, Jalan Pahang, 00 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. : +603 4023 4588 Ext: 6002, 600 :: +603 4023 4298
QUAN	TIFERON TB GOLD REQ	UEST FORM	
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## LL.7-017 - Immunology Request Form

LAB BARCODE



Integrated Diagnostics Laboratory Makmal Perubatan Lablink 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat Off Jalan Pahang 53000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel.: +603 4023 4588 Ext: 3009 Fax: +603 4023 4588

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Patient's Name			Requesting Doctor's Name and Address	
C/Passport No.	Clinic/Hospital Ref	erence No.	STAMP HERE	
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Encephalitis Receptors Autoimmune Profile 5	C AiNeuroP5		lasmic Autoantibody (ICA)	S ICA
Paraneoplastic Antigen Autoimmune Profile 6	S AiNeuroP6		Decarboxylase Autoantibody (GADA)	S GAE
	S AiNeuroP7		sociated-2 Autoantibody (IA-2A)	S 1A2A
Encephalitis Autoimmune Profile 7	C S AiNeuroP8	Insulin Autoan		S IAA
Ganglioside Autoimmune Profile 8			Receptor Antibody (ACREAD)	S ACH
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CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES & RHEUMATOLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES	TEST CODE
CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), double-stranded DNA (dsDNA)	AiCTDp1
CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), double-stranded DNA (dsDNA), AMA-M2, CENP-B (Centromere Protein B), Histones, Jo-1, nRNP, Nucleosome, PCNA, Sm, SS-A, SS-B, ScI-70, PM-ScI-100, Ro-52, Ribosomal P-protein, DFS70	AiCTDp4
CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5 / EXTRACTABLE NUCLEAR ANTIGENS (ENA)  AMA-M2, CENP-B (Centromere Profein B), Histones, Jo-1, nRNP, Nucleosome, PCNA, Sm, SS-A, SS-B, ScI-70, PM-ScI-100, Ro-52, Ribosomal P-profein, DFS70	AiCTDp5
INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHIES/MYOSITIS PROFILE Jo-1, PM-ScI-100, Ku, Ro-52, OJ, EJ, PL-12, PL-7, SAE1, NXP2, MDA5, TIF1γ, SRP, Mi-2α, Mi-2β, PM-ScI-75	AiMyoP1

VASCULITIS AND IMMUNE NEPHRITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES	TEST CODE
VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody (ANCA), Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Proteinase 3 (PR3), Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM)	AiVasP1
VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody (ANCA), Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Proteinase 3 (PR3), Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM)	AiVasP2
VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody (ANCA)	AiVasP3
VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Proteinase 3 (PR3), Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM)	AiVasP4
NEPHRITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE  Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), double-stranded DNA (dsDNA), Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody (ANCA), Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Proteinase 3 (PR3), Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM), Anti-Phospholipase-A2 receptor (PLA2R) Antibody Screening	AiVasP5

NEUROLOGY & ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES	TEST CODE
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), NMDARab	AiNeuroP1
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), NMDARab, NMDARcsf	AiNeuroP2
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), NMDARab, AMPA1/2ab, CASPR2ab, LGl1ab, DPPXab, GABAab	AiNeuroP3
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMUNE PROFILE 4 NMDARab, AMPA1/2ab, CASPR2ab, LGl1ab, DPPXab, GABAab	AiNeuroP4
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5 NMDARcsf, AMPA1/2csf, CASPR2csf, LGI1csf, DPPXcsf, GABAcsf	AiNeuroP5
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMUNE PROFILE 6 Amphiphysin, CV2, Hu, Yo, Ri, PnMA2, Recoverin, SOX1, Titin	AiNeuroP6
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 7 Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA), NMDARab, AMPA1/2ab, CASPR2ab, LGI1ab, DPPXab, GABAab, Amphiphysin, CV2, Hu, Yo, Ri, PnMA2, Recoverin, SOX1, Titin	AiNeuroP7
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 8 Sulfatide IgM, GM1 IgM, GM2 IgM, GM3 IgM, GM4 IgM, GD1a IgM, GD1b IgM, GD2 IgM, GD3 IgM, GT1a IgM, GT1b IgM, GQ1b IgM Sulfatide IgG, GM1 IgG, GM2 IgG, GM3 IgG, GM4 IgG, GD1a IgG, GD1b IgG, GD2 IgG, GD3 IgG, GT1a IgG, GT1b IgG, GQ1b IgG	AiNeuroP8
NEUROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 9 Aquaporin 4 (AQP4), Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein antibody (MOG)	AiNeuroP9

GASTROENTEROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES	TEST CODE
LIVER AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 Mitochondrial Antibody (AMA), Smooth Muscle Antibody (SMA), Liver Kidney Microsomal Antibody (LKM), Parietal Cell Antibody (PCA), AMA-M2, gp210, LKM-1, LC-1, M2-3E, PML, Ro-52, Sp100, SLA/LP	AiGasP1
LIVER AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2 Mitochondrial Antibody (AMA), Smooth Muscle Antibody (SMA), Liver Kidney Microsomal Antibody (LKM), Parietal Cell Antibody (PCA),	AiGasP2
LIVER AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 AMA-M2, gp210, LKM-1, LC-1, M2-3E, PML, Ro-52, Sp100, SLA/LP	AiGasP3

ENDOCRINOLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES	TEST CODE
DIABETES MELLITUS PROFILE Islet Cell Cytoplasmic Autoantibody(ICA), Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Autoantibody(GADA), Insulinoma Associated-2 Ag Autoantibody(IA-2A), Insulin Autoantibody(IAA)	AiMDp1
THYROID AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE Thyrotropin Receptor Antibody (TSHRepAb), Anti-Thyroid Peroxidase (TPO/AMC), Anti-Thyroglobulin (Anti-TG)	AiThyP1



Page 2 of 2

## LL.7-018 - SteatoTest@Liverfast Form

LAB USE ONLY



#### **LABLINK**

Integrated Diagnostics Laboratory Makmal Perubatan Lablink, 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat, Off Jalan Pahang, 53000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

STEATOTEST /	LIVERFAST	FORM		
Patient's Name		Requesting Doctor's	Name and Address	
			STAMP HERE	
C/Passport No. Clinic/Hospital Ref	erence No.			
ate of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy) Age Gender Height	Weight	Doctor's Signature:		
	kg		ONE	
Na		FA:	·	
Race   Malay   Chinese   Indian   Other		Ем	AIL	
		Ем	AIL	
Malay Chinese Indian Other	ovide drug therapy if a	EM	AIL	
Malay Chinese Indian Other  CLINICAL INFORMATION (Please processing of the processin	ovide drug therapy if a	EM	All	
Malay Chinese Indian Other  CLINICAL INFORMATION (Please processing of the processin	ovide drug therapy if a	EMany including date & ti	All	
CLINICAL INFORMATION (Please processed in the second of th	LIV	EM  Inny including date & ti  VERFAST TEST	(Compulsory to fill by sender)	
CLINICAL INFORMATION (Please processed in the second of th	LIV STEATOTES Test Code: Steat	EM  Inny including date & ti  VERFAST TEST  ST	(Compulsory to fill by sender)  LIVERFAST  Test Code: LiverFAST	
CLINICAL INFORMATION (Please processed in the second of th	LIV	EM  Inny including date & ti  VERFAST TEST  ST	(Compulsory to fill by sender)	

## LL.7-020 - Allergy Test Request Form

LAB BARCODE



#### **LABLINK**

MEDICAL LABORATORY

Integrated Diagnostics Laboratory Makmal Perubatan Lablink 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat Off Jalan Pahang 53000 Kulai Lumpur, Malaysia Tel.: +603 4023 4588 Ext: 3009 Fax.: +603 4023 4298

ALLERG	Y TEST REQUEST	FORM
Patient's Name		Requesting Doctor's Name and Address
IC/Passport No. Clin	ic/Hospital Reference No.	STAMP HERE
Malay Chinese Indian Other		Doctor's Signature:
Specimen Collection Date (dd/mm/yy)		URGENT: PHONE
Time of Collection (hh/mm)		(Please tick) FAX
Specimen Type Plain Tube   Serum (Sep	parated from Plain Tube) 📴	EMAIL
RELEVANT CLINICAL INFORI	MATION *Please i	nclude drug therapy if any
TEST REQUEST  PROFILE (ELISA-FEIA: Quantitative)	*Please check (✓) the	e test(s) required  IVIDUAL (ELISA-FEIA: Quantitative)
Allergy Panel (Food)  PROFILE NAME  USCODE  GP94A	FOOD  TEST NAME	FRUITS   US CODE
Allergy Panel (Inhalant)  Malaysian Allergy Panel 1 (Foods & Inhalant)  Seafood Panel  Seafood Panel  Paediatric Food Allergy Panel  Paediatric Food Allergy Panel  PROFILE (IMMUNOBLOT: Semi-quantitative)  PROFILE (IMMUNOBLOT: Semi-quantitative)  PROFILE (IMMUNOBLOT: Semi-quantitative)  PROFILE RAME  Atopy Allergy Panel  Food Allergy Panel  Paediatric Food Allergy Panel  Paediatric Food Allergy Panel  Paediatric Food Allergy Panel  Profile RAME  ILISCODE  ATOPY Allergy  FROFILE RAME  ILISCODE  ATOPY ALLERGEN  FROFILE	Egg White Egg Yolk Egg Rice Beef Cheddar Cheese Chicken Multton Milk Goat Milk Wineat Peanut Soybean Cashew Nut Mushroom Cocoa Curry  SEAFOOD Fish Crab Shrimp Squid Pacific Sardine Lobster Clam Allergen Oyster Anchovy Tuna	Orange
OTHER TEST (Please specify):		

1. PROFILE (ELISA-FEIA: Quantitative)	LIS CODE
ALLERGY PANEL (FOOD)	
IgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Milk, Wheat, Peanut, Cashew nut, Cocoa, Rice, Cheddar cheese, Tuna, Anchovy, Crab, Shrimp, Clam, Chicken, Beef, Lemon, Orange, Banana, Pineapple	GP94A
ALLERGY PANEL (INHALANT)	
lgE, <i>D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae,</i> House dust (Greer Lab), Dog, Cat, Cockroach, Bermuda grass, Johnson grass, <i>A. fumigatus, A. alternata,</i> Mould Spore Mix, Latex	GP94B
MALAYSIAN ALLERGY PANEL 1 (FOOD & INHALANT)	
lgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Milk, Wheat, Peanut, Soybean, Squid, Crab, Anchovy, Chicken, Dog dander, Cat dander, Cockroach, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, B. tropicalis	GP94C
DOMESTIC ALLERGY PANEL	GP94D
IgE, D. pteronyssinus , D. farinae, B. tropicalis, House dust (Greer Lab), Cockroach	GF34D
SEAFOOD ALLERGY PANEL	GP94E
IgE, Squid, Crab, Shrimp , Clam, Anchovy	GF34E
PEDIATRIC FOOD ALLERGY PANEL	GP94F
lgE, Egg White, Egg Yolk, Milk, Wheat, Peanut, Soybean, Anchovy, Chicken	GP34F
MALAYSIAN ALLERGY PANEL 2 (FOOD, INHALANT, SEAFOOD, MOULD)	
lgE, Banana, Beef, Chicken, Orange, Milk, Crab, Egg white, Egg Yolk, Peanut, Shrimp, Soybean, Tuna, Anchovy, Clam, Wheat, A. alternata, A. fumigatus, Bermuda Grass, C. albicans, Cat dander, C. herbarum, Cockroach, Dog dander, House Dust (Greer Lab), Johnson Grass, Latex, D. farinae, D. pteronyssinus, M. racemosus, P. notatum	GP94G

2. PROFILE (IMMUNOBLOT: Semi-quantitative)	LIS CODE
ATOPY ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Bermuda grass, Timothy grass, Grass mix 5 (sweet vernal-, Bermuda-, Timothy grass and cultivated rye), Acacia, Australian Pine, Oil palm, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinoe, D. microceras, T. putrescentiae, G. domesticus, B. tropicalis, Kapok, Feather mix 1 (chicken-, duck-, goose down feathers), Bovine serum albumin (BSA), Horse, Dog, Cat, C. albicans, Mould mix 1 (P. notatum, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternata), Honey bee venom, Cockroach (German), Wheat flour, Gluten, Egg white, Cow's milk, α-lactalbumin, β- lactoglobulin, Casein, Chocolate, Peanut, Soybean , Hazelnut, Almond, Baker's yeast, Glutamate, Codfish, Tuna, Salmon, Crab, Prawn, Lobster, Duck meat, Beef (cooked), Pork (cooked), Chicken, Lamb meat, Cheddar cheese, Tomato, Garlic, Strawberry, Kiwi, Shellfish mix 1 (spiny lobster, oyster, clam), Coffee, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	GP94H
FOOD ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Egg white, Egg yolk, Cow's milk, Wheat flour, Rice, Sesame, Soybean, Peanut, Hazelnut, Beef (cooked), Pork (cooked), Chicken, Shellfish mix 1 (spiny lobster, oyster, clam), Fish mix 1 (codfish, herring, mackerel, and plaice), Crab, Shrimp/Prawn, Lobster, Blue crab, Chocolate, Glutamate, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	GP94J
FOOD ALLERGY ,PEDIATRIC PANEL  IgE, Grass mix 2 (Timothy grass, cultivated rye), Birch, Mugwort, D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, Horse, Dog, Cat, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. atternata, Egg white, Egg yolk, Cow's milk, Codfish, α-lactalbumin, β-lactoglobulin, Casein, Bovine serum albumin (BSA), Wheat flour, Rice, Peanut, Soybean, Hazelnut, Carrot, Potato, Apple, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	GP94K
INHALATION ALLERGY PANEL  IgE, Tree mix 1 (melaleuca, Australian pine, acacia, eucalyptus and willow), Australian Pine, Acacia, Grass mix 1 (sweet vernal-, Bermuda-, Timothy grass and cultivated rye), Oil palm, House dust mite mix 1 (D. pteronyssinus and D. farinae), Cockroach (German), Kapok, Dog, Cat, Cage bird mix 2 (budgerigar-, canary-, parrot-, lorebird-, and finch feathers), Guinea pig, Mouse, Rabbit, Hamster, Mould mix 1 (P. notatum, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternata), Mould mix 2 (P. notatum, P. brevicompactum and P. roqueforti), C. albicans, A. pullulans, C. spicifera, Cross-reactive carbohydrate determinants	GP94L

3. MIX INDIVIDUAL ALLERGEN (ELISA: Quantitative)	
NUT MIX	fx1
Peanut, Hazel nut, Brazil nut, Almonds, Coconut	121
SEAFOOD MIX	fx2
Fish, Shrimp, Blue mussel, Tuna, Salmon	102
CEREAL MIX	fx3
Wheat, Oats, Maize, Sesame seed, Buckwheat	120
COMMON FOOD MIX	fx5E
Egg white, Milk, Fish, Wheat, Peanut, Soybean	IXSE
SPICE MIX	fx72
Basil, Fennel seed, Ginger, Anise	1772
MOULD SPORE MIX	mx2
P. chrysogenum, C. herbarum, A. fumigatus, A. alternate, C. albicans, S. rostrata	111/2
PET DANDER MIX	ex2
Cat Dander ,Dog dander, Guinea pig epithelium, Mouse, Rat	ex2
FEATHER MIX	ex71
Goose, Chicken, Duck, Turkey	ex/ i
HOUSE DUST MIX	hx2
D. pteronyssinus, D. farinae, B. germanica (german cockroach), Hollister-Stier Labs.	lix2
OCCUPATIONAL CHEMICAL MIX	pay6
Ethylene oxide, Phthalic anhydride, Formaldehyde, Chloramin T	pax6
PHADIATOP INHALANT MIX	s
Pollens, Mould Spores, Mites, Dander, etc	5



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### LL.7-004 - Prenatal Risk Screen Form

LAB BARCODE





Makmai Perubatan Labilnk 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat Off Jalan Pahang 53000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel. +603 4023 4588 Fax. +603 4023 4298

	PRENATAL RIS	K SCREEN FORM	
Patient's Name  C/Passport No.  Date of Birth (dd/mm/yy)  Age	Clinic/Hospita	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ctor's Name and Address
Diabetes: Yes No Sme	OtherNo		
specimen Collection Date (dd/mm/yy)	AM/PM	URGENT [	PHONE  FAX  EMAIL
Maternal Weight VF Pregnancy Previous History of T21, T18, T13, NTD	kg   No   Yes   No	Foetus [ LMP Date (dd/mm/yy) [ EDD (dd/mm/yy)	Single Twin
(Free Beta-HCG & PAPP-A) Required timing for blood collection CRL  NT Measurement	mm G	estation Weeks nographer, Code No.: SnD2 Hospital Code: 610	
DOUBLE TEST	(CG)		
	on is 14 weeks 0 days to 19 we	eks 6 days.  Gestation Week	Day(s)
DOUBLE TEST (AlphaBeta Test - AFP and Beta-F  Required timing for blood collection  By Ultrasound performed on (ddi)	on is 14 weeks 0 days to 19 we	50 <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u>	
DOUBLE TEST (AlphaBeta Test - AFP and Beta-h Required timing for blood collecti By Ultrasound performed on (dd/) (Trans-vaginal / Abdominal scan)	on is 14 weeks 0 days to 19 we	Gestation Week	s Day(s)
DOUBLE TEST (AlphaBeta Test - AFP and Beta-h Required timing for blood collecti By Ultrasound performed on (dd/ (Trans-vaginal / Abdominal scan) By Dates of LMP (dd/mm/yy)	on is 14 weeks 0 days to 19 we	Gestation Week	s Day(s)

## LL.7-025 - Serum Protein Electrophoresis (SPE) Request Form

LAB USE ONLY	LABLINK DICAL LABORATORY	Malonal Penubatan Labilnik, Labilnik (M) Sdn. Brid. 14 (125) Jalah Pehang Band, Off John Pehang, 53000 Kualla Lumpur, Malaysia. Tel: +603 4020 4588 Eur. 6002, 6006 Feb. +603 4020 4586
SERUM PROTEIN ELECTROPHO	ORESIS (SPE) REQUE	ST FORM
Patient's Name	mence No.  Doctor's Signate  URGENT	TAMP HERE
Moley Chinese Indien Other  CLINICAL INI IPlease provide thing therapy if a	FORMATION ny including data & time given	EMAL
TEST REQUESTS	LABORATORY	TESTS INFORMATION
TEST REQUESTS [Compulsory in 18 by sender]  Protein Electrophonesis Protein Electrophonesis Plus (Test Code: ProtEL)  (Test code: ProtEL)		TESTS INFORMATION (Available)

## LL.7-002 - Histopathology Laboratory Request Form

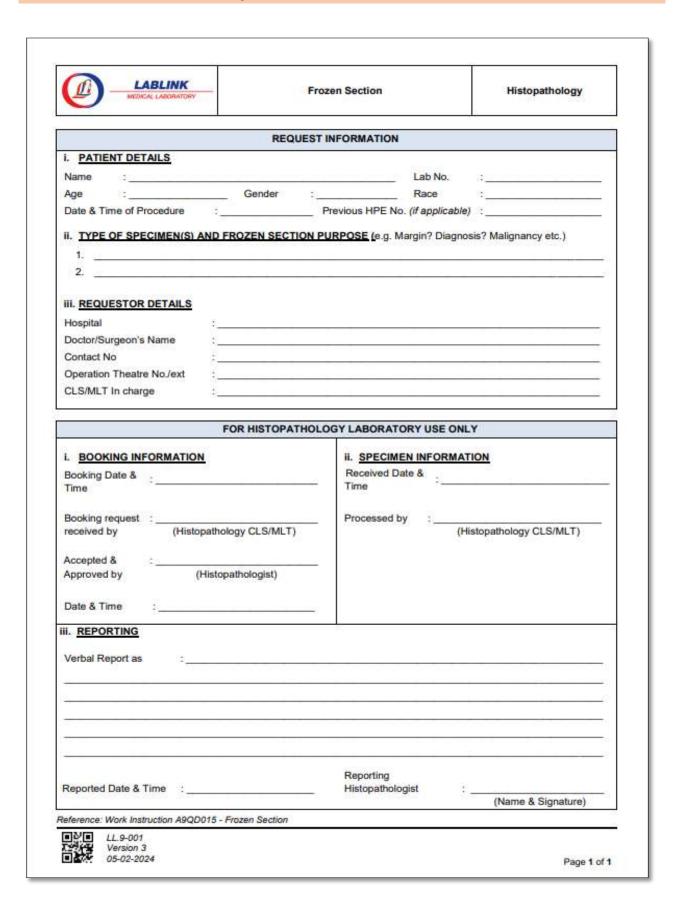
LAB USE ONLY



Histopathology Laboratory Makmal Perubatan Lablink 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat Off Jalan Pahang 5300 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

	HOLOGY LABORATORY		
ent's Name	19	Requesting Doctor's Name ar	nd Address
assport No.	Clinic/Hospital Reference No.		
			and the same
of Birth (dd/mm/yy) Age Gender		STA	MP HERE
alay Chinese Indian Other			
cimen Collection Date	Time AM / PM	Doctor's Signature:	
mm/yy)	145 (145 (175 (175 (175 (175 (175 (175 (175 (17		
of Specimen/Container Submitted:		(Please tick) FAX	
LABORATORY USE		☐ EMAIL _	
cimen Received Date	Time		ENGLISE VILLE STORY
mm/yy)	(hh/mm) AM / PM	Patient Type Inpatient	Payment Type Bill
nologist In Charge:		Outpatient	Cash
		Поправен	Licasii
	CLINICAL INFORMATION	NC	
TURE AND SITE OF SPECIMEN :			
GNOSIS:			
	SIDE LABLINK? :		
EVANT CLINICAL INFORMATION:	SIDE LABLINK? :	72	
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.):			
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.):	REQUEST *Please check (<	) the appropriate box	DDITIONAL TEST
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No.,Results etc.): NO TEST HISTOPATHOLOGY	REQUEST *Please check (✔)	A	DDITIONAL TEST
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.):	REQUEST *Please check (<	IMOUR) ER/PR	DDITIONAL TEST
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.): NO TEST HISTOPATHOLOGY E	REQUEST *Please check (✔)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA	
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No.,Results etc.):  NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E  ALL BIOPSIES  APPENDIX  BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE  BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE	REQUEST *Please check (*)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY	MOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA MOUR) IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No.,Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS	REQUEST *Please check (*)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY	REQUEST *Please check ( EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY	MOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA MOUR) IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING	REQUEST *Please check (*)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING FALLOPIAN TUBE	REQUEST *Please check (*/ EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY SINGLE OVARY	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No.,Results etc.):  NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E  APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING FALLOPIAN TUBE FIBROIDS	REQUEST *Please check (*)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY SINGLE OVARY SKIN BIOPSY	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING FALLOPIAN TUBE	REQUEST *Please check (*/ EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY SINGLE OVARY	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No.,Results etc.): NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E  ALL BIOPSIES APPENDIX BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE CERVICAL POLYPS CONE BIOPSY ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING FALLOPIAN TUBE FIBROIDS GALLBLADDER GUT RESECTION LYMPH NODES	REQUEST *Please check (*/ EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY SINGLE OVARY SKIN BIOPSY TWO OVARIES UTERUS & APPENDAGES UTERUS & APPENDAGES	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)
PREVIOUS EXAMINATION WITHIN OR OUTS YES; Details (e.g. Date, Case No., Results etc.):  NO  TEST  HISTOPATHOLOGY E  ALL BIOPSIES  APPENDIX  BIOPSIES / ADDITIONAL SITE  BONE MARROW BIOPSY / TREPHINE  CERVICAL POLYPS  CONE BIOPSY  ENDOMETRIAL CURRETTING  FALLOPIAN TUBE  FIBROIDS  GALLBLADDER  GUT RESECTION	REQUEST *Please check (*)  EXAMINATION FOR:  OTHERS LARGE ORGANS (TU OTHERS SMALL ORGANS OTHERS SMALL ORGANS (TU PARTIAL GASTRECTOMY PROSTATIC CHIPS RADICAL MASTECTOMY RENAL BIOPSY SINGLE OVARY SKIN BIOPSY TWO OVARIES UTERUS & APPENDAGES	IMOUR) ER / PR HER-2 DUA IMMUNOF	AL IN SITU HYBRIDISATION (IS FLUORESCENCE HISTOCHEMISTRY (IHC)

#### LL.9-001- Frozen Section Request Form



## LL.9-008 - Histopathology Specimen Rejection Form



atie	ent's Name:				
MRN/ID No./DOB:			Clinic/Hosp.:		
Date & Time Received:			Requesting Doctor's Name:		
ord	form testing on the specimen for the above patier		e quality of results produced, we would like to inform that your requed/on hold due to the following reasons:		
0	Rejection Criteria	Tick	Remarks		
	SECTION A: REQUEST FORM	(/)			
	Incomplete of two identifiers of patient on request form or/and specimen container; Name AND NRIC/MRN/D.O.B				
	No Requesting Physician Name/Signature				
	No nature of specimen stated on request form				
	Incomplete diagnosis/clinical details				
	SECTION B: SPECIMEN CONTAINER				
38	Improper fixative				
-	No Fixative in specimen container				
	Illegible information on request form				
	No specimen in container				
	Illegible information on specimen container				
	No label of nature and anatomical site of specimen on specimen container				
	Information on specimen label mismatch with request form				
	Information on specimen container does not match with specimen received				
	Number of specimen received do not match with the number of specimen stated on the request form	n			
	Specimen leaked from container (Describe fixative quality)				
•	Others (Please specify)				
til i	be processed until corrective action has been rectification done.	taken. Sp	ave been rejected will exceed established TAT. Request order ecimen will be hold in non-conformance box at room temperal by (Histopathology Personnel):  Date & Time:		
ori	rective Action:				
	S				
af	firm the accuracy of the corrected information	provided	and request that the specimen to be processed.		
n	sultan/Surgeon/Lab Manager/Lab In Charge ne & Stamp):	:•(E 0):E00	,		
gn	ature:				
te	& Time:				

#### LL.13-007- Cytology Request Form

LAB BARCODE	LABLI DICAL LABO	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
CYTOPATHOLOGY LAB	ORATORY	REQUEST FORM
Patient's Name		Requesting Doctor's Name and Address
IC/Pas sport No.  Clinic/Haspital R  Date of Birth (dd/mm/yy) Age Gender  M F	leference No.	
Race Malay Chinese Indian Other		Doctor's Signature:
Address		URGENT PHONE
		FAX
Specimen Collection Date Time	AM / PM	□ FAX □ □ □
(dd/mmiyy) (hh/mm)		
GYNAECOLOGICAL CYTOLOGY		NON GYNAECOLOGICAL CYTOLOGY
Date of LMP (dd/mm/yy)	Volume of Sp	secimen Submitted: ml
Test Required	No. of Sides	Submitted: Air dried Alcohol Fixed
Liquid Base (LBC) (611 200029 ~ CyLC3)	FINE NEEDLE	ASPIRATION CYTOLOGY (FNA1) (61120007)
Conventional/Side (61120001 - PS5)	Breast	
LBC + HPV DNA (61020128 - PCRHPVLC1)	Left	Right
Site	Thyroid	
Cervice/ Combined Endocentical Vaginal Vault	Left Lobe	Right Lobe
Collection Instrument	Salivary Gland	
☐ Brush ☐ Broom ☐ Spatula	Loft	Right Specify Gland
Carvix	Lymph Node	
Normal Suspicious Erosion	Site (Spe	ody):
Contraception	OTHER CYTO	LOGY (61120003)
□BCP □IU0	Respiratory Tr	
Clinical Status Pregnancy (#weeks) Post Partum (#weeks)	☐ Sputum ☐ BAL	Site
Post Meno pausal Post Meno pausal Bleeding	Bronchii	
Hormone Replacement Therapy	Body Cavity	F5 9 <del>5</del>
Hysterectomy	Pieural	☐ Peritoneal ☐ Pericardium ☐ Synovial
□Yes □No	Urine	NA
If Yes :- Total - No Cervix Present  Patient History	Voided	Catheterized
Biopsy Concurrently Submitted?	Other	
is Patient Vaccinated for HPV7 Yes No.	CSF	
Previous Abnormal Cytology ResultDate:	Other Sit	tes (Spe ofly)
F174 F184 F11		(For Cytopathology Laboratory Use Only)
Biopsy ResultDate:	Fluid Volume:	Appearance:
CLINICAL HISTORY		
	100	produced: PAP Stained: Diff Stained:
	No of unstail	ined: PAP Stained: Diff Stained:
	700000000000	58dx (100)
	CLS/MLT in	(Numi & Signature)

			Y LABORATORY USE	
	Cytopat	hology G	vnaecology Audit Forr	n
Type of specimen receive d	Site	TZ		
Conventional	Cervix		Absent	LAB BARCODE
Liquid based cytology	☐ Vault	0	Pre-sent Endocervical	
			Metaplastic	L
Sample adequacy Satisfactory for evaluation		П.		
Satisfactory for evaluation with			nsatisfactory for evaluation due t Scanty squamous cells	000
Relatively scarnty squamor		ř	Thick obscuring blood	
Partially obscuring inflame		ř	Thick obscuring inflammatory	cels
Partially obscuring blood	(0)	Ē	Suboptimal fixations	
Areas of suboptimal fixation	es	Ċ	Mainly endocervical cells pres	ent
Areas of suboptimal artifac	ts		Other:	
- 00000				
□ NEM			oithe Eal cell abnormality	
Organism present	data till barre	L	Squamous:	
Reactive, inflammation, ra Endometrial cells present		L	Glandular:	
Endonemarces present				
Buggestion:				
Advise appropriate treatment a	s clinically indicated	C	Advise colposcopic examinat	ion
Repeat smear in 3 / 3-6 / 6 mo	nths / 1 year		Advise colpos copic and biopo	w v
Repeat smear as scheduled		č	Advise further investigations	
Repeat smear earlier than screening interval				
Repeat smear earlier than son	ening interval		Refer Gyn aecologist for	
Repeat smear earlier than son  Comelate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status	patient's age,		Refer Gyn aecologist for	
Correlate with clinical findings,	patient's age,			Interpretation
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status	patient's age,		Other	
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity	patient's age,		Other	
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity  ytopreparation	patient's age,		Other	
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity ytopreparation rimary's creamer apid screener (Pathologist)  eview of Previous Cytology Smerate Reviewed:	patient's age,  Date  Selection of the content of t		Name Re	Interpretation view of previous stide(s)
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity  ytopreparation  rimary's creener  apid screener (Pathologist)  eview of Previous Cytology Smer	patient's age,		Name	Interpretation
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity ytopreparation rimary's creamer apid screener (Pathologist)  eview of Previous Cytology Smerate Reviewed:	patient's age,  Date  Selection of the content of t		Name Re	Interpretation view of previous stide(s)
Correlate with clinical findings, hormonal and menstrual status  Activity ytopreparation rimary's creamer apid screener (Pathologist)  eview of Previous Cytology Smerate Reviewed:	patient's age,  Date  Selection of the content of t		Name Re	Interpretation view of previous stide(s)

#### LL.7-006 - Microbiology Laboratory Request Form

LAB BARCODE	<i>n</i> _	LABLI	NK	Microbiology Laboratory Material Penubatan Labi 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Off Jalan Pahang	ins Dant
The second secon		REDICAL LABO	DRATORY	53000 Kinda Lumpur, Malaysia Tel.: +603 4023 4580 Ext. 5000 Fax: +603 4023 4296	
MICROBI	OLOGY LABOR	RATORY RE	QUEST FORM		
Patient's Name			Requesting Doctor's N	ame and Address	
ICIPasaport No.  Date of Birth (ddirmi/yy) Age Gender	Clinic/Hospita	Reference No.		TAMP HERE	
Race   Chinese   Index   Other			G. Grown and Market and Co.	<del></del>	
Specimen Collection Date (dd/mm/yy)			URGENT: PHO	NE.	-
Time of Collection (Milmin)	AM / PM		FAX	-	-
RELEVANT CLINICAL IN		*Diogga Inch	de antimicrobial t		
Abscess**  Abscess**  Abscess**  Acids sweb  Bartholin Cyst / Abscess*  Bartholin Cyst / Abscess*  Colon Biopsy  Bronchise Lavage  Bronchise Lavage  Bronchise Lavage  Bronchise Lavage  Conference Colon Biopsy  Co	Groin (Iwe) Itali High Vagin Knee Aapk Low Vagin Mail Screen Massi Swe Participan Participan Plaural Flu genbodylares:  GUEST *Pies	SS Check (*) 1  SS Check (*) 1	he test required  MYCOBACTE  Extra Mycobacterum Culture  Liques Culture  Liques Cantane  Liques MID A Calcente  Liques Cantane  Liques Cantane	Stantia Sody Fluid Curtura Sodia (As Stantia Sody Fluid Curtura Sodia (As Tip' Tienus Tip' Treschael Aspirete Unitinal Swait U	entric) in Bland wentric)
\$102026 Entransets Lidure \$102054 Commission Entransets Lidure	Core Corel	Gj: Namana	RAPID	TENT	
\$1000188 Bye Spectron Culture & Security \$1000000 Turnel Culture	RyelyiCHI CS	FIGURE ASS	roka Arlose Dari	C Appel II	Almohi
STERRISE Turget Culture, Colember   STERRISE Turget C	15t South	37			
61020156 Group & Sireptonome Scheming by Duthers 61020171 / Aukabustr paler Culture & Sensitivity	(MOLAL HEROIC	\$4,000,000	MICROSCO	T No. of Street, St.	800000
SMOOTHS HAS Culture & Sensitivity (NOSHING MISSA Infection Control Screen	caves	Character Art			Area Area
61039177 Yeard Culture & Sweditvity	Freedl	01520048 Day		10	Section 1
6102006 Yeard Identification 61020087 Yeard Sendibity	Teach Teacher		Preparation for Florigal		COFEE ME
\$1000174 Sensitivity, Americki \$1000175 "Good Culture & Sensitivity, Sensit - Pered 1	Authorit wilkt	61000001 Six	COVerti Dyst Aurenore O Pluorecent State		Men Areasons
OTHER TEST (Please specify):	her the distalk of each penn	el fast comber (*).	the back of this from		
国協図 41.7-006 単数数 Version 7 国で第一部-63-2021			And the same of the same of		Page 1.0

DE	TAILS	FOR LAB USE ONLY These check (*) and fill in the appropriate box		
*Details of Cult	ure & Sencitivity Test	1		
Fungal Culture (CF) Ear & Eye specimen; Environmental sampling (ENV); Nasal, Axilla, Groin & Rectal swab; Bkin, Hair & Nalls; Throat, Gental & Urine	Fungal Culture (CFI) Sputum, Bronchial Lavage, Tracheal Applrate: Sterie Body Sites: Mastilary Sirus, Biopsy, Polyps, Cystic Masses, Tissue, Wound Specimen, CSF, Peritoneal Fluid, Pleural Effusion, Synovial Fluid, Knee Aspirate, Biood Culture, Bone, Pus, Abscess, Aspirate etc.	Specimen Registration by:  Specimen Batch Registration by:  Specimen Processed by:  MACROSCOPIC EXAMINATION		
Stool Culture & Sensitivity Panel 1 (Basic Bacterial Enteric Pathogen) Salmonella species; Salmonella typht; Shigela species; Vibrio parahaemolyticus Carbapanem Resistant Enterobacteri	aceae (CRE)	Orlow Specimen   Orlown   Or		
Cartia-NP enzymatic detection; Etest to determine minimum inhibitory of	oncestration	OMucopurulent OMucosalivary OContains Bood		
	BBL) milaroorganism; eae (CRE); or baumannii/Pseudomonas aeruginosa; ofacter baumannii/Pseudomonas aeruginosa;	Stool Specimen Consistency (Based on Bristol Stool Chart):  OType 1 OType 2 OType 3		
Specimen Details (	Marked with "" and "")	The state of the s		
"Starile Body Fluid: Bone marrow Knee aspirate Liver abscess Peritonesi fluid Pleurai fluid Pleu aspirate Pericardiai fluid Synoviai fluid	*Kincity use anserobic transport media. Cooked Mest Broth	Diood State: OHot Seen Odeen OType 7 Microus: ONot Seen OSeen MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION		
FOR LA	B USE ONLY	Wed Prepared on:  WEC: Unit: Outure. Other  REC: Unit: Outure. Other		
The second secon	ab. No. ode Here	Epithelial Celt: Ohot Seen Occ. O1= O2+ O3+  Boxteria: Ohot Seen Occ. O1= O2+ O3+  Morrita: Ohot Seen OSeen  Trichomonas veginalis: Ohot Seen OSeen  Gram Steit:		
Primary Receiving Information	Secondary Receiving Information	Polymorph: //pr		
Cate Received	Date Received: Time Received: Sample Tierro (*C) upon Receiving: Received by:	Epithelial Call (Sputum, St. Lavage, Tracheal Asp.): hpf Epithelial (Senital Specimen):  ONICL Seen ODE: OH O2" OS*  Gram Negative Intracellular Diplococci: ONICL Seen OSeen  Olice Calt  Monilla: ONICL Seen OSeen  Gram Positive Roct: ONICL Seen OSeen  Gram Positive Roct: ONICL Seen OSeen  Gram Negative Roct: ONICL Seen OSeen  ASS Stain: ONICL Seen OSeen		
		O/100 hpf (1 - 2 AFB /100 hpf) O 1+ (10 - 30 AFB /100 hpf) O 2+ (1 - 10 AFB in each hpf /20 hpf) O 3+ (>10 AFB in each hpf /20 hpf) INCUBATION INFORMATION Date 5 Time Start Date 5 Time End Dunation (Hours):		

Page 2 of 2

#### LL.7-008 - Molecular Diagnostics Laboratory (MDL) Request Form

LAB BARCODE



#### LABLINK MEDICAL LABORATORY

Molecular Diagnostica Laboratory Makrinel Penduduri Labiriti 14 (129) Jalan Pahang Barat Of Jalan Pahang 50000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tali, 4000,4000 April 54, 0000

tient's Name	Requesting Doctor's Name and Address
Passport No. Clinichtospita	il Reference No. STAMP HERE
te of Birth (ddimm/yy) Age Gender M F	577
ce dalay   Chinese   Indian   Other	Doctor's Signature:
ecimen Collection Data	URGENT: PHONE
Pennifyy) (hh/mm)	AM / PM EMAL
RELEVANT CLINICAL INFORMATION	'Please include antimicrobial therapy if any
National Language and Control of the	
10.02 <u>- 10.02</u>	ase check (/) the specimen(s) sent
SurePath Blood in Plain Tube CSF  LBC Blood in EDTA Soutum	NP Aspirate Name Weather NOS Switch Name Switch OP Switch Other
Centroid Swab Serum BAL	Throat Sweb Stool
Gentlal Seeb Pearms Trachesi Ascirate	□ NP Sweb □ Urine
TEST REQUEST *Pleas	e check (-/) the test(s) required
RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS	TROPICAL AND EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASES
\$1829181 PCR for Coxtd-19 SARS-CoV-2 RNA Detection (PCRcoxid-19)	81620146 PCR for Tropical Fever Pethogen Penet 7 Teopets (PCRtr1)
61025173 PCR for Respiratory Pathogen Panel:	61620148 PCR for Dengue Differentiation Panel
33 Targets (PCR33rpp2)  61020160 PCR for Respiratory Sectional Pathodes Panel	4 Terpets (PCRdenDF1) 61920071 PCR for Lectorors DNA Detection (PCRepto)
7 Terpeta (PCRRET)	
61020107 PCR for MERS-CoV RNA Detection (PCRmerCoV)	61626188 PCR for Zike Virus RNA Detection (PCRzikVII) 61620149 PCR for Plasmodum (Melate) Differentiation Panel
ENINGITIS, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (CNS) INFECTIONS  1 61029145 Resid PCR for Meninobal Constraints Parel	5 Targets (PCRmpDF1) REGISALLY TRANSMITTED INSECTIONS
14 Targets (PCRmenIRI)	61028159 PCR for STI Expertise Screening Parel
61025160 PCR for Mentrolita Viral Pethogen Penel, 17 Targets (PCRment2)	7 Targets (PCRsti1) 81928175 PCR for STI Gential Uper Pagel
\$1025166 PCR for Marrinoltia Bacterial Pathoden Parel	7 Tergete (PCRati4)
6 Tarpete (PCP(ment2)	45020527 PCR for Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) Genotyping: 28 Genotypes (PCRhpv1)
GASTROINTESTINAL INFECTIONS	THALASSEMIA
61023157 Repid PCR for GestroIntestinal Panet, 22 Tempete (PCRGH)	01030000 PCR to: Alpha-Thelessenis DNA Detection; 15 Deletors/Mustions (PCRs That)
61928162 PCR for Gastrumestinal Viral Pethogen Penel; 5 Tempeta (PCRGI2)	MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS INFECTIONS
61025163 PCR for Gestrointestinal Bacterial Pathogen Panel: 7 Terosta (PCRGIS)	. \$1020115 Repird PCR for Detection of MTB DNA and Rifempio. Resistance (PCRtbRIFRs)
HEPATITIS & HIV-1 INFECTIONS	61625555 PCR for MTB and Multi Drug Resistance Detection (PCRontbMDRS)
61929136 Repid PCR for HCV Virel Load (PCRhcvVLR)	61626152 PCR for MTB and Non-Tuberoulosis Mycobioderium Detection (PCRmstbATM1)
The second	61026155 PCR for MTS and Multi Drug Bealdance & Extensively Drug Resistance Detection
STRAINED Brend DCD for HOL/ Visual Count (DCD No. 1979)	(PCRontb2MRT) 69629554 PCR for MTD 5 Extensively Drug Resistance
61040060 Repid PCR for HSV Vitel Load (PCRhbvQR)	Ordection (PCRIntbXDRS) 65026580 PCR for MTB and Non-Tuberculosis Microbacterium
81029134 Papid PCR for HIV-1 Qualitative (PCRNivQLR)	
81029136 Repid PCR for HIV-1 Qualitative (PCRNivQLR) 81029136 Repid PCR for HIV-1 Virel Load (PCRNivVLR)	Detection for FFPE Tissue Block (PCRmtbW1M2)
81029134 Papid PCR for HIV-1 Qualitative (PCRNivQLR)	

#### DETAILS OF TEST PANEL

#### MENINGITIS, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (CNS) INFECTIONS

Repid PCR for Meningitia/Encephallitis Panel, PCRmenR1 (61020145) Bederiei Targets - Escheriche coli K1, Hisemophilus influenzee, Listeria monocytogentee, Neissenia meningitidis, Streptococcus agalectice & Streptococcus pregmonies.

Wird Targets - Cytomegelovirus, Enterovirus, Herpes Simples virus 1 & 2; Human Herpes virus 6, Human Parechovirus & Varicelle Zostel virus.

Fungei Target - Cryptococcus neoformensi Cryptococcus getti

#### PCR for Maningitis Viral Pathogan Panel, PCRmani2 (61028160)

Cytomegalovirus (CMV), Epstain-Barr virus (EBV), Adenovirus, Herpes Simplex virus 1 & 2 (HSV1&2), Vasicalia Zester virus (VZV), Enterovirus, Horpes virus, Human Herpes virus 6 & 7 (HHV6&7) & Parvovirus B19 (B19), Mumps virus.

PCR for Maningitis Bacterial Pathogen Penal, PCRmeni3 (81028166) Nesserie meningitidis, Streptococcus preumorase, Haemophilus influences. Streptococcus againstides (Group 8 8treptococcus/GBS), Listeria monocytogenes 8 Escharichia coli K1

#### SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED INFECTIONS

PCR for STI Exsential Screening Panal, PCRs01 (81028168)
<u>Bacterial Targets</u> - Chlemydie trachometis, Neisserie genomiceee,
Mycoplesme homins, Mycoplesme genitalium, Ureeplasme ureelyficum &
Ureeplasme person

Parasitic Target - Trichomones veginalis

#### PCR for STI Genital Ulcer Panel, PCRsti4 (81028175)

Viral Tercets - Cytomegalovirus (CMV), Herpes Simplex Virus Type 1 (HSV1), Herpes Simplex Virus Type 2 (HSV2), Varicelle-Zoster Virus (VZV)

Bacterial Tercets - Chlemydie trechometic serover L. Haemophilus ducreyi. Treponema pelidum

PCR for HPV Genotyping, PCRhpv1 (61020127)

10 High-lisk HPV genotype: 16, 18, 26, 31, 33, 35, 30, 45, 51, 52, 53, 56, 58, 50, 66, 68, 69, 73, 82

9 Low-dak HPV genotype: 6,11, 40, 42, 43, 44, 54, 61, 70

#### MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS INFECTIONS

#### Rapid PCR MTB/RIF, PCRIb/RIFRp (61020116)

Detect Mycobecterium (uberculosis complex (MTSC) and resistance to Ritampion (RIF) in rpoS gene.

PCR for MTB & Mutti Drug Resistance (MDR) Detection, PCRestMDR1 (61028153)

Detect Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (MTBC), detect 7 mutations causing isoniazid resistant in karS gene and inhA promoter region and detect 18 mutations causing Mampion resistant in roo8 gene.

#### PCR for MTB & NTM, PCRHIBNTM1 (61028152)

Detect Mycobecterium (MTM) DNA: (MTBC) and also Nontuberculous mycobecterium (NTM) DNA:

#### PCR for MTB & Extensively Drug Resistance (XDR) Detection, PCRmDXDR1 (81628154)

Detect Mycobacterium tuterculosis complex (MTSC) DNA, detect 7 mutations causing fluoroquinolone resistant in gyrA gene, 6 mutations causing injectable drugs resistant in ms gene and els promoter region.

#### PCR for MTB & Multi Drug Resistance (MDR) & Extensively Drug Resistance Detection, PCRmtbXMR1 (81028156)

Detect Mycobsclevium Juperculosis complex (MTBC) DNA, detect 7 mutations causing isonistic resistent in ketG gene and rishA promoter region, detect 18 mutations causing interspicin resistent in spoil gene, detect 7 mutations causing fluoroquinolone resistent in gyrA gene, 8 mutations causing injectable drugs resistent in ms gene and els promoter region.

#### PCR for MTB & NTM Detection for FFPE Tissue Block, PCRmtbNTM2 (81028180)

Detect Mycobacterium (uberculosis complex (MTSC) and also Nontuberculous mycobacterium (NTM) DNA using Formatin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) tissue.

#### BLOOD DONOR SCREENING

NAT for Blood Donor Screening (NAAT), NATSd) (61020070) HIV-1 RNA, HIV-2 RNA, HBV DNA & HCV RNA

#### RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS

#### PCR for Respiratory Pathogen Panel, PCR33rpp2 (\$1029173)

Visit Targets - Influence A, Influence B, Influence C, Influence A(H1N1) swi, Human Rhirovirus, Human Coronaviruses (Nt.63, 229E, OC43, HKU1), Human Parainfluence (1, 2, 3, 4), Human Metaphatumoviruses A/B, Human Bodevirus, Human Respiratory Syncytist Viruses A/B, Human Adenovirus, Enterovirus, Human Parachovirus

Becterial Tarpeta - Chiamydophila preumoniae, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Haemophilus influenzes B, Staphytococcus aureus, Mebsiefle preumoniae, Legionetis preumophilat originachies, Safronetis app., Moranetis caterinais, Sondetella app. (except Bondetella perspentusia), Haemophilus influenzas, Mycoplasma preumoniae.

Fungel Target - Preumocystis (irovecii)

#### PCR for Respiratory Sectorial Pathogen Panel, PCRRS1 (\$1020150)

Criemydophile preumonies, Heeriophilus influenzes, Streptococcus preumonia, Bordetella pertussis, Bordetella perspertussis, Mycopiesma preumoniae, Legionella preumophila.

#### GASTROINTESTINAL INFECTIONS

#### Repld PCR for Gestrointentinal Penal, PCRGI1 (81028167)

Bacteriai Terceta - Cempylohacter sp. (lejunifcolibpositerasi) - Clostridium difficile (borin ARS), Pleasomorea shipefoldes, Satricoretta sp. (fibrio sp. (peraheanolyticus/vulsificus/cholerae) including specific identification of librio cholerae, Yerishia enterocolibia, Enteroaggiagetive Eschericha culi (EAEC), Enteropethogenic Eschericha culi (EPEC), Enterotoagenic Eschericha culi (ETEC) shi fibrio (ETEC) 474, Shiga-like todin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC) shi fibrio (including specific identification of E. odi OT67 serograp within STEC). Shiga-like Enteromyasive Escherichia coli (EEC)

Viral Tarcets - Adenovirus F 40/41, Astrovirus, Norovirus GWGE, Rotavirus A & Sepovirus (1,8, TV & V)

Perseito Tercets - Cryptosporidium sp., Cyclospore ceyelenensis, Entanoste histolytice & Gierdie tercelle (elso known as G. intestinatis, G.ducdensis)

#### PCR for Gestroinstestinal Viral Pathogen Penel, PCRGI2 (61028162 )

Norovirus GI, Norovirus GII, Rotevirus A, Adenovirus F, Astrovirus, Sepovirus

#### PCR for Gestroinstestinal Sectorial Pathogen Panel, PCRGI3 (61026163)

Campylobacter app. Clostridium difficie toxin B. Salmonella app. Enteroinvasive E. coli (EECL/ Shigella app., Vibrio app., Yenanas anterocolica, Aeromones app.

#### TROPICAL AND EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASES

PCR for Tropical Fever Pathogen Panel, PCRtv1 (61020146) Viral Targets - Chikungunya virus, West Nile virus, Dengue virus

Bacterial Tergets - Salmonede spp., Rickettale spp., Leptospira spp.

Parasitic Target - Pleansodium spo-

PCR for Dangue Differentiation Panel, PCR denDF1 (61020148) Dangue virus serotype 1, 2, 3 & 4

PCR for Plasmodium (Melaria) Differentiation Panel, PCRmpDF1 (91020149)

P. falciparum, P. vivax, P. ovale, P. maleriee & P. knowlesi

#### THALASSEMIA

PCR for Alpha-Thalessenia DNA Detection, PCRaThal (81030090) 7 deletions: --<sup>200</sup>, --<sup>200</sup>, -<sup>204</sup>, -(x)<sup>205</sup>, 3.7 kb, 4.2 kb

8 mutations:

Hb - CD142, CD125, CD59, CD35, CD142 HBA2 - ± 300+34Q>A A2 - gene initiation codon mutation

3 to detetion - CD30



Page 2 of 2

#### LL.7-021- 1 -Covid-19 Test Request Form

LAB BARCODE



#### LABLINK MEDICAL LABORATORY

Molecular Diagnostics Laboratory Malorat Perubatan Labilitis 14 (199) Jelan Pahang Baret Oli Jalan Pahang 53000 Kusta Lumpur, Malayata

	C	OVID-19 TES	T REQUE	STFORM		
Patient's Name				Requesting Do	ctor's Name and Ado	frees
1111111		<u>1 - PSPSQC38383</u>				
IC/Passport No.		ليليليانا	etal Reference N		Care in taken to be	deid.
T I I I I I I I		0,000,000,000	etai nomerence n	1	STAMP H	DRIE:
Date of Birth (dd/mm)	nnt Age Gender			33		
البليلي		JE.		Doctor's Sign		
Race Malay Chinese	e 🗆 lindan 🔝 Other			F-11/10/03/5	PHONE	
Specimen Collection	Date TT	me of Collection F			FAX	
(dd/mm/yy)	والمساسل وم	(vimini)	I AM	PM	CMAR	
Service Service III.		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		(4) me specialer		
Nesopheryngest Sweb (NP)	Oropheryngeel  Sweb (OP)	Kasopharyngesi & Dropharyngesi Swaba (NP&DP)	Bronchoel Levege (B	veolat Sputum [	Namel Sweet	Selve BoodS
	TESTING INDI	CATION "PW	use thek (-) th	a related indicatio	n Delow	
Work	Pre-Admission	Operation (Schedu	de on	) [](	Jose Contact	Other
Study		cute Respiratory Inf			robebie Cese	
Travel Court	PUI- Suspecte	d Case ( With Clinic	el & Epidemiolog	y Cetteria )	Patient Under Surve	flance (PUS)
	ELEVANT CLINICAL INF	SOOMATION .	are a second at a			4000
LINCAL CRITERIA/S		CHORA I ICAL	Priorition and I	r j and attawer as	me questions a	BUW
YES.	D Fever (*C)	☐ Cough	D Ru	D Harris	ne D Myelsie	□ Cervas
	☐ NeuseaVoniting/An				D Dysones	
Constant Con	D Fetigue/General Wee				- D Lympins	
NO:	- reguestion tree		Territoria positiva			
PIDEMIOLOGICAL HI	STORY:					
with	g/eorking in the same proximit the COVID-19 petient	within 14 c	baya prior to sign	EARCH RISK area and symptom creat		pether with COVID-19 y kind of conveyance
□ Werl	king in the healthcare setting the COVID-19 petient	D Other:				
No.	this COVID- to patient					
	IATION (EVIDENCED BY, IF A	1000000				
PCR Test	Date Reported:		Self-test Kit	(Saliva(Swab) D	ate Reported	
RTK Antigen	Date Reported:	Market X	Other:	D	ate Reported	
COVID-19 VACCINATIO	ON HISTORY.		573			
NO NO	YES					
	D Commenty* D.A.	stre Zeneca 🔲	Johnson &	☐ CoronaVac®	☐ Moderns	□ Other.
1ª Dose Date	(Pfizer-Bontech) (O	heford)	Johnson	(Sinovac)		10.00
2 <sup>rd</sup> Dose Date						53
3" Dose/Booster Date	•1 1					(CLS)
	TEST RE	QUEST 7	Jease fick ( 4)	the resignil require	nd .	
	CR Covid-19 (PCRoovid19)		322	M28 Anti-SARS-CoM		DALIO-OLUMBANA
250530000000000000000000000000000000000	ene, Nigene, RdRp/Sigene)		5000	MANUFACTURE OF THE PROPERTY OF	Secretary and a Secretary 10	THE STATE STATES
	D PCR FOR COVID-19/SARS ( tens & ORF1sb pens)	3aV-2 (PCReovidR1	Othe	N		
	POR FOR COVID-19/SARS-	DeW-2 (PCBrowleR)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
	A THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	ACCORDING TO SECURIOR SHOWS AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF T	PACE TO SERVICE STATE OF THE S			
(Detection of E.g.	ene & N2 gene)					

#### **APPENDIX 2 – ALLERGY PROFILE CATALOGUE**



#### ALLERGEN NAME

#### Phadiatop Allergen

Qualitative screening tests useful for identifying patients with a high likelihood of an allergic disease (so called atopic individuals).

Phadiatop utilize balanced mixtures of relevant allergens, often implicated in causing allergic diseases in adults and in young children, respectively.

Ref: Reference: Williams PB, et al. Ann Allergy Asthma Immunal. 2001;86:196-202.

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 1ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA



"1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy".
Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy & Immunology, MSAI)



# FOOD ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94A, 61050602)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

#### **TOTAL IGE**

	1000
Egg/MESs 'Yeard	Egg white Egg yolk Cow's Mile Chedder Chesse
Protein/ Grokes/ Andity/ Cooking Oil	Wheat Rice
Vega./ Eruden	Bonons Orange Lamon Pineappie

F000	
Tear.	Egg white Egg york Cow's Mile Cheoder Cheese
Protein/ Charm/ Additive/ Catalogs (79	Wheet Rice
Weget, J. Singetics	Banana Orange Letzon Pinsupple

28	A F000
This	Tuna Anckovy
Institut	Crab Shirthip Clark

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"I out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy " .

Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy & Immunology, MSAI)



#### **ALLERGEN NAME**

#### TOTAL IZE

	INHALATION
finnses	Servicia grass Johnson grass
Tore	Rubfoet Tree (Letter)
Mine	Dermatophagoldes pter, Dermatophagoldes failnate. House dust (Green Lab)

INHALATION		
Animum/ Inserts	Cat Dog Cockroach	
Monta	Aspergillus furnigatus Albertraria alternata Moulid Sporia Mbi	

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy".

Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy &
Immunology, MSAI)



#### ALLERGEN NAME

#### TOTAL IgE

	INHALATION
finanses	Sermuda grass Johnson grass
Inv	Rubber Tree (Later)
Mine	Dermatophagoides star, Dermatophagoides failnge. House dust (Green (86)

INHALATION	
Animum/ Inserts	Cat Dog Cockroach
Monts	Appengilius Furnigatus Albertratia albertratia Mossiel Spores Miss

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"I out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy " .

Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy & Immunology, MSAI)



# DOMESTIC ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94D, 61050636)

#### **ALLERGEN NAME**

U	ч	*	٠.	¥	H

	INHALATION
Mites	Dermatophagoides pter, Dermatophagoides farinae, House dust Blomia tropicalis
Animals/ Insects	Cockroach

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

\*1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy ". Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy & Immunology, MSAI)





# SEAFOOD FOOD ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94E, 61050637)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

SEA FOOD		
Fish	Anchovy	
Shellfish	Crab Shrimp Clam	

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy " .
Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy &
Immunology, MSAI)



# PEDIATRIC FOOD ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94F, 61050638)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

	TOTALIgE	
	SEA FOOD	
Fish	Anchovy	

	FOOD	
Nuts	Peanut Soybean	Ĭ
Meats / Poultry	Chicken	
Egg/Milk Yeast	Egg white Egg yolk Cow's Milk	
Protein/ Grains/ Additiv./ Cooking Oil	Wheat	

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 2ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

# TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy " .

Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy & Immunology, MSAI)



# **MALAYSIAN ALLERGY PANEL 2**

(GP94G, 61050651)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

INHALATION	
liumes-	Bermudo grass Johnson grass
Aire	Fubber Tree (Latex)
Milita	Dermotophagoides pter Dermotophagoides failinee, House doot
Animals/ hisects	Cat Dog Cockreach
Mainte	Candida vilsioare. Cladosporium herbarum Assergifius fumigatus. Arteinario alternata Musor Rusamonia Panicidium S

	F000
Huts	Peanut Soybean
Means / Facility	Beef Dischen
Egg/Min Years	Egg where Egg york Cow's Miles
Francia/ Grein/ Addins/ Cooling Ob	Wheek
Vogo. / Freits	Elefuna Orange

	SEA FOOD
Hin.	Tuna Anchowy
Meltin	Crob Shekrip Clare

TOTAL IgE

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 5ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

ImmunoCAP EIA

"1 out of 3 Malaysians is currently suffering from some form of allergy".

Assoc Prof Dr Ranbir Kaulsay (President of Malaysian Society of Allergy &
Immunology, MSAI)



#### **ALLERGEN NAME**

	INHALATION
linnes	Bernaudo grass Timostry grass Grass min 1: Sweet varnel grass Bernaudo grass Timostry grass Cuttivated rye
Their	Acasta Kapok Lister
Miles	Dermatouriagoides pter. Dermatouriagoides ferman. Dermatouriagoides tricroberes Tyrophagus putrassentiae Glysyonogus domesticus Bramia tropicais
Assignably Squares	Cat  Dog  Horse Featber reix 1  Chicken feathers, Duck feathers Goose feathers Coackroach (German)
Noon	Cendida albitorio Moudomix L Restallium notatum Cladosportum herbarum Aspengitus furrigatus Alternaria alternata

	F000
Huti	Peanut Soylean Hatalnut Alexand
Mouto / Positive	Duck meet Beef (cooked) Pork (cooked) Chicken Lamb
Com/With Years	Egg white  Cow's Milk  ritios di alpha- isstalbumin (Milk)  ritios di beta- isctagoousin (Milk)  ritios di Cassin (Milk)  ritios di Essain (Milk)  ritios di Essain (Milk)  ritios di Essain (Milk)
Protein/ Grains/ Address/ Coating Oil	Whest floor States Character Coffee Oil pains
Vago./ Finits	Tomato Gatic Strawberry

Cootsn Turse Salmon
Creb Shramp (Facatic) Lightean Shellifeth mis 1 Spiny looster Custer Clam

- 60	ROSS	REA	ctivi	TY.	4
Marin		000	Subsection	4	
		1		-	

#### **SPECIMEN**

Minimum 1ml Serum - Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m)

Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

Immunoblot .



# FOOD ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94J, 61050947)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

FOOD		
lius	Product Scylineant Heavilress	
Mounts / Poultry	East (pooked) Fork (pooked) Chicken	
Epointin Yeast	Egg white Egg yolk Coo's MRs	
Protein/ Grams/ Additiv/ Cooking Dil	Rice Wheat flour Chocolete Gutamate Sezane	

SEA FOOD	
Jish -	Pah ma I Codfish Herring Mackerel Plakse
Shelffish	Cristi Sharktrap (Pacific) Lotation Sherktrap wisk 1: Spliny lobster Cyster Clam

CR	055	REA	спи	TY
Mark	10	CED	Martin	
	TO	TAL	аE	
_		*****	W	

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 1ml Serum -Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

**Immunoblot** 





(GP94K, 61050948)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

INHALATION		
Gennes	Gress mix Senettry grams Euclineted rye	
Time	Brich Mugwort	
Marie	Dermatophagoides prer Dermatophagoides favirate.	
Annua: Heacta	Car. Dog Horse	
Morde	Cladisportum fertiarum Acpergatus ferrigatus Attentacio atternata	

	F000
Huta	Peanut Soybeen Harafrut
Epp Will Yeart	Egg white Egg yolk Cours Milk ABOS diff arphor lectal burnin (Milk) aBos diff beta- lectaglobusin (Milk) aBos diff Casein (Milk) aBos diff BSA (Milk)
Protein Grans Adotty, Country Cal	Wheat tissa
Vega./ Etuds	Apple Potato Carrot

# CROSS REACTIVITY Market CCD Market TOTAL IGE

#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 1ml Serum -Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

Immunoblot



# INHALATION ALLERGY PANEL

(GP94L, 61050949)

#### ALLERGEN NAME

	INHALATION
Strange.	Bress reio: Sueest permal gress Sectorada grass Timothe grass Custivated nyo
From	Acacia Pine (Australia) Oil paine Tree mis Melalouca Pine (Australia) Acacia Eurolyptus William
Ammoni	Carl Dog Raseit Horizor Mouse Guines pig Cage bird mix: Budgorigal feathers Contry feather Parrot feathers Laretint feathers Fach feathers Coackrooch (German)



#### SPECIMEN

Minimum 1ml Serum -Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

#### TEST SCHEDULE

By Batch: Wednesday (Before 11 a.m) Report on Thursday

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

7 working days

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

TOTAL IgE

Ship refrigerated (for Klang Valley) or frozen (compulsory for outstation). Sample to arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### METHOD

Immunoblot



#### LIST OF TEST

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Connective Tissue Disease Autoimmune Profile 4	AiCTDp4	2
Connective Tissue Disease/Extractable Nuclear Antigens Profile 5	AiCTDp5	3
Systemic Sclerosis Nucleoli Autoimmune Profile	AiSScp1	4
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Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA Antibody	<b>ANCApMPO</b>	30
Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA Antibody	ANCApPR3	30
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#### LIST OF TEST

TEST LIST	TEST CODE	PAGE
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Anti-Phospholipase-A2-Receptor (PLA2R) - Quantitative	PLA2RQn	31
Islet Cell Cytoplasmic Autoantibodies (ICA)	IsletAb	31
Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Autoantibodies (GADA)	GADA	31
Insulinoma-Associated-2 Autoantibodies (IA2A)	IA2A	31
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Anti-β-2-Glycoprotein 1 IgG	b2GPIgG	34
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## CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 (AiCTDp1, 61050918)

TEST LIST METHOD

• ANAIF - Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT IFA/IIFT

• DNAAb - Ds-DNA Antibody ELISA

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
 Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.





## CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 (AiCTDp4, 61050921)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• ANAIF - Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
• DNAAb - Ds-DNA Antibody	ELISA
<ul> <li>Cell-nuclear and Cytoplasmic Antigens</li> </ul>	
• Anti-nRNP/Sm	Immunoblot
• Anti-Sm	Immunoblot
• Anti-SS-A/Ro	Immunoblot
• Anti-Ro-52	Immunoblot
• Anti-SS-B/La	Immunoblot
• Anti-Scl-70	Immunoblot
• Anti-PM-Scl 100	Immunoblot
• Anti-Jo-1	Immunoblot
Anti-CENP-B, Centromere protein B	Immunoblot
• Anti-PCNA	Immunoblot
Anti-nucleosomes	Immunoblot
Anti-Histones	Immunoblot
Anti-Ribosomal P-Protein	Immunoblot
• Anti-AMA-M2	Immunoblot
• Anti-DFS70	Immunoblot

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 - 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.





#### CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASES / EXTRACTABLE NUCLEAR ANTIGENS PROFILE 5 (AiCTDp5, 61050922)

#### **TEST LIST**

· Anti-nRNP/Sm

Anti-Sm

· Anti-SS-A/Ro

• Anti-Ro-52

· Anti-SS-B/La

· Anti-Scl-70

· Anti-PM-Scl 100

· Anti-Jo-1

• Anti-CENP-B, Centromere protein B

Anti-PCNA

Anti-nucleosomes

Anti-Histones

Anti-Ribosomal P-Protein

· Anti-AMA-M2

Anti-DFS70

#### **METHOD**

**Immunoblot** 

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)





## SYSTEMIC SCLEROSIS NUCLEOLI AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE (AiSScP1, 61050977)

#### **TEST LIST**

· Anti-Scl-70

· Anti-CENP-A

· Anti-CENP-B

• Anti-RP11

· Anti-RP155

· Anti-Fibrillarin

Anti-NOR90

· Anti-Th/To

· Anti-PM-Scl00

Anti-PM-Scl75

· Anti-Ku

· Anti-PDGFR

· Anti-RO-52

#### **METHOD**

Immunoblot

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)





# ANTI PHOSPHOLIPID SYNDROME PROFILES

# CARDIOLIPIN ANTIBODIES PROFILE (Carlipin, 61040295)

TEST LIST	METHOD
<ul> <li>Anti-Cardiolipin IgA</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>Anti-Cardiolipin IgM</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>Anti-Cardiolipin IgG</li> </ul>	ELISA

#### **SPECIMEN**

2 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)





# ANTI PHOSPHOLIPID SYNDROME PROFILES

# β-2-GLYCOPROTEIN 1 ANTIBODIES PROFILE (AB2GP, 61040617)

TEST LIST	METHOD	
• Anti-β-2-Glycoprotein 1 IgA	ELISA	
• Anti-β-2-Glycoprotein 1 IgM	ELISA	
• Anti-β-2-Glycoprotein 1 IgG	ELISA	

#### **SPECIMEN**

2 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



#### VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 (AiVasP1, 61050923)

TEST LIST	METHOD
ANCAIF - Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody	IFA/IFT
<ul> <li>Autoimmune Vasculitis Screening:</li> </ul>	,
<ul> <li>ANCApMPO - Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>ANCAcPR3 - Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
• GBM - Glomerular basement membrane (GBM) antibody	ELISA

#### **SPECIMEN**

2 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### **TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)**



#### VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2 (AiVasP2, 61050924)

TEST LIST	
• ANAIF - Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
• ANCAIF - Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody, ANCA IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
Autoimmune Vasculitis Screening:	
<ul> <li>ANCApMPO - Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>ANCAcPR3 - Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>GBM - Glomerular basement membrane (GBM) antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA

#### **SPECIMEN**

2 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### **TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)**

2 - 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



#### VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 (AiVasP3, 61050925)

TEST LIST METHOD

ANAIF - Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT

IFA/IIFT

ANCAIF - Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic antibody, ANCA IFA/IIFT

IFA/IIFT

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 - 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



#### VASCULITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 (AiVasP4, 61050926)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• ANCApMPO - Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA antibody	ELISA
<ul> <li>ANCAcPR3 - Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
• GBM - Glomerular basement membrane (GBM) antibody	ELISA

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



#### NEPHRITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5 (AiVasP5, 61050927)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• ANAIF - Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
• ANCAIF - Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic Antibody, ANCA IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
• DNAAb - Ds-DNA Antibody	ELISA
Autoimmune Vasculitis Screening:	
<ul> <li>ANCAPMPO - Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA Antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
<ul> <li>ANCAcPR3 - Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA Antibody</li> </ul>	ELISA
• GBM - Glomerular basement membrane (GBM) Antibody	ELISA
• Autoimmune Renal Membranous Nephropathy Screening:	
<ul> <li>Anti-phospholipase-A2-receptor (PLA2R) Antibody</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



## NEUROLOGY & ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

#### ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 (AiNeuroP1, 61050928)

#### TEST LIST

**METHOD** 

ANAIF - Anti-nuclear Antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT

IFA/IIFT

 NMDAR - N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti-NMDAR), blood

IFA/IIFT

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



#### NEUROLOGY & ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

## ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 2 (AiNeuroP2, 61050929)

TEST LIST	METHOD	
• ANAIF - Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT	
NMDARcsf - N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody     (Anti-NMDAR), CSF	IFA/IIFT	
• NMDAR - N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti-NMDAR), blood	IFA/IIFT	

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum and 2 ml of CSF. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 - 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



#### NEUROLOGY & ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

## ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 3 (AiNeuroP3, 61050930)

TEST LIST		METHOD
• ANAIF - Ant	-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
• Autoimmun	e Encephalitis Receptor Antibodies:	
• NMDAR	<ul> <li>N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti-NMDAR), blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
•AMPA12	-Glutamate receptor, type AMPA 1/2 Antibody (Anti-AMPA1/2), blood	IFA/IIFT
• CASPR2	-Contactin-associated protein 2 receptor Antibody (Anti-CASPR2), blood	IFA/IIFT
• LGI1	-Leucine-rich glioma-inactivated protein 1 receptor Antibody (Anti-LGI1), blood	IFA/IIFT
• DPPX	<ul> <li>Dipeptidyl aminopeptidase-like protein 6 receptor Antibody (Anti-DPPX), blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• GABA B	-GABA B receptor Antibody (Anti-GABAb), blood	IFA/IIFT

#### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central. Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.



# ENCEPHALITIS RECEPTORS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 4 (AiNeuroP4, 61050931)

TEST LIST		METHOD
• Anti-NMDAR	<ul> <li>N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody, blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-AMPA1/2	<ul> <li>Glutamate receptor, type AMPA 1/2 Antibody, blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-CASPR2	<ul> <li>Contactin-associated protein 2 receptor Antibody, blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-LGI1	<ul> <li>Leucine-rich glioma-inactivated protein 1 receptor Antibody, blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-DPPX	<ul> <li>Dipeptidyl aminopeptidase-like protein 6 receptor Antibody, blood</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-GABA B	- GABA B receptor Antibody, blood	IFA/IIFT

### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# ENCEPHALITIS RECEPTORS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 5 (AiNeuroP5, 61050932)

TEST LIST		METHOD
• Anti-NMDAR	<ul> <li>N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti- NMDAR), CSF</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-AMPA1/2	<ul> <li>Glutamate receptor, type AMPA 1/2 Antibody (Anti-AMPA1/2), CSF</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-CASPR2	<ul> <li>Contactin-associated protein 2 receptor Antibody (Anti-CASPR2), CSF</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-LGI1	<ul> <li>Leucine-rich glioma-inactivated protein 1 receptor Antibody (Anti-LGI1), CSF</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-DPPX	<ul> <li>Dipeptidyl aminopeptidase-like protein 6 receptor Antibody (Anti-DPPX), CSF</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-GABA B	– GABA B receptor Antibody (Anti-GABA B), CSF	IFA/IIFT

### SPECIMEN

2 mL of CSF. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

## TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# PARANEOPLASTIC ANTIGEN AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 6 (AiNeuroP6, 61050933)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• AmphiAb – Amphiphysin Antibody	Immunoblot
• CV2Ab - CV2 Antibody	Immunoblot
• PNMA2Ab - PNMA2 Antibody	Immunoblot
• RiAb – Ri Antibody	Immunoblot
• YoAb – Yo Antibody	Immunoblot
• HuAb – Hu Antibody	Immunoblot
• RecovAb – Recoverin Antibody	Immunoblot
• SOX1Ab - SOX1 Antibody	Immunoblot
• TitinAb – Titin Antibody	Immunoblot

### SPECIMEN

1~mL of separated serum or 2~mL of CSF. Refrigerated or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



## ENCEPHALITIS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 7 (AiNeuroP7, 61050934)

TEST LIST			METHOD
• ANAIF - Anti-nucle	ear antibody	(ANA) IFA/IIFT	IFA/IIFT
<ul> <li>Autoimmune Ence</li> </ul>	phalitis Rec	eptor Antibodies:	5.0
• Anti-NMDAR	-NMDAR Antibody	ab - N-methyl-D-Aspartate Receptor , blood	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-AMPA1/2	-Glutama	te receptor, type AMPA 1/2 Antibody	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-CASPR2	-Contacti Anti-CAS	n-associated protein 2 receptor Antibody, PR2	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-LGI1	<ul> <li>Leucine</li> <li>Antibody</li> </ul>	rich glioma-inactivated protein 1 receptor	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-DPPX	<ul><li>Dipeption</li><li>Antibody</li></ul>	lyl aminopeptidase-like protein 6 receptor	IFA/IIFT
• Anti-GABA B	-GABA B	receptor Antibody	IFA/IIFT
<ul> <li>Paraneoplastic An</li> </ul>	tigens Antik	oodies:	
<ul> <li>Amphiphysin</li> </ul>	• Ri	<ul> <li>Recoverin</li> </ul>	Immunoblot
• CV2	<ul> <li>Yo</li> </ul>	• SOX1	
• PNMA2	• Hu	• Titin	

### SPECIMEN

1 mL of separated serum and 2 mL of CSF or 1 mL of separated serum only. Refrigerated or freeze (-20°C) immediately

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)

2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.

Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti-nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.





### GANGLIOSIDE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 8 (AiNeuroP8, 61050935)

#### TEST LIST

- Anti Ganglioside-monosialic Acid Autoimmune IgM:
  - · Sulfatide IgM
  - GM1 IgM
  - GM2 IgM
  - GM3 IgM
  - GM4 IgM
  - GD1a IgM
  - · GD1b IgM
  - GD2 IgM
  - GD3 IgM
  - GT1a IgM
  - GT1b IgM
  - · GQ1b IgM

- Anti Ganglioside-monosialic Acid Autoimmune IgG:
  - · Sulfatide IgG
  - GM1 IgG
  - GM2 IgG
  - GM3 IgG
  - · GM4 IgG
  - · GD1a IgG
  - · GD1b IgG
  - · GD2 IgG
  - · GD3 IgG
  - · GT1a IgG
  - · GT1b IgG
  - GQ1b IgG

### METHOD

Immunoblot

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 mL of separated serum or 2 ml of CSF. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# NEUROMYELITIS OPTICA AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 9 (AiNeuroP9, 61050936)

TEST LIST METHOD

Anti-Aquaporin 4, AQP4

Anti-Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein, MOG

IFA/IIFT

IFA/IIFT

### SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum or 2 ml of CSF. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# Myasthenia Gravis (MG) Autoimmune Profile (AiMGp1, 61050991)

TEST LIST METHOD

Anti-Muscle-Specific Tyrosine Kinase, MuSK

· Anti-Acetylcholine Receptor, AChR

IFA/IIFT ELISA

# SPECIMEN

1 ml of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

## TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# ENDOCRINE AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE

## DIABETES MELLITUS AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 (AiDMp1, 61050917)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• Islet cell cytoplasmic Autoantibody, ICA	CLIA
<ul> <li>Glutamic acid decarboxylase Autoantibody, GADA</li> </ul>	CLIA
• Insulinoma associated protein-2 Autoantibody, IA-2A	CLIA
• Insulin Autoantibody, IAA	ELISA

### **SPECIMEN**

2 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



METHOD

CMIA

## **ENDOCRINE AUTOIMMUNE** PROFILE

### THYROID AUTOANTIBODY SCREEN PROFILE (AiThyP1, 61050941)

TEST LIST			METHOD
<ul> <li>Thyrotropin Receptor TSHRepAb)</li> </ul>	Antibody (TSH	Receptor Antibody -	CLIA
<ul> <li>Thyroid Peroxidase TPO/AMC)</li> </ul>	(Anti-Thyroid		CMIA

### **SPECIMEN**

2 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

• Thyroglobulin (Anti-Thyroglobulin - Anti-TG)

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



## GASTROENTEROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

# LIVER AUTOIMMUNE PROFILE 1 (AiGasP1, 61050937)

#### TEST LIST

- Liver Autoimmune Immunofluorescence Assay:
  - Mitochondrial Antibody
  - Smooth Muscle Antibody
  - · Liver Kidney Microsomal Antibody
  - · Parietal Cell Antibody

- Liver Autoimmune Specific Autoantibodies:
  - Ro-52
- •gp210
- AMA M2
- PML
- M2-3E
- LKM-1
- ·Sp100
- LC-1
- SLA/LP

### METHOD

Liver Autoimmune Immunofluorescence Assay

Liver Autoimmune Specific Autoantibodies

- IFA/IIFT

- Immunoblot

#### SPECIMEN

1 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# GASTROENTEROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

# LIVER AUTOIMMUNE IMMUNOFLUORESCENCE ASSAY PROFILE 2 (AiGasP2, 61050938)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• Mitochondrial Antibody	IFA/IIFT
• Smooth Muscle Antibody	IFA/IIFT
<ul> <li>Liver Kidney Microsomal Antibody</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT
<ul> <li>Parietal Cell Antibody</li> </ul>	IFA/IIFT

### SPECIMEN

1 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

## TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

# TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



# GASTROENTEROLOGY AUTOIMMUNE PROFILES

# LIVER AUTOIMMUNE SPECIFIC AUTOANTIBODY PROFILE 3 (AiGasP3, 61050939)

TEST LIST	METHOD
• Anti-Ro-52	Immunoblot
• Anti-AMA-M2	Immunoblot
• Anti-M2-3E	Immunoblot
• Anti-Sp100	Immunoblot
• Anti-gp210	Immunoblot
• Anti-PML	Immunoblot
• Anti-LKM-1	Immunoblot
• Anti-LC-1	Immunoblot
• Anti-SLA/LP	Immunoblot

## SPECIMEN

1 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

# TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)





# INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHIES PROFILES

# INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHIES PROFILE (AiMyoP1, 61050946)

#### TEST LIST

- Anti-isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase (O))
- · Anti-glycyl-tRNA synthetase (EJ)
- Anti-alanyl-tRNA synthetase (PL-12)
- Anti-threonyl-tRNA synthetase (PL-7)
- Anti-54 kDa recombinant signal recognition particle (SRP)
- Anti-histidyl-tRNA synthetase (Jo-1)
- Anti-PM-Scl75
- · Anti-PM-Scl100

- · Anti-Ku
- Anti-SUMO activating enzyme subunits 1 (SAE1)
- Anti-MJ-p140-MU 140 kD protein/MORC3 (NXP2)
- Anti-melanoma differentiation-associated gene 5 (MDA5)
- Anti-transcriptional intermediary factor 1gamma (TIF1y)
- Anti-chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 4 (Mi-2β)
- Anti-chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 3 (Mi-2α)
- · Anti-Ro-52

#### **METHOD**

Immunoblot

#### SPECIMEN

1 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)





# INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHIES PROFILES

# INFLAMMATORY MYOPATHIES PROFILE 2 (AiMyoP2, 61050978)

#### **TEST LIST**

- Anti-isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase (OJ)
- Anti-glycyl-tRNA synthetase (EJ)
- Anti-alanyl-tRNA synthetase (PL-12)
- Anti-threonyl-tRNA synthetase (PL-7)
- Anti-54 kDa recombinant signal recognition particle (SRP)
- Anti-histidyl-tRNA synthetase (Jo-1)
- · Anti-PM-Scl75
- · Anti-PM-Scl100
- · Anti-Ku

- Anti-SUMO activating enzyme subunits 1 (SAE1)
- Anti-MJ-p140-MU 140 kD protein/MORC3 (NXP2)
- Anti-melanoma differentiation-associated gene 5 (MDA5)
- Anti-transcriptional intermediary factor 1-gamma (TIF1γ)
- Anti-chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 4 (Mi-2β)
- Anti-chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 3 (Mi-2 $\alpha$ )
- Anti-Ro-52
- Anti-Mup44, cN1A, NT5C1A, NT5C1A, NT5C1a (cN-1A)
- Anti-3-hydroxyl-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase (HMGCR)

#### METHOD

Immunoblot

#### **SPECIMEN**

1 mL of separated serum. Refrigerated (2-8°C) or freeze (-20°C) immediately.

#### TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT

Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.

#### TURNAROUND TIME (TAT)



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	TAT
1	ANAIF - Anti- nuclear Antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT	ANAIF, 61040602	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.  Additional 2 – 3 working days for Positive Anti- nuclear antibody (ANA) IFA/IIFT for titration procedure.
2	Double Stranded DNA Antibody (Ds-DNA)	DNAAb, 61040009	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
3	ANCAIF - Anti- Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody, ANCA IFA/IIFT	ANCAIF, 61040216	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
4	N-methyl-D- Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti- NMDAR), CSF	NMDARcsf, 61040699	1mL CSF refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
5	N-methyl-D- Aspartate Receptor Antibody (Anti- NMDAR), Blood	NMDARab, 61040638	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
6	Acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody	AChRAb, 61040504	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	ТАГ
7	Aquaporin 4 Antibody, AQP4	AQP4, 61040639	1 ml of separated serum or 1 ml of CSF refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
8	Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein, (MOG) Antibody	MOGAb, 61040733	1 ml of separated serum or 1 ml of CSF refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
9	ANCApMPO - Myeloperoxidase (MPO) pANCA Antibody	ANCApMPO 61040546	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
10	ANCAcPR3 - Proteinase 3 (PR3) cANCA Antibody	ANCAcPR3, 61040547	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
11	Glomerular Basement Membrane (GBM) Antibody	GBM, 61040282	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
12	Anti- phospholipase- A2-receptor (PLA2R) Semiquantitative	PLA2RAb, 61040694	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	TAY
13	Anti- phospholipase- A2-receptor (PLA2R) Quantitative	PLA2Qn 61040774	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
14	Islet Cell Cytoplasmic Autoantibodies, ICA	IsletAb, 61040079	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	CLIA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
15	Glutamic Acid Decarboxylase Autoantibodies, GADA	GADA, 61040618	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	CLIA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
16	Insulinoma- Associated-2 Autoantibodies, IA-2A	IA2A, 61040619	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	CLIA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
17	Insulin Autoantibodies, IAA	InsulinAb, 61040078	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
18	TSH Receptor antibody	TSHRepAb, 61040636	2mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	CLIA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	TAT
19	Anti- Mitochondrial Antibody (AMA)	AMA, 61040010	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
20	Anti- Mitochondrial Antibody (AMA) - Titration	AMAti, 61040806	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
21	Anti-Smooth Muscle Antibody (SMA)	SMA, 61040012	1ml. separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
22	Anti-Smooth Muscle Antibody (SMA) - Titration	SMAti, 61040807	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	HFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
23	Liver-Kidney- Microsomal Antibody (LKM)	LKMab, 61040502	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.
24	Liver-Kidney- Microsomal Antibody (LKM) - Titration	LKMti, 61040808	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central.



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	TAT
25	Anti-Parietal Cell Antibody (APCA)	PariCellAb, 61040507	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
26	Anti-Parietal Cell Antibody (APCA) - Titration	PariCellti, 61040809	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
27	Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody, ANCA IFA/IIFT – Titration	ANCAIFti, 61040803	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
28	Aquaporin 4 Antibody, AQP4 – Titration (Serum)	AQP4ti, 61040805	1 ml of separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
29	Aquaporin 4 Antibody, AQP4 – Titration (CSF)	AQP4CSti, 61040810	1mL of CSF refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
30	Aquaporin 4 Antibody, AQP4 – (CSF)	AQP4CSF, 61040792	1mL of CSF refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
31	Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein, (MOG) Antibody - (CSF)	MOGAbCSF, 61040793	refrigerated or	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central



NO	TEST	TEST CODE	SPECIMEN	TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENT	METHOD	TAT
32	Anti-Cardiolipin IgA	CardioA, 61040616	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
33	Anti-Cardiolipin IgM	CardioM, 61040610	1mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
34	Anti-Cardiolipin IgG	CardioG, 61040545	1 mL separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
35	Anti-β-2- Glycoprotein 1 IgA	b2GPIgA, 61040836	1 ml of separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
36	Anti-β-2- Glycoprotein 1 IgM	b2GPIgM, 61040834	1 ml of separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
37	Anti-β-2- Glycoprotein 1 IgG	b2GPIgG, 61040835	1 ml of separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours	ELISA	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central
38	Anti-Muscle- Specific Tyrosine Kinase, MuSK	MuSKAb, 61040840	1mL of separated serum refrigerated or freeze immediately.	Refrigerated (for Klang Valley customer) or frozen (for outstation customer). Sample shall arrive Lablink Central within 24 hours.	IFA/IIFT	2 – 3 working days upon receiving sample at Lablink Central

# APPENDIX 4 – BIOCHEMISTRY REFERENCE INTERVAL

			REFERENCE INTERVAL			
TEST	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE	
		0 - 4 Days	28	- 44		
		4 Days - 1 Year	38 - 54		Purtic of al. (2006)	
Albumin	g/L	1 - 14 Years	38	- 54	Burtis et al. (2006)	
		14 - 18 Years	32 -	- 45		
		> 18 Years	35 -	- 52	Junge et al. (2007)	
		0 - 14 Days	83 -	248		
		2 Weeks - 1 Year	122 -	- 469		
		1 - 10 Years	142	- 335		
Alkaline	U/L	10 - 13 Years	129	- 417	Estey et al. (2013)	
Phosphatase	O/L	13 - 15 Years	116 - 468	57 - 254		
		15 - 17 Years	82 - 331	50 - 117		
		17 - 19 Years	55 - 149	45 - 87		
		> 19 Years	40 - 129	35 - 104	Abitcht et al. (2001)	
Alanine Aminotransferase	U/L	All	10 - 50	10 - 35	Klauke et al. (1993)	
Aspartate Aminotransferase	U/L	All	10 - 50	10 - 35	Klauke et al. (1993)	
		0 -10 Days		- 2.60		
		10 Days - 2 Years	2.25	- 2.75	]	
		2 - 12 Years	2.20 - 2.70			
Calcium	mmol/L	12 - 18 Years	2.10 - 2.55		Wu et al. (2006)	
		18 - 60 Years	2.15 - 2.50		_	
		60 - 90 Years	2.20		_	
		> 90 Years	2.05	- 2.40		
Chloride	mmol/L	All	98 -	107	Tietz et al. (2001)	
Cholesterol	mmol/L	All	< 5	5.2	Clinical Practice Guidelines, Management of Dyslipidemia, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition (2023)	
		0 – 1 Month	27	- 77		
		1 Month – 1 Year		- 34	1	
		1 - 3 Years	15	- 31	1	
		3 - 5 Years	23 -	- 37	1	
		5 - 7 Years	25 -	- 42	Schlebusch et al. (2001)	
O constitution		7 - 9 Years	30	- 47	1	
Creatinine	umol/L	9 - 11 Years	29	- 56	1	
		11 - 13 Years	39	- 60	]	
		13 - 15 Years	40	- 68	]	
		15 - 50 Years				
		50 - 70 Years	59 - 104	45 - 84	Mazzachi et al. (2000)	
		>70 Years				
GGT	U/L	All	< 60	< 40	Thomas et al. (2005)	

TEST	UNIT	AGE	REFERENCE INTERVAL MALE FEMALE	REFERENCE
			Fasting blood glucose interpretation:	
			- Normal: 3.9 – 6.0 mmol/L (70 - 108 mg/dL)	
Glucose	Mmol/L	All	- Impaired Fasting Glucose (Pre-diabetes): 6.1 - 6.9 mmol/L (110 - 125 mg/dL)	
			*Recommend Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (OGTT) for glucose level 6.1 - 6.9 mmol/L	
			** Individual with pre- diabetes is more likely to progress to Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus and associated with a higher lifetime risk for development of cardiovascular complication.	Clinical Practice Guidelines,
			- Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: ≥ 7.0 mmol/L (126 mg/dL).	Management of Type 2 DM, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition (2020)
			Random blood glucose interpretation:	
			- Normal: < 7.8 mmol/L (140 mg/dL)	
			- Indeterminate: 7.8 - 11.0 (140 – 199) mg/dL	
			*Recommend Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (OGTT) for glucose level 7.8 - 11.0 mmol/L.	
			- Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: ≥ 11.1 mmol/L (200 mg/dL)	
HBA1c	%	All	< 5.7	Clinical Practice Guidelines, Management of Type 2 DM, 6th Edition (2020)
HDL Cholesterol	mmol/L	All	> 1.00 > 1.20	Clinical Practice Guidelines, Management of Dyslipidemia, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition (2023)
LDL Cholesterol	mmol/L	All	According to patient's CV risk:	Clinical Practice Guidelines, Management of Dyslipidemia, 6th Edition (2023)

			REFERENC	E INTERVAL		
TEST	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE	
			Low CV Risk	: < 3.0		
			mmol/L			
			Intermediate (Moderate)			
			CV Risk: < 2.	6 mmol/L		
			High CV Risk	c: ≤ 1.8		
			_	a reduction of		
			>50% from b	aseline		
			Very High C	V Risk: ≤ 1.4		
			mmol/L and a	a reduction of		
			>50% from	n baseline		
			risk:	patient's CV		
			Low CV Risk mmol/L	: < 3.8		
			Intermediate CV Risk: < 3.		Clinical Practice Guidelines,	
Non-HDL Cholesterol	mmol/L	All			Management of Dyslipidemia,	
Cholesterol			High CV Risk		6 <sup>th</sup> Edition (2023)	
			mmol/L and a reduction of >50% from baseline			
			Very High C\	/ Risk: ≤ 2.2 a reduction of		
			>50% from baseline			
<u> </u>					T (0004)	
Potassium	mmol/L	All		- 5.1	Tietz et al. (2001)	
		0-30 Days	1.25 - 2.25	1.40 - 2.50		
		1 Month - 1 Year 1-3 Years	1.15 - 2.15 1.00 - 1.95	1.20 - 2.10 1.10 - 1.95		
		3-6 Years	1.00 - 1.95	1.10 - 1.95		
Phosphate	mmol/L	6-9 Years	0.95 - 1.75	1.00 - 1.80	Soldin et al. (2005)	
Thoophato	I IIIIIOI, E	9-12 Years	1.05 - 1.85	1.05 - 1.70		
		12-15 Years	0.95 - 1.65	0.90 - 1.55		
		15-18 Years	0.85 - 1.60	0.80 - 1.55		
		> 18 Years	0.81 - 1.45	0.81 - 1.45	Burtis et al. (2006)	
Sodium	mmol/L	All	136	- 145	Tietz et al. (2001)	
		1 Day	< 8	35.5		
		1 - 2 Days	< 13	36.8		
		2 - 3 Days	< 1	71.0	Paediatric Protocols for Malaysian Hospitals, 4th	
		3 - 4 Days		88.1	Edition, 2019.	
Total Bilirubin	umol/L	4 - 14 Days		05.2		
		14 - 28 Days		34.2		
		28 Days - 1 Years		7.1	TI	
		1 - 15 Years		7.1	Thomas et al. (2007)	
		> 15 Years		21.0		
		0 - 7 Days		- 70 - 76		
Total Protein	g/L	7 Days - 7 Months 7 Months - 1 Year		- 76 - 73	Tietz et al. (1995)	
TOTAL FIOLEIII	y/∟	1 - 2 Years		- 73 - 75	1 1612 61 al. (1990)	
		2 - 15 Years		- 73 - 80		
		2 10 1 Gais	00	<del></del>		

TEST	UNIT	Γ AGE	REFERENCE INTERVAL MALE FEMALE		REFERENCE		
1231	CIVIT	AGE			REFERENCE		
		> 15 Years	64	- 83			
Triglycerides	mmol/L	All	< 1.70		< 1.70		Clinical Practice Guidelines, Management of Dyslipidemia, 6th Edition (2023)
	mmol/L	0-30 Days	1.4 - 4.3		1.4 - 4.3		
		30-365 Days	1.4 - 6.8				
Urea		1-18 Years	1.8 - 6.4 2.1 - 7.1 2.9 - 8.2		Wu et al. (2006)		
		18-60 Years			vvu ct al. (2000)		
		> 60 Years					
		0-30 Days	119 - 369		Mosby 's Diagnostics and		
Liria Asid	umol/L	1 Month - 1 Year	149 - 327				Laboratory Test Reference, 12
Uric Acid		1-18 Years	149 - 327				149 - 327 edition, (
		>18 Years	202 - 417	143 - 339	Thefeld et al. (1973)		

# APPENDIX 5 – SEROLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY REFERENCE INTERVAL

TEST	UNIT			E INTERVAL	REFERENCE	
			MALE	FEMALE		
		0 - 6 Days	0.70 -	20.00		
	mIU/L	6 Days - 3 Months	0.72 - 12.70		Roche Diagnostics GmbH.	
Thyroid		3 Months - 1 Years	0.73 - 8.92		Reference intervals for chidren	
stimulating		1 - 6 Years	0.69 - 5.89		and adults. Elecsys Thyroid tests. (2020)	
hormone		6 - 11 Years	0.60 - 4.66			
		11 - 20 Years	0.51 -	4.17		
		> 20 Years	0.27 - 4.20		Wu et al. (2006)	
		0 – 1 Years	<15			
IgE	IU/mL	1 – 5 Years	<(	60	Dati et al. (1982)	
		> 5 Years	<1	00		

# APPENDIX 6 – HAEMATOLOGY REFERENCE INTERVAL

TEST	UNIT	AGE	REFERENC	E INTERVAL	REFERENCE
1531	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE
	-	0 - 3 Days	47	- 62	
		3 - 7 Days	42	- 62	
		1 - 2 Weeks	38	- 70	John Hunter Hospital (2017)
		2 - 4 Weeks	32	- 54	
		1 - 3 Months	27	- 39	
Haematocrit	%	3 - 6 Months	28	- 45	
паеттаюсті	76	6 - 12 Months	29	- 40	
		1 - 5 Years	32	- 41	
		5 - 10 Years	35	- 45	
		10 - 15 Years	35	- 48	
		15 - 18 Years	36 - 46	36 - 46	
		>18 Years	38 - 52	32 - 46	
		0 - 3 Days	14.0	- 22.5	
		3 - 7 Days	13.5	- 20.5	
	g/dL	1 - 2 Weeks	12.5 - 20.5		
		2 - 4 Weeks	10.1 - 18.3		
		1 - 3 Months	9.5 -	13.0	
		3 - 6 Months	9.5 -	14.0	
Hemogobulin (HB)		6 - 12 Months	9.8 -	13.5	John Hunter Hospital (2017)
(112)		1 - 3 Years	10.5	- 13.8	
		3 - 5 Years	11.0 - 13.9		
		5 - 10 Years	11.5 - 14.0		
		10 - 15 Years	11.5	- 15.0	
		15 - 18 Years	13.0 - 16.0	12.0 - 15.0	
		>18 Years	13.0 - 18.0	11.5 - 16.5	
		0 - 3 Days	31 -	- 37	
		3 - 7 Days	28	- 40	
		1 - 2 Weeks	28 -	- 40	
		2 - 4 Weeks	28	- 40	
		1 - 3 Months	23 -	- 31	
Mean		3 - 6 Months	24 -	- 36	
Corpuscular Haemoglobin	pg	6 - 12 Months	22 -	- 29	John Hunter Hospital (2017)
(MCH)		1 - 3 Years	22 -	- 30	
		3 - 5 Years	24	- 30	
		5 - 10 Years	24	- 31	
		10 - 15 Years	25	- 33	
		15 - 18 Years	25	- 35	
		>18 Years	27	- 32	

			REFERENC	E INTERVAL			
TEST	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE		
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin Concentration (MCHC)	g/dL	All	31	- 37	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
		0 - 3 Days	100	- 135			
		3 - 7 Days	100	- 120			
		1 - 2 Weeks	85 -	110			
		2 - 4 Weeks	85 -	110			
		1 - 3 Months	73 -	103			
Mean		3 - 6 Months	70	- 85			
Corpuscular	fL	6 - 12 Months	70	- 84	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
Volume		1 - 3 Years	70	- 88			
		3 - 5 Years	72	- 89			
		5 - 10 Years	75	- 90			
		10 - 15 Years	77 -	- 95			
		15 - 18 Years	78	- 95			
		>18 Years	80 - 100				
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	fL	0 - 200 Years	7.0 -	12.0	Keohane et al. (2016)		
Platelet	10³/uL	0 - 200 Years	150	- 400	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
		0 - 3 Days	5.0	- 7.0			
		3 - 7 Days	4.5 - 6.5				
		1 - 2 Weeks	4.0 - 6.0		4.0 - 6.0		
		2 - 4 Weeks	3.5	- 5.5			
		1 - 3 Months	3.0	- 4.5			
		3 - 6 Months	3.0	- 4.8			
Red Blood Cells	10 <sup>12</sup> /L	6 - 12 Months	3.2	- 4.5	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
		1 - 3 Years	3.5	- 4.8			
		3 - 5 Years	3.5	- 4.8			
		5 - 10 Years	3.5	- 4.8			
		10 - 15 Years	3.5	- 4.8			
		15 - 18 Years	4.5 - 5.5	4.0 - 5.2			
		>18 Years	4.5 - 6.5	3.8 - 5.8			
		0 - 7 Days		8.0			
		7 - 30 Days	< 1	17.0			
		1 - 3 Months	< 1	16.5			
Red Distribution	%	3 - 12 Months		< 16.0 John Hunter Hospital (2017)			
Wide		1 - 3 Years		16.0	. ` ` ′		
		3 - 18 Years		5.6			
		>18 Years					
		- 10 1 Cais	< 15.6				

			REFERENC	E INTERVAL	<b>DE</b>	
TEST	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE	
		0 - 3 Days		30.0		
		3 - 7 Days	5.0 - 21.0			
		1 - 2 Weeks	5.0 -	19.5		
		2 - 4 Weeks	5.0 -	19.0		
		1 - 3 Months	6.0 -	18.0		
M/L'S - Discol		3 - 6 Months	5.0 -	17.0		
White Blood Cells	10³/uL	6 - 12 Months	4.3 -	17.0	John Hunter Hospital (2017)	
000		1 - 3 Years	4.7 -	15.2		
		3 - 5 Years	4.8 -	13.6		
		5 - 10 Years	5.0 -	14.5		
		10 - 15 Years	4.5 -	13.5		
		15 - 18 Years		11.5		
		>18 Years		11.0		
		0-4 Days	34.2 - 76.3	33.2 - 75.8		
		4-7 Days	20.4 - 59.7	23.2 - 66.2		
		7-14 Days	21.7 - 62.2	20.1 - 57.2		
		14-30 Days	16.6 - 55.7	18.6 - 61.8		
		1-2 Months	16.0 - 63.0	17.8 - 62.0	Tahmasebi et al. (2020)	
Neutrophils	%	2-6 Months	13.2 - 51.5	17.5 - 61.0	-	
		6-24 Months	15.8 - 71.4	17.2 - 60.2		
		2-6 Years	23.2 - 69.1	23.3 - 70.4		
		6-12 Years	28.4 - 71.3	27.6 - 70.9		
		12-18 Years	32.2 - 73.1	35.7 - 72.7	Decis and Lewis 44th	
		> 18 Years	40.0 - 80.0	40.0 -80.0	Dacie and Lewis , 11th Edition(2012)	
		0-4 Days	15.6 - 40.2	15.0 - 48.2		
		4-7 Days	30.1 - 57.9	19.2 - 57.8		
		7-14 Days	25.2 - 60.6	30.2 - 61.3		
		14-30 Days	34.1 - 64.4	34.0 - 65.0		
		1-2 Months	27.9 - 66.4	30.9 - 64.5	Tahmasebi et al.	
Lymphocytes	%	2-6 Months	37.6 - 76.4	24.4 - 73.9	(2020)	
Lymphocytes	/0	6-24 Months	17.6 - 73.0	29.1 - 73.9		
		2-6 Years	16.6 - 65.4	17.6 - 66.4		
		6-12 Years	14.3 - 58.8	13.8 - 59.9		
		12-18 Years	14.0 - 53.3	15.0 - 52.4		
		> 18 Years	20.0 - 40.0	20.0 - 40.0	Dacie and Lewis , 11th Edition(2012)	
		0-14 Days	6.7 - 19.9	5.2 - 20.6	, ,	
		14-30 Days	4.3 - 18.3	5.6 - 13.8		
		1-2 Months	4.4 - 14.0	3.8 - 15.5	Sysmex Europe GmbH,	
		2-6 Months	3.8 - 13.4	3.8 - 12.6	Sysmex Paediatric reference	
Monocytes	%	6-24 Months	4.4 - 13.4	3.8 - 12.8	intervals on Sysmex XE-2100 Haematological Analyser	
	"	2-6 Years	4.2 - 12.2	4.1 - 11.4	(2010)	
		6-12 Years	4.2 - 12.3	4.2 - 11.3		
		12-18 Years	4.4 - 12.3	4.1 - 10.9		
		> 18 Years	2.0 - 10.0	2.0 - 10.0	Dacie and Lewis , 11th Edition(2012)	

TEOT	LINUT	405	REFERENC	E INTERVAL	DEFEDENCE	
TEST	UNIT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	REFERENCE	
		0-14 Days	0.3 - 5.2	0.4 - 4.6		
		14-30 Days	0.2 - 5.4	<5.3	Sysmex Europe GmbH, Sysmex Paediatric reference intervals on Sysmex XE-2100	
		1-2 Months	< 4.5	<4.1		
		2-6 Months	< 4.0	<3.6		
Eosinophils	%	6-24 Months	< 3.7	<3.2	Haematological Analyser	
		2-6 Years	< 4.1	<3.3	(2010)	
		6-12 Years	< 4.7	<4.0		
		12-18 Years	< 4.0	<3.4	Davis and Latin 44th	
		> 18 Years	1.0 - 6.0	1.0 - 6.0	Dacie and Lewis , 11th Edition(2012)	
		0-4 Days	0.2 - 1.0	0.3 - 1.0		
		4-7 Days	0.2 - 1.0	0.2 - 1.1		
		7-14 Days	0.2 - 0.9	0.2 - 0.9		
		14-30 Days	0.1 - 0.7	0.1 - 0.7		
		1-2 Months	0.1 - 0.5	0.1 - 0.7	Tahmasebi et al. ( 2020)	
Basophils	%	2-6 Months	0.1 - 1.2	0.2 - 0.5	1	
·		6-24 Months	0.1 - 1.0	0.1 - 0.8		
		2-6 Years	0.1 - 1.2	0.1 - 1.0		
		6-12 Years	0.2 - 1.2	0.1 - 1.2		
		12-18 Years	0.2 - 1.4	0.1 - 1.2	Dacie and Lewis , 11th	
		> 18 Years	< 2.0	<2.0	Edition(2012)	
		0 - 3 Days		25.00		
		3 - 7 Days	1.50 -	10.00		
		1 - 2 Weeks	1.00	- 9.00		
		2 - 4 Weeks	1.00 - 8.00			
		1 - 3 Months	0.80 - 8.00			
		3 - 6 Months	0.80 - 8.00			
Neutrophils count	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	6 - 12 Months	0.80 - 7.30		John Hunter Hospital (2017)	
Count		1 - 3 Years	0.80 - 6.60			
		3 - 5 Years	1.00 - 7.00		-	
		5 - 10 Years		- 8.00	-	
		10 - 15 Years		- 8.00		
		15 - 18 Years		- 8.00		
		>18 Years	2.00	- 8.00		
		0 - 3 Days		11.00		
		3 - 7 Days		17.00		
		1 - 2 Weeks	1	15.00		
		2 - 4 Weeks	<b>†</b>	13.00		
		1 - 3 Months	+	10.00		
		3 - 6 Months	+	13.00		
Lymphocytes	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	6 - 12 Months	1	10.80	John Hunter Hospital (2017)	
count	.5,42	1 - 3 Years	+	- 9.60	- 100ptal (2017)	
		3 - 5 Years		- 7.40		
		5 - 10 Years	+	10.00		
		10 - 15 Years		- 7.00		
		15 - 18 Years	1	- <i>1</i> .00 - 4.00		
		>18 Years	+	- 4.00 - 4.00		
		>10 TEdIS	1.00	4.00		

TEST	UNIT	AGE	REFERENCE INTERVAL		REFERENCE		
1201	ONT	AGE	MALE	FEMALE	KEI EKENGE		
		0 - 7 Days	0.10	- 1.70			
		1 - 4 Weeks	0.10 - 1.70				
		1 - 3 Months	0.10	- 1.20			
		3 - 6 Months	0.20	- 1.20			
Monocytes count	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	6 - 12 Months	< 1	.80	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
worldcytes count	10%uL	1 - 3 Years	< 1	.20	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
		3 - 5 Years	< 1	.00			
		5 - 10 Years	0.20	- 1.20			
		10 - 18 Years	0.20	- 1.00			
		>18 Years	0.20	- 1.00			
		0 - 7 Days	0.10	- 1.10			
	10³/uL	7 - 30 Days	0.10 - 1.10				
		1 - 6 Months	0.10 - 1.10				
		6 - 12 Months	< 0.90				
Eosinophils count		1 - 3 Years	< 0.90		John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
oo an		3 - 5 Years	< 1.10		< 1.10		
		5 - 15 Years	0.10 - 1.10				
		15 - 18 Years	0.10 - 0.70		0.10 - 0.70		
		>18 Years	< 0	.50			
		0 - 7 Days	< 0	.20			
		7 - 30 Days	< 0	.20			
Basophils count	10 <sup>3</sup> /uL	1 - 12 Months	< 0	.20	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
basoprilis courit	10%uL	1 - 15 Years	< 0	.20	John Hunter Hospital (2017)		
		15 - 18 Years	< 0	.10			
		>18 Years	< 0	.10			
		0 -50 Years	< 10	< 12			
ESR	mm/hr	50 -60 Years	< 12	< 19	Dacie and Lewis , 11th		
LOIX	111111/111	60 -70 Years	< 14	< 20	Edition(2012)		
		> 70 Years	< 30	< 35			

## **END OF DOCUMENT**

